Technical Guide



Vista Manager EX v3.7.x

User Guide

Introduction

Vista Manager EX[™] is a graphical network monitoring and management tool for Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework[™] (AMF) networks. Vista Manager EX automatically creates a complete topology map from an AMF network of switches, firewalls and wireless access points (APs). Vista Manager EX facilitates simple management of many, or all, network devices from a dashboard that gives you a central overview of your network. From the dashboard you can monitor up-to-date network status, and take action to resolve any network problems.

About this Guide

This Guide describes how to use Vista Manager EX, with optional plug-ins. It is intended for computer system administrators and network engineers using Vista Manager EX. You can obtain Vista Manager EX either on a hardware platform:

 VST-APL [APL]: An application running on Vista Manager Network Appliance (VST-APL) hardware. This Guide also describes setting up Vista Manager on a VST-APL.

or as one of the following software deployments:

- VST-VRT [VRT]: An application in Vista Manager Virtual (VST-VRT) deployed on VirtualBox 6.1. This Guide describes how to set up Vista Manager EX on VST-VRT. For information about using VST-VRT, including deploying it on VirtualBox, see the Vista Manager Virtual (VST-VRT User Guide).
- Windows software [WIN]: Software installed directly on a device running Microsoft Windows OS. For installation, see the Vista Manager EX Windows-based Installation Guide.



Virtual Appliance [VA]: A stand-alone Vista Manager virtual appliance deployed on Windows Server 2012 R2 Hyper-V or VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 6.0/6.5/6.7. For installation, see the Vista Manager EX Virtual Appliance Installation Guide. Note that this virtual appliance does not support Vista Manager plug-ins. If you need the plug-ins, use VST-VRT as the virtualized deployment of Vista Manager.

Where there are differences in this Guide, they are indicated by APL, VRT, WIN and VA.

Related documents

For more information, see:

- The Vista Manager web page
- [APL] The Vista Manager Network Appliance (VST-APL) Technical Documents—for information about how to install and use the VST-APL and the applications supported on it.
- [VRT] Vista Manager Virtual (VST-VRT) Technical Documents—for information about how to deploy and use the VST-APL and the applications supported on it.
- [WINIVA] The Vista Manager EX Technical Documents—for information about how to install Vista Manager EX as Windows software or as a virtual appliance on Windows Server 2012 R2 Hyper-V or VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) 6.0/6.5/6.7. This page also shows how to use Vista Manager EX and its optional features.plug-ins.

Planning an AMF network is beyond the scope of this installation guide. The following documents give more information about AMF:

- AMF Feature Overview and Configuration Guide
- AMF Introduction and videos

These documents are available from the links above or on our website at alliedtelesis.com

What Vista Manager EX does

Network operations can be performed directly by navigating from the following tools available from the central dashboard:

Dashboard

Displays your network details and network map including all devices connected to each area. Also shows a 24-hour event history at a glance and a list of color-coded recent events.

Asset Management

Displays a complete list of all devices on the network and allows you to search for specific devices. This list can be filtered by categories or exported. To manage devices, you can create groups, assign icons or view licenses.

Network Map

Displays a graphical topology map of your AMF network. From here you can view pop up details of an area that displays the number of AMF devices, guest devices, device name and IP address. Actions such as backup master, SSH to master, and backup device can be carried out directly from the network map.

Event Log

Displays a list of events that are color-coded red for critical, orange for abnormal and green for normal. Events can be filtered by status.

Service Monitoring

Allows an administrator to learn the status of services running on devices on the network. Configure a monitoring task to run periodically, or to monitor services on demand.

Allied Intent-based Orchestrator

Provides network optimization, automation, management, and visualization. Also offers automation of branch security and WAN bandwidth management.

SD-WAN

Enables you to set acceptable performance metrics for any application, and load-balance traffic to meet requirements. By monitoring VPN link quality, time-sensitive or critical traffic is automatically switched over to the optimal link as required.

User Management

Administrator access allows you to add, change or delete Vista Manager EX users.

System Management

Displays various system details such as the current version, serial number, and license information. It also allows you to manage the system configuration, such as SMTP settings.

Vista Manager plug-ins

Optional Vista Manager EX plug-ins are available on:

- Vista Manager Network Appliance (VST-APL). [APL]
- Vista Manager Virtual (VST-VRT). [VRT]
- Windows-based installations [WIN]

Plug-ins are not available on a standalone Vista Manager virtual appliance. [VA]

Vista Manager AWC (Wireless Controller) plug-in

Allied Telesis Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) is an advanced network technology that utilizes game theory to deliver significant improvements in wireless network connectivity and performance. AWC can automatically minimize coverage gaps and reduce Access Point (AP) interference and respond to network configuration changes and bandwidth demands from user devices.

AWC is closely integrated with Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) and is managed by Allied Telesis Vista Manager EX. AWC is available as an optional plug-in to Vista Manager.

For documentation on how to use the AWC plug-in, see the AWC Plug-in User Guide on the Vista Manager User Guide web page.

Vista Manager SNMP plug-in

The Vista Manager SNMP plug-in can acquire detailed information and statistics from a broad range of networking devices. Different views enable users to manage devices the way they prefer. It supports management of up to 2000 devices, and in large networks it automatically searches for SNMP agents and displays each device found in tree form, for an easy view of the overall network topology. The SNMP plug-in is a powerful addition to Vista Manager EX, adding management flexibility by supporting non-AMF devices.

The SNMP plug-in also offers a MIB compiler, and generates a chart based on MIB values. It offers support for iMG devices and basic SNMP management, like alive monitoring and access to the iMG GUI. You can also backup and restore your settings.

The SNMP plug-in is closely managed by Allied Telesis Vista Manager EX and is available as an optional plug-in to Vista Manager.

For documentation on how to use the SNMP plug-in, see the SNMP Plug-in User Guide on the Vista Manager User Guide web page.

Vista Manager Trap Receiver plug-in

The Vista Manager Trap Receiver plug-in allows you to see a wide range of third-party devices and traps received for them.

Contents

Introduction	1
About this Guide	1
What Vista Manager EX does	3
Vista Manager plug-ins	4
Preparing your AMF Network for Vista Manager EX	4
AMF software version compatibility with Vista Manager EX v3.7.x	4
Server requirement	4
Enable the HTTP service on your devices	4
Allow Vista Manager EX to discover the AMF network	5
Configure the AMF log event host	5
Configure certificate for device authentication	5
Connection timeout on masters and controllers	6
Initial Login to Vista Manager EX	7
Log in to Vista Manager EX	7
Registering the plug-ins	11
About Vista Manager EX Licenses	14
Licensed features	14
Managing your licenses	15
Using Vista Manager EX	17
Logging into Vista Manager EX	17
Displaying an overview of your AMF network: the dashboard	18
Navigating around Vista Manager: the left-hand menu	19
Displaying sites and devices: the integrated map	20
Network links and icons displayed in the network map	24
Asset Management	30
Managing sites and devices	39
Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM) display	49
Traffic monitoring	52
Advanced traffic monitoring with sFlow	53

Tracepath	57
VLAN management	58
Firmware management	61
Configuration management	64
Using the event log	66
High priority events	68
Creating event filter rules	70
Using the syslog server	71
AMF Security (AMF-Sec) support	78
Service monitoring	80
HTTPS access to Vista Manager EX	83
Managing user accounts	86
Managing the Vista Manager EX system	88
Changing the AMF system configuration settings	89
Changing the Vista Manager EX controller IP address	90
Backup Vista Manager EX	90

Using the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator	92
Introduction	92
Dynamic Connection	93
Internet Breakout	96
Application Priority	100
Security	104

Using the SD-WAN Feature	108
Introduction	108
Limitations	108
Configuring devices for SD-WAN	109
Dashboard	113
Topology map	116
Linkmon probes	120
SD-WAN rules	121
Monitoring	128
DPI statistics	130

Application reconfiguration support	130
DPI learning and application sharing	

Troubleshooting	139
Ports used by Vista	139
Clear browser cache	139
Allow Vista Manager EX to discover the AMF network	139
x930 Expansion Module	140
Vista Manager and RMON	140
Testing Windows server [WIN]	140
Reboot AMF master/controller after configuring certificates	141
Problems adding plug-ins	141
SNMP plug-in application pool settings [WIN]	141
De-register the AWC plug-in on large wireless networks	143
Unexpected Communication Error during installation	144
Syslog generation for AMF guest devices	144
Unable to enter Master/Controller IP address after skipping license page [APL]	145

Supported Device List	147
AlliedWare Plus devices	.147
Allied Telesis Wireless APs	.149

Preparing your AMF Network for Vista Manager EX

Vista Manager allows you to monitor and manage your AMF network. Before you can use Vista Manager, you need to configure your AMF network. This chapter does not describe how to set up an AMF network. For step-by step instructions, see the AMF Feature Overview and Configuration Guide. This section describes how to prepare your existing AMF network for use with Vista Manager EX.

[APLIVRT] On VST-APL and VST-VRT, the AMF Master may be the AMF Cloud application on the same VST-APL that the Vista Manager application is running on, or it may be a remote device.

AMF software version compatibility with Vista Manager EX v3.7.x

- All AMF devices must run version 5.5.0-2.x or later.
- If any of your Controller or Master devices are running 5.5.0-2.x, then all other devices must run 5.5.0-1.1 or later.
- If your AMF Master device is running 5.5.0-0.x, then all other devices must also run 5.5.0-0.x (not 5.5.0-1.x or 5.5.0-2.x).
- If your AMF Master device is running 5.5.0-2.x, then member devices can run 5.5.0-0.x or 5.5.0-1.x.

Server requirement

Vista Manager EX needs to be installed on a server or appliance that has connectivity to your AMF master or controller.

Enable the HTTP service on your devices

To use Vista Manager EX, you must enable the HTTP service on all AMF devices, including all AMF masters and controllers. Some AlliedWare Plus devices are shipped with the HTTP service disabled by default. Ensure that it is enabled on all devices that you want to manage with Vista Manager EX.

To enable the HTTP service, use the commands:

```
awplus# configure terminal
awplus(config)# service http
```

You can use an AMF working set command to configure this option on all your devices:

awplus# atmf working-set group all
AMF[10]# configure terminal
AMF[10](config)# service http

Allow Vista Manager EX to discover the AMF network

Run the following commands on your AMF controller (if you have one in your network) and all AMF masters to allow Vista Manager EX to discovery your AMF network:

```
awplus# configure terminal
awplus(config)# atmf topology-gui enable
```

Configure the AMF log event host

If the AMF controller or AMF master you intend to register with Vista Manager EX is configured to send event notifications to Vista Manager EX, then Vista Manager EX will display them on its dashboard and event log page.

This command need only be run on the AMF controller/master registered with Vista Manager EX:

awplus# configure terminal awplus(config)# log event-host <vista-manager-ip-addr> atmf-topology-event

Note: The IP address is the address of the server that Vista Manager EX is running on.

where <vista-manager-ip-addr> is the IP address of the Vista Manager EX instance.

Note: The AMF controller/master you intend to register with Vista Manager EX must have layer 3 connectivity to Vista Manager EX server.

Configure certificate for device authentication

Vista Manager is able to be configured to use a certificate to authenticate communication within your AMF network. Once the AMF controller/master has been configured, this process is automatic, and allows the controller/master to authenticate and connect to any device in the network without requiring a username and password.

Note: Using this feature is optional, but highly recommended. If you do not configure this option, you will need to ensure that all devices in the AMF network to be managed by Vista Manager have the same username and password as the AMF controller/master.

To configure your AMF network to use certificate authentication, enter the following commands on your AMF controller/master:

```
awplus# configure terminal
awplus(config)# crypto pki trustpoint <trustpoint-name>
awplus(ca-trustpoint)# enrollment selfsigned
awplus(ca-trustpoint)# rsakeypair <key-name>
awplus(ca-trustpoint)# exit
awplus(config)# exit
awplus# crypto pki authenticate <trustpoint-name>
awplus# crypto pki enroll <trustpoint-name>
awplus# configure terminal
awplus(config)# atmf trustpoint <trustpoint-name>
```

- Note: Save this configuration and reboot your AMF controller/master after running the **atmf trustpoint** command for this change to take affect.
- Note: In an AMF network with multiple areas, this process only needs to be carried out on the controller/master. It does not need to be repeated on each individual area's master.

This functionality is disabled by default, but it is recommended that it is enabled. If you need to turn this feature on or off, this can be done from Vista Manager configuration settings:

Use certificates (recommended):	
Use password if certificate fails:	

The **Use password if certificate fails** option can also be enabled. When it is turned **On**, if the certificate authentication fails, it will revert to using the username and password to authenticate. This will only work if all devices have been configured with the same username and password as the controller/master, as mentioned above.

Connection timeout on masters and controllers

We recommend not changing the session timeout on your Vista Manager master or controller using the **line vty exec-timeout** command. If you do decide to change it, it should not be set to **0**, as this may result in sessions that can't be reached and never time out.

Initial Login to Vista Manager EX

This section describes logging in and initial setup for Vista Manager EX.

[APL] Before setting up Vista Manager EX on the VST-APL, you need to activate and start the Vista Manager application on the VST-APL. For information about using the VST-APL, including activating applications, see the Vista Manager Network Appliance (VST-APL) User Guide.

[VRT] Before setting up Vista Manager EX on VST-VRT, you need to deploy the VST-VRT. For deployment and configuration information for VST-VRT, see the Vista Manager Virtual (VST-APL) User Guide.

[WINIVA] For installation instructions, see the Vista Manager EX™ Installation Guides.

This section describes:

- "Log in to Vista Manager EX" on page 7
- "Registering the plug-ins" on page 11

Note that dialog boxes in this section are from a VST-APL. In most cases, the dialog boxes are the same for all Vista Manager platforms.

Log in to Vista Manager EX

[APLIVRT] To connect remotely, use your browser to go to the URL:

http://<ip-address>

where <ip-address> is the address of the Vista Manager application. This is the IP address you assigned statically to Vista Manager or that you set it to obtain by DHCP when configuring the application. You can find this IP address by hovering over the instance information icon for the Vista Manager application in the VST-APL or VST-VRT GUI.

[WIN] To connect locally, you can use the URL:

http://localhost:5000

To connect remotely, use the URL:

http://<ip-address>:5000

where <ip-address> is the address you assigned on the Registration Server IP Address dialog.

[VA] To connect remotely, use the URL:

http://<ip-address>

where <ip-address> is the address displayed on the Vista Manager EX appliance console screen after it boots.

Note: Vista Manager requires JavaScript to be enabled in your web browser.

From the Vista Manager Login dialog:

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX	
Vista Manager EX Login	
Lusername:	Enter the Username manager
Password:	Enter the Password friend
Remember me	Click Login

The Set Up Your Vista Manager account dialog displays:

Step 1	I: Set Up Your Vist	a Manager account	
Creat	te your Vista Mana	ager account details:	
	Username:	manager	Enter your Username
ô	Password:		Enter your Password
Pass	Confirm word:		 Re-enter your Password to Confirm
	Email:	user@company.com	Enter your Email
		If you forget your login details we will contact you via this email.	Click Next.
		upload existing profile backup Next	If you want to use a backup to restore a previous database, click upload
			existing profile backup.

[APL] The Optionally Use Trial Licenses dialog displays:

Alli	ed Telesis	Vista Manager™ EX	
Step 2: Optionally Use Trial Licenses			
The trial license will provide full access to all Vista Manager EX plugins for 90 days.			
Would you like to enable the 90 day trial license?			
Use 90 day trial license	Skip this step	<u>Upload ba</u>	<u>ckup file</u>

On the VST-APL, you can click Skip this step.

No license is required on the VST-APL for Vista Manager EX or the Trap Receiver plug-in. If you select the 90-day trial, you need to install your licenses before the end of that trial. See "About Vista Manager EX Licenses" on page 14.

[VRTIWINIVA] The Upload License File dialog displays:

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX	
Step 2: Upload License File	
Please upload your Vista Manager EX licenses file. The licenses file you provided should be associated with the following Vista Manager EX serial number.	Otherwise, install your licenses now by selecting the license file, or select the 90-day trial.
Serial Number: 610b416b-1d86-4f68-a30c-29cd130dc567 Select License File: Choose File No file chosen	If you select the 90-day trial, you need
Select License File: No file chosen If you do not have a license file, please contact Allied Telesis.	to install your licenses before the end of that trial. See "About Vista Manager EX Licenses" on page 14.
Use 90 day trial license upload backup file Next >	Click Next.

- Note: If your licenses file is not associated with the Serial Number listed in your dialog or you do not have a license file, then contact your authorized Allied Telesis support center to obtain a license.
- Note: If this is the first time you are using Vista Manager EX, you have the option to apply the 90 day trial license for other licensed features, such as the AWC plug-in and the AIO feature, by clicking **Use 90 day trial license**. On the VST-APL, the base Vista Manager EX license will continue to work after 90 days if you choose this option.

The Set Up Your Network dialog displays:

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX	
Step 3: Set Up Your Network	
Enter AMF Network Master or Controller IPv4 or IPv6 Address or Domain Name:	 Enter the IP Address for the AMF Master or Controller [APLIVRT] The AMF Master may be
Enter AMF Network Master or Controller Username and Password:	the AMF Cloud application on this VST-APL or VST-VRT deployment, or it may be any other AMF Master or Controller.
Password:	Enter the AMF Controller or Master Username
skip network setup Upload backup file Next	 Enter the AMF Controller or Master Password

The Set Up Your SMTP settings dialog displays.

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX	
Step 4: Set Up Your SMTP settings	
Enter the address of SMTP server, which will be used by Vista Manager EX to send notifications to users. SMTP server IP address:	Enter the IP Address of your SMTP server
SMTP Server Port	You may also enter:
	the SMTP Server Port
Enter your SMTP server's username and password: Username:	
	■ the SMTP Server Username
Password:	
	the SMTP Server Password
☑ Send mail as:	the Send mail as email address

You will receive a message saying that the set up is successful.

Registering the plug-ins

[APLIVRTIWIN] The AWC and SNMP (full) plug-ins require separate subscription licenses from Vista Manager. See "Log in to Vista Manager EX" on page 7 and "About Vista Manager EX Licenses" on page 14 for details.

After you have successfully logged in to Vista Manager EX, to set up the plug-ins, select **System Management** from the **Vista Manager EX** menu:

System Management								
About Configuration	Network Configuration	Database Management	Licenses	Plug-ins				
Vista Manager EX								
Version:					3.5.0			
Build:					20201108_0103			
Serial Number:								
Base License Expire:					2023-01-08			
		Manage Lice	enses Man	nage Plug-ins	Tech Support			

Click Manage Plug-ins to display the Plug-in Management dialog:

Plug-in Management		
Vista Manager's Certificate Fingerprints		Regenerate Certificate
SHA1		
D8:FF:B5:66:F4:1		
SHA256		
A3:22:74:C9:55:C5		
Plug-ins	Register Plug-in	Add Plug-in
AWC Plug-in		
SNMP Plug-in		

AWC 1. Click **Add Plug-in** and enter the following details for the AWC plug-in:

Server URL: https://<ip-address>:5443/wireless_plugin

where <ip-address> is the IP address of the Wireless Controller (AWC) plug-in application.

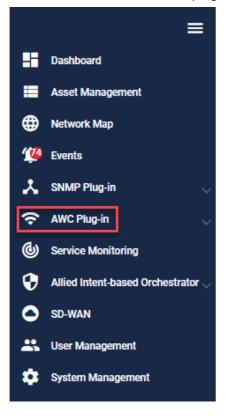
- 2. Click Verify Connection
- 3. Click Save.

plug-in

The following information message is displayed showing that the plug-in has been updated:

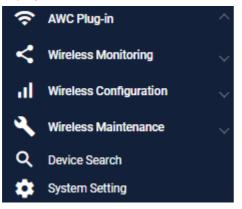


You can now access the AWC plug-in from the Vista Manager EX menu as follows:





There is now a **Wireless** icon on the Vista Manager EX menu. When you click on this icon it will display the AWC menu items.



SNMP 1. Click Add Plug-in and enter the following details for the SNMP (full) or Trap Receiver plug-in: plug-in
Server URL: https://<ip-address>:6443/NetManager

where <ip-address> is the IP address of the SNMP or Trap Receiver plug-in application.

- 2. Click Verify Connection
- 3. Click Save.

The following information message is displayed showing that the plug-in has been updated:

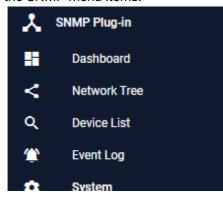


You can now access the SNMP plug-in from the Vista Manager EX menu as follows:





There is now a **SNMP** icon on the Vista Manager EX menu. When you click on this icon it will display the SNMP menu items.



About Vista Manager EX Licenses

Licensed features

[APL] Vista Manager EX base license is enabled by default on the VST-APL. Licenses for optional features and plug-ins are applied during the Vista Manager EX software installation procedure. Download the license file from the Allied Telesis download center. Subscription licenses are tied to the Vista Manager database and are maintained across backups and restores.

You can install multiple plug-in licenses (for the same feature) each with their own license period. This allows you to manage a total number of devices equal to the sum of the devices of the active licenses. For example, if you have two SNMP plug-in licenses installed, each for 10 devices, you will be able to manage a total of 20 devices through the SNMP plug-in.

After clearing the Vista Manager database:

- Trial licenses are retained.
- Non-trial licenses are lost. (Licenses are tied to a serial number; initialization loses the old serial number and generates a new one.)

If you import a backup, the serial number and any licenses are tied to the backup.

[VRTIWIN] Vista Manager EX licensing is subscription based. Download the license file from the Allied Telesis download center. The base license file is applied during the Vista Manager software installation procedure. Subscription licenses are tied to the Vista Manager database and are maintained across backups and restores. If, however, you reinitialize the database you will need to get a new license file.

The base license and optional plug-in licenses have separate license periods. If the base license expires, the optional features will not be available, even if they are still licensed.

You can install multiple plug-in licenses (for the same feature) each with their own license period. This allows you to manage a total number of devices equal to the sum of the devices of the active licenses. For example, if you have two SNMP plug-in licenses installed, each for 10 devices, you will be able to manage a total of 20 devices through the SNMP plug-in.

[VA] Vista Manager EX licensing is subscription based. Download the license file from the Allied Telesis download center. The base license file is applied during the Vista Manager software installation procedure. Subscription licenses are tied to the Vista Manager database and are maintained across backups and restores. If, however, you reinitialize the database you will need to get a new license file.

Managing your licenses

The initial login procedure includes installation of licenses or the option to select the 90-day trial license. For instructions, see "Log in to Vista Manager EX" on page 7.

To add a new license to Vista Manager EX, or view existing licenses, select System Management.

	Allied Telesis Vista Manager EX		Q Search network	🕒 manager 🗸
== ==	System Management			Tech Support
()	About Configuration Network Configuration	Database Management Licen	ises Plugins	
4 ⁶⁰ 奈	Vista Manager EX	About SM	ТР	
x	Version:	SMTP Server 3.6.0	r Address:	
୍ଷ	Build:	20210514_1342 SMTP Server	r Port	
♀●	Serial Number: Base License Expire:	25		
		Username: Enter user	name	
*	Device GUI	Password:		
	Version:	2.8.0 Send mail as		
	Build:	20210423_1329		
	Language			Edit details
	Event Language:			
	English			
		Edit details		

To display your current licenses, click the **Manage Licenses** button. To add a new license click the **Update Licenses** button and select the required license file to upload.

Allied Telesis Vista Manager EX							work	\rm e mana
cense Management								Update Licer
Vista Manager EX Licenses								
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Vista Manager EX		Vista Manag	ger EX Base License					
Allied Intent-based Orchestrator					Allied Int	ent-based Orche	strator License	
AWC Plugin	A	WC Plugin - Acc	cess Points License	d: 10				
AWC Smart Connect			A۱	VC Smart Conr	ect - Access Poin	ts Licensed: 90		
AWC Channel Blanket					AWC Channel	Blanket - Access	Points Licensed:	10
SNMP Plugin				SNMP Plug	in License			

[APL] On the VST-APL, the Vista Manager EX base license is enabled by default. It is not shown in the graph. A note on the page indicates this.

For more information on licensing options and plug-ins see the Vista Manager EX Datasheet.

90-day trial license

As long as you are using Vista Manager EX for the first time, you can use a 90 day trial license. A trial license is only available on new installations. It is not available on systems that have been previously licensed, or systems restored from backups that have been previously licensed.

[APL] On the VST-APL, the base Vista Manager EX license is enabled by default, and does not give access to additional features including plug-ins. If you choose the 90-day trial license during login, this gives full access to additional features available for Vista Manager EX, including the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator (AIO), and the plug-ins. There is no grace period after the license expires, but you will receive expiry notifications at 28, 21, 14, 7, and 1 day/s before expiry. You can add a purchased license on the license management page at any time before the trial has finished.

[VRTIWIN] The 90-day trial license gives full access to Vista Manager EX, the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator, and the plug-ins. There is no grace period after the license expires, but you will receive expiry notifications at 28, 21, 14, 7, and 1 day/s before expiry. You can add a purchased license on the license management page at any time before the trial has finished.

[VA] The 90-day trial license gives full access to Vista Manager EX and the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator. There is no grace period after the license expires, but you will receive expiry notifications at 28, 21, 14, 7, and 1 day/s before expiry. You can add a purchased license on the license management page at any time before the trial has finished.

Using Vista Manager EX

Logging into Vista Manager EX

[APLIVRT] To connect remotely, use your browser to go to the URL:

http://<ip-address>

where <ip-address> is the address of the Vista Manager application. This is the IP address you assigned statically to the Vista Manager application or that you set it to obtain by DHCP when configuring the application. You can find this IP address by hovering over the instance information icon for the Vista Manager application in the VST-APL or VST-VRT GUI.

[WIN] To connect locally, you can use the URL:

http://localhost:5000

To connect remotely, use the URL:

http://<ip-address>:5000

where <ip-address> is the address you picked on the Registration Server IP Address dialog.

[VA] To connect remotely, use the URL:

http://<ip-address>

where <ip-address> is the address displayed on the Vista Manager EX appliance console screen after it boots.

The Vista Manager Login dialog displays:

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX	
Vista Manager EX Login	■Enter your Username.
Lusername:	■Enter your Password.
Password:	■Click Login
Remember me	

Change password

- 1. Click on User Management from the menu and select your user name
- 2. Click the Edit button
- 3. Click the Change Password button
- 4. Enter your new password and then re-enter your new password to confirm
- 5. Click the Save button

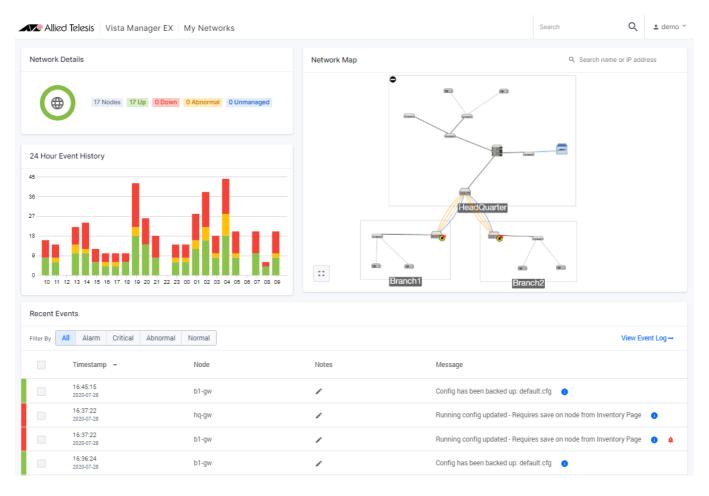
Logout

On any Vista Manager screen, click on your username in the top right-hand corner and select **Logout**.

After logging out the login window will appear.

Displaying an overview of your AMF network: the dashboard

The **Dashboard** is the default screen displayed after you have logged in to Vista Manager EX:



The dashboard displays the following information about your network:

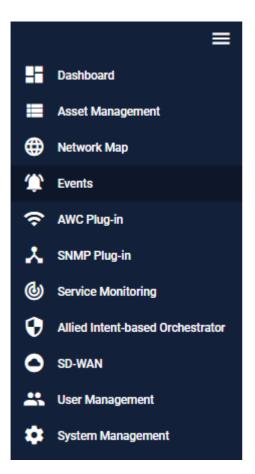
Field	Description
Network Details	Shows the number of devices and status (up, down, abnormal or unmanaged).
24 Hour Event History	Shows a graph of the last 24 hours of log events history.
Recent Events	Displays time, device and any notes or messages relating to each event.
Network Map	Displays the network topology in graphical form.
Critical Message Bar	The last critical log message is highlighted in a message bar, if critical problems exist.

Navigating around Vista Manager: the left-hand menu

On the left-hand side of every Vista Manager Screen is an expandable **Menu**. The menu enables you to navigate to and from the Dashboard, Asset Management, Network Map, Events, Service Monitoring, Allied Intent-based Orchestrator, SD-WAN, User Management, and System Management. Any optional plug-ins will also appear in the menu.

You can expand or collapse the menu. The expanded menu displays the name of each menu option.

For easy navigation from any window in Vista Manager EX you can access the show/hide **Menu** as follows:



Displaying sites and devices: the integrated map

The dashboard includes an integrated map showing all devices known to Vista Manager on the network. This makes it easier for users to see and visualize what is happening on their network.

⊕

τ

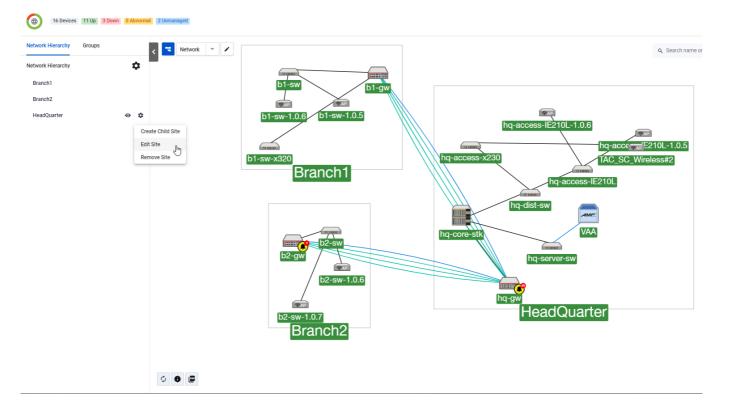
Access the integrated map in its own screen by using the Network Map option in the left-hand menu. From the Network Map you can display details about sites in the network hierarchy and identify the devices in each site.

Click the **Network Hierarchy** icon at the top left of the map screen to display the list of sites. This can be a:

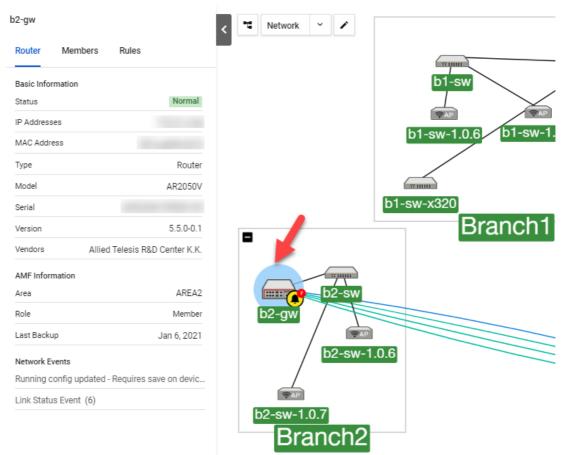
- Location buildings and devices can be assigned to a location.
- Building floors and devices can be assigned to a building.
- Floor devices can be assigned to a floor.

Devices can be assigned to any one of these sites.

From the site side panel, you can also perform functions like **Create**, **Remove**, **Edit**, and **Hide** for each site, as well as create child sites.

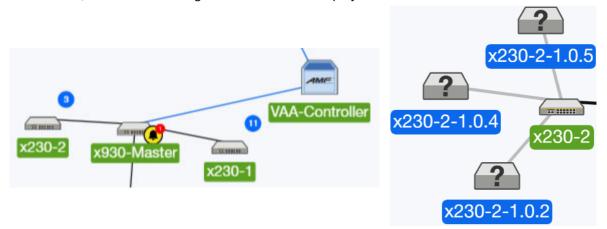


Clicking on a selected device or double clicking on a device will show all the device information as follows:

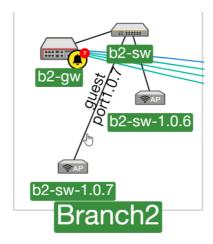


From this view you can check the status of a device at a glance. Status is indicated by the device title background color. Down is red, abnormal is orange and normal is green.

Blue indicates an unmanaged device, which also carries a numbered blue circle tag until further zoomed into, at which time the guest device will be displayed.



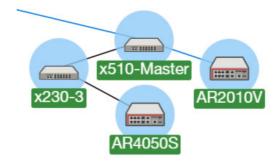
Managed guest devices attached to a device are indicated by grey links. Hovering over a grey link displays the port number.



You can click on the device icons and drag them into different positions on the map.

To select a device or devices, hold **Ctrl** and select each device you want selected. Alternatively, hold **Ctrl**, then click on the area and drag over the devices you want selected.

Selected devices are highlighted in blue as follows:



To remove or create a new site for all selected devices, right-click on them for such options.

To add a device to a site, right-click on a selected device and select Add Device To Site:



For more information on backing up a device, see "Backup a device" on page 39.

For more information on SSH to Master, see "SSH/Shell to a device" on page 40.

Multi-select mode

Enable this button to select multiple devices without holding the **control** or **shift** keys.

Note: The multi-select button will be available on all map modes, except **tracepath** and **tunnel creation**.

(38 Devices	32 Up	6 Do	wn	\frown
>	4	Network	~	1	ð	0
						\bigcirc

With the multi-select button enabled, the side panel appears showing a list of selected devices when more than one device is selected. Click on 'x' to remove a device from the list. Click a selected device on the map to deselect it. Click anywhere on the map to remove all selected devices from the list. When only one device is left selected, the side panel then shows details of that device.

38 Devices	32 Up 6 Down				\frown
Selected Devices		<	■t Network	· / ô	
s1-gateway		×			
AT-vFW-app-2		×			

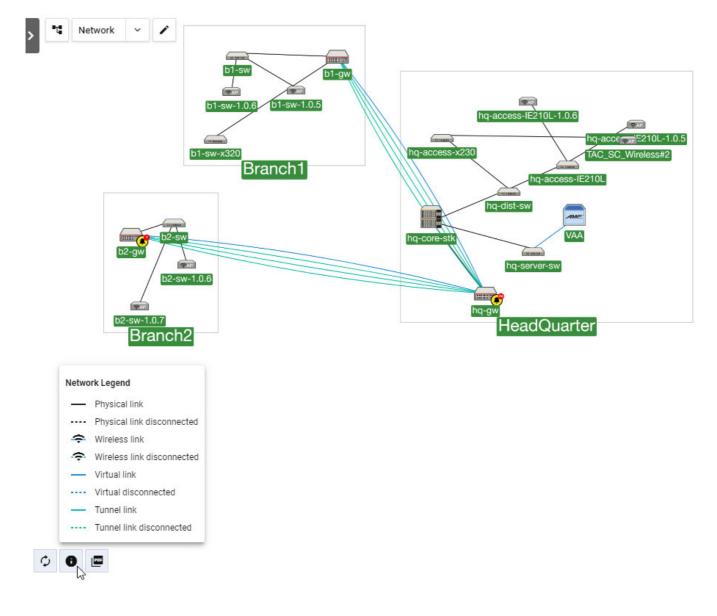
Backwards navigation

Backwards navigation is supported on specific pages. This button lets you move efficiently between
 pages during a single task flow on multiple devices, like updating release files or deploying policies.

For example, you navigate to the Device Info tab from Asset Management, and then browse through several different tabs from there. Clicking on the browser back button only returns you to the previous tab, but the backwards button takes you straight back to Asset Management.

Network links and icons displayed in the network map

Physical (directly connected), virtual, guest, and tunnel links are displayed differently. Physical links have a black line color, virtual links have a blue line color, guest links have a grey line color, and tunnel links have a green line color. You may refer to the network legend at the bottom left corner of the map.



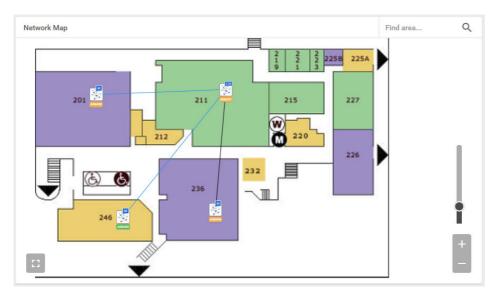
Importing a building or floor map to sit behind the network diagram

You can import an image as a background on a map screen. This enables you to add a building or floor map and show the physical location of devices.

From the **Network Map** click on the camera icon in the bottom left-hand corner. Click **Select** to browse for your floor plan and select the file. Click **Open** and then select the image. You can change the opacity of the image by adjusting the slider below the image. Click the **Save** button to upload the image to your Network Map.

0

The image will appear as the background of your network. You can then move the areas, devices or guest devices so they are located in the correct areas in the diagram as follows:



To delete an image, click on the camera icon and select **Delete**. Check that you are sure you want to delete the Network Map background image, and if you are sure, click the **Delete** button.

Refreshing the map when your AMF network changes

New devices will appear automatically via polling, or you can click the Refresh icon on a map screen for an immediate result.

- 1. Click the **Refresh** icon at the bottom left of the map screen to trigger polling.
- 2. After polling is complete, the Web browser will update the status of the equipment and new devices will appear.

Exporting a PDF of the network map

PDF

۲

+

Φ

You can export a network map in PDF format.

In the bottom left corner, click on the Export PDF button.

Zoom functionality on integrated maps

This functionality also supports touch input. You will be able to zoom in and out by clicking the (+/-) buttons or dragging the zoom slider. The reset zoom button lets you zoom out to fit the entire network within the map window.

Integrated map layouts

The integrated map supports two layout functionalities.



ð

Auto generate layout - This button lets you automatically generate a topology layout which creates a new layout for your map. Take note that this process cannot be reversed. It is disabled when locked layout is active.

Lock layout - This button provides the lock/unlock ability to move devices around. The status will be saved even after you log out and back in again. You can use this layout to:

- change the position of devices (when unlocked)
- pan the map view around devices (not sites or groups)

Regardless of the lock status:

- zooming or looking around the map are not affected
- expanding or collapsing sites and stacks will function normally
- moving devices on the dashboard network map will now always be locked
- Note: As this is a per-user feature, in the event that an account is shared among multiple users, one user's change will affect all users.

Integrated map reporting support

You can generate reports that provide detailed statistics of actions performed by the AMF networks. Specify a time range between 7 days to 6 years. For users, you can see how the size of your network has changed over time. For administrators, you will be able to justify why and when you have to renew your AMF subscription license.

Data for reports is compiled daily at midnight UTC time. Reports are presented in easy-tounderstand charts and tables available in PDF format. To use this feature, navigate to the **Events** page from the left-hand menu, then select the **Reports** tab.

ting rd Areas Sites	5					Generate PDF report th	✓ Last 7 Day(s) ✓
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Auto Configuration total			Auto Recovery	r total		
	Node Count		Jul 18, 2020, 12-	00.00 am			
	Jul 16, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 17, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 18, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 19, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 20, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 21, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 22, 2020 12:00 AM
	1 0 Jul 16, 2020 12:00 AM Auto Recovery	Jui 17, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 18, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 19, 2020 12:00 AM	Jui 20, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 21, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 22, 2020 12:00 AM
	1 0 Jul 16, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 17, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 18, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 19, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 20, 2020 12:00 AM	Jai 21, 2020 12:00 AM	Jul 22, 2020 12:00 AM
	Date	Node Count		Auto Configuration	n	Auto Recovery	
	Jul 22, 2020 12:00 AM	16		0		0	
	Jul 21, 2020 12:00 AM	16		0		0	
	Jul 20, 2020 12:00 AM	11		2		0	
	Jul 19, 2020 12:00 AM Jul 18, 2020 12:00 AM	10		0		0	
	Jul 17, 2020 12:00 AM	0		0		0	
	Jul 16, 2020 12:00 AM	0		0		0	

Static icons on map support

Layout	Visibility		
Q Search	nodes		
		Permanent	Temporary
0800_278c	_aaba	•	

You can change which devices are visible on the network map. For example, you may only be interested in seeing servers on the network map, and can therefore hide the other devices.

An administrative user can modify the default view of the map. You can temporarily or permanently hide devices. Temporarily hidden devices will be hidden for your session, but will return when you

log back in. Permanently hidden devices will be hidden for all users until you choose to show them again.

A regular user can only temporarily hide devices that you are not interested in seeing. They will remain hidden while you are logged in, but if you log back in, the map will return to the default view set by the administrator.

To change the visibility of devices, click on Edit in the dropdown on the network map screen. Click on the Visibility tab to show a list of devices.

- Devices with the Permanent checkbox checked will be visible to all users when they log in.
- Devices with the Permanent checkbox unchecked will be hidden.

Note: Only administrative users can change the Permanent status of a device.

- A user can check the Temporary checkbox, making that device visible during their session.
- A user can uncheck the Temporary checkbox, making that device hidden during their session.

Note: Any user can change the Temporary status of a device during their session.

Changes to the Permanent status of a device are persistent. Changes to the Temporary status only persist for the session.

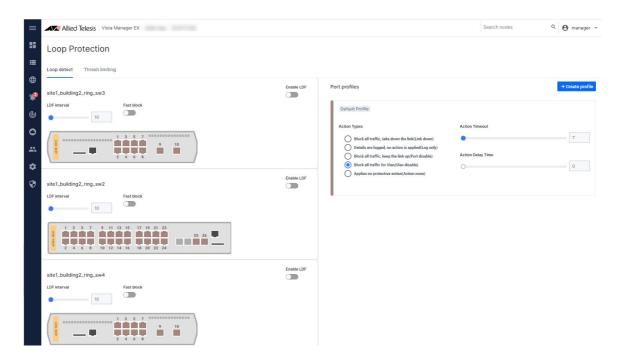
Note: The visibility of base devices cannot be changed. Therefore, on an AMF network, AMF devices will always be visible and cannot be hidden. Likewise, if the network is a plug-in view, then the plug-in devices will always be visible.

Loop Protection

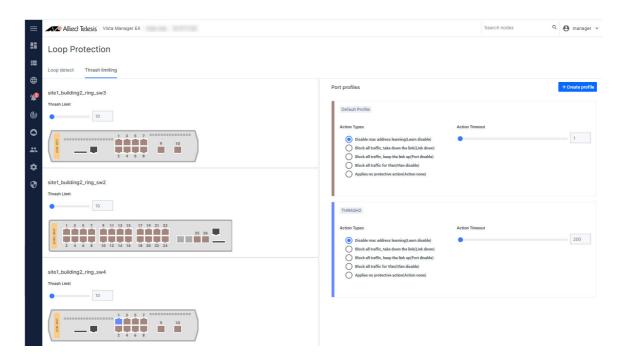
The loop protection feature helps you manage the loop protection settings of the AlliedWare Plus devices in the Vista Manager GUI. You can use Vista Manager to manage the loop detection and thrash limiting of your network. This feature is supported when devices are running firmware version AlliedWare Plus v5.5.0-0.1 or later.



Loop protection is managed from the integrated map. You can select one or multiple (up to 10) devices from the integrated map for loop protection configuration. Once you have selected the devices that you want to configure, right click on one of them and select Loop Protection from the pop-up menu.



On the Loop detect tab, you can configure loop detection for the selected devices. The Enable LDF button lets you enable or disable loop-detect frames (LDF) for each device. The LDF interval slider lets you set the loop-detect frame interval. And the Fast block button lets you enable or disable fast block.



On the Thrash limiting tab, you can configure thrash limiting for the selected devices. The Thrash Limit slider lets you set the thrash limit.

The Port profile panel lets you create and edit port profiles. By default, the settings of the Default Profile apply to all ports on the device. To create a new profile, click on the +Create profile button.

For loop detection port profiles, you can choose the action type, the action timeout, and the action delay time for the profile. For thrash limiting port profiles, you can choose the action type and action timeout. You can then assign the profile to device ports. You can select multiple ports across one or multiple devices, and apply the profile to all of them at the same time. Click on Save profile to save the changes.

Asset Management

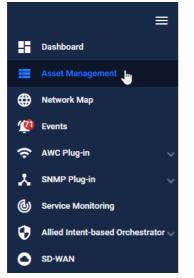
You can use the Asset Management screen to manage the assets in your network. It is made up of several components.

- Device discovery devices on the network are discovered via AMF and plug-ins.
- Device classification during discovery, a best effort is made to categorize what type of device has been discovered. However, this may be incorrect, so it allows you to specify what type of device has actually been discovered.
- Device management once discovery is complete, the asset information should be available to you.

You can use Asset Management to:

- get a complete list of all assets on your network.
- display the assets on the integrated map, and select the most relevant icon for each device.
- view the license information for all Allied Ware Plus devices.
- be notified when a license is about to expire or has recently expired.
- create a group defined by either IP/MAC address range or Vendor, and assign an icon to this group.
- filter the list of assets, and print/export this list.

Asset Management can be accessed from the sidebar menu.



The Asset Management screen shows you the details of the items in your network. It also allows you to search for particular devices.

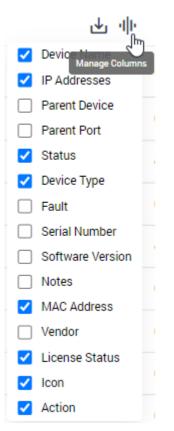
Asset Manageme	nt						date Device GUI
Devices (19) Groups (0)	Provision (2) Firm	nware					
≓ Filter data ∨ 문	All Groups ~ Q Sear	ch by keyword					t ¶∙
Device Name 🔻	IP Addresses 🚔	Status 🗘	Device Type 🌩	MAC Address 👙	License Status 🔶	lcon	Action
VAA C/M	10.32.192.11 ×	Normal	AT-VAA	000c.2918.f02a	Active	ADATE	:
TAC_SC_Wireless#2	172.16.100.100 ×	Normal	AT-TQ5403	001a.ebcb.25e0			:
hq-server-sw	10.10.10.2 ~	Normal	AT-x930-28GPX	eccd.6dd1.659e	Active	(mana)	:
hq-gw	1.1.1.1 *	Normal	AR4050S	0000.cd38.138e	Active		:
hq-dist-sw	10.11.11.2 *	Normal	AT-x930-28GTX	eccd.6ddf.6d5b	Active	(managed)	:
hq-core-stk	10.10.10.1 ~	Normal	AT-SBx908 GEN2	0000.cd37.0d22	Active		:
hq-access-x230	169.254.42.42 ×	Normal	x230-18GP	0000.f427.d524	Active		:
hq-access-IE210L-1.0.6 G	172.16.200.101	Normal	AT-TQ5403	001a.ebdd.bc00		-	:
hq-access-IE210L-1.0.5 G	172.16.200.100	Normal	AT-TQ5403	001a.ebcb.27a0		1	:
hq-access-IE210L	10.38.2.2 ~	Normal	IE210L-10GP	001a.eb98.1d0b	Active	(INVERTING)	:

1 to 10 of 19 |< < Page 1 of 2 > >|

The list of assets can be downloaded as a CSV file by clicking on the Export as CSV button at the top right corner.



The columns that are shown can be changed by clicking on the Manage Columns button.



You can discover devices from the Asset Management screen. By clicking on Discover Devices, Vista Manager will use ARP to discover any new devices, and return a list to you. A message will appear indicating the number of new devices found.



Discover device will only discover IPv4 neighbors. Any detected devices will not automatically appear on the map, but will require you to add them manually once they have been discovered. The detected devices will not provide link information, but you can manually add the devices or links between devices. (1) On Edit mode on the map, (2) select and drag a device from the side panel to the map. (3) Click on a second device, and a link will automatically be drawn between the devices.

Layout Visibility		< "	idit 1 ~	ê X
Q Search devices		Γ.		3
00 00	₩ ** **			
00 00	- #	2		
[.0 0(=			

To remove a link, right-click on the link and click Remove.



Detected devices that fall into a user defined inventory group will inherit the assigned custom icon.

You can add a new device by clicking on the + Add Device button.

You will be prompted to name the device, as well as specify the MAC address and IP address. You can also select an icon to represent the device.

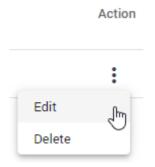
Create Device
Name
Device Name
MAC Address
MAC Address
IP Address
IP Address
Select Custom Icons
Cancel Save

If you click on the Plus button, you can choose to upload a custom icon for the device. The custom icon dialog supports SVG, JPG, and PNG image files. Only administrators have the permission to upload and change custom icons.

Add Custom Icon	Upload Image
	Cancel

Note: AMF device cannot have their default icon changed.

You can also edit existing devices, change their properties, and assign them a different icon. Devices can also be deleted from Asset Management. To edit or delete a device, click on the appropriate menu item in the Action column.



Asset Management also allows you to create groups to organize your inventory. To create a group, click on the Groups tab, and then click on the Add Group button.



You will be prompted to name the group. You can also specify which devices will be added to the group. You can specify a MAC address range, an IP address range, a vendor, or a combination of these. You can also select an icon to represent the group.

Add Group	
Name	
IP Range Start:	
E.g. '192.168.1.1'	
IP Range End:	
E.g. '192.168.1.1'	
Vendor	
Search Vendors 👻	
Add MAC Address	
E.g. '0000.****.* + Upload File	
Device Family	
·	
Device Search	
Search Devices 👻	
Static Devices	
Select Custom Icons	
Cancel Save	

Once the group has been created, you can use it to view the details of the members of that group, as well as export that information to CSV. New devices that are discovered and meet the group's criteria will automatically be added to the group.

Asset Management

Devices (19)	Groups (2)	Provision (0)	Firmware						
₹ Filter data	av qS	earch by keyword						ታ ψ <mark>+</mark>	Add Group
Group Name	Devices Total	MAC Addresses	IP Range	Vendor	Device Family	Static Devices	Dynamic Devices	Custom Icon	Action
Group1	2 Devices					2 Devices	0 Devices	?	:
Group2	2 Devices				Router	0 Devices	2 Devices	?	:

1 to 2 of 2 IK K Page 1 of 1 > >I

As an admin user, you may choose to manually assign devices to a group when creating or editing a group in the Groups tab.

- 1. Navigate to the Asset Management page.
- 2. Click on the Groups tab, then click on Add Group.
- 3. The Add Group form will appear on the right hand side of the screen.
- 4. Click on the Device Search input box.
- 5. Type the first three characters of a device name into the input box.
- 6. A list of devices with matching names will be displayed below.
- 7. Either click **Add all** to add all matching devices or click on a specific device to assign it to the group.
- 8. Manually assigned devices will be visible below the input box.

Alternatively, you can also create a group from selected devices on the Network Map page. From the map itself, you may add/remove manually assigned devices to/from a group.



Automatic allocation of static icons via MAC address list

Multiple MAC addresses can be added to a group, providing you the ability to create a group by uploading a file containing a list of MAC addresses. Vista Manager EX then extracts the MAC addresses from the uploaded file and registers them with the group.

You may select a custom icon for the group. Devices that match the MAC addresses of the group will automatically use the customized icon as their device icon.

Take note of the following file specifications:

- Supported file formats are **.txt** and **.csv**.
- Commas, spaces, and new lines can be used to separate the MAC addresses.
- Supported MAC address formats are:
 - 00000000000
 - 0000.0000.0000
 - 0000:0000:0000
 - **0000-0000-0000**
 - 00:00:00:00:00
 - 00-00-00-00-00
 - wildcard with asterisk (*)
- Any unrecognisable MAC address formats will be ignored, no errors will show to indicate this.
- While there is no limitation to the file size, the recommended number of MAC addresses should not exceed 10,000.

Managing sites and devices

Vista Manager enables you to easily back up devices, restore the network from back up, reboot devices, and manage devices by using SSH to access their command line.

Backup a device

Select the device that you want to back up:

x610-link-sw		
Reboot Device	Backup Device	SSH to Device
Basic Information		
Status		Normal
IP Addresses		
MAC Address		
Туре		Switch
Model	х	610-48Ts-POE+
Serial		
Vendors	AI	lied Telesis Inc.
AMF Information		
Area		area1
Role		Member
Last Backup		Dec 21, 2020

Click on the Backup Device button.

An information message is displayed showing that the backup has occurred:



SSH/Shell to a device

From Vista Manager EX you can open a Secure Shell connection to a device. From this session you can connect to the device and issue CLI commands as if you were directly logged into the device itself.

Select the device that you want to connect to:



Reboot Device	Backup Device	SSH to Device
Basic Information		0
Status		Normal
IP Addresses		
MAC Address		
Туре		Switch
Model	1	x610-48Ts-POE+
Serial		
Vendors	А	Allied Telesis Inc.
AMF Information		
Area		area1
Role		Member
Last Backup		Dec 21, 2020

Click the **SSH to Device** button to start a CLI session.

The following window is displayed:

AlliedWare	Plus	(TM)	5.4.6	12/12/16	11:38:39
master:			•		
Working set	; join	I			
master#					

From this session you can carry out any CLI commands as if you were directly logged on to the device.

Reboot a device

Select the device that you want to reboot (in this case from the Network Map pop up window):

x610-link-sw

Reboot Device	Backup Device SSH to Device
Basic Information	
Status	Normal
IP Addresses	
MAC Address	100 C
Туре	Switch
Model	x610-48Ts-POE+
Serial	
Vendors	Allied Telesis Inc.
AMF Information	
Area	area1
Role	Member
Last Backup	Jan 8, 2021

Click the **Reboot Device** button.

Reboot Devices		×
Are you sure you want to reboot this device?		
	Cancel	Reboot

Check that you have the correct device selected and click the **Reboot** button if you are sure that you want to reboot the device.

An information message is displayed showing that the selected device has rebooted:



If the reboot fails, you will see an error message as follows:



Intelligent device grouping

By selecting a Network Hierarchy preference, you can organize your network easily. When a new device is added into the network, it can be automatically assigned to a site based on its hostname. Intelligent device grouping comes with a range of functionalities:

- initiate a request to automatically generate the Network Hierarchy sites at any time
- select the strategy of the automatic generation, based on the hostname of the devices
- preview auto-generated sites showing up to 5 auto-assigned devices before finalizing changes
- rename or remove auto-generated sites during the preview
- reorganize existing sites after finalizing auto-generated sites
- Note: Removing a site only stops the automatic assignment, it does not remove the site from Vista Manager EX.

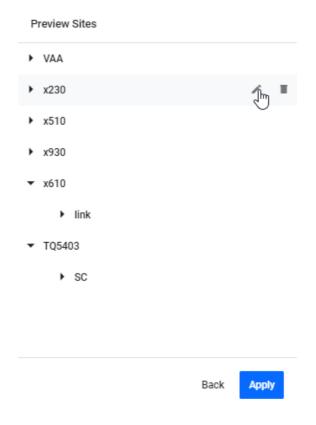
To use this feature, navigate to the **Network Map** page. Click on the **Network Hierarchy** icon at the top left of the map screen to display the side panel list of sites. Click on the cogwheel and select **Auto Generate Sites**.

Network Hierarchy Groups	< 🔁 Network 👻 🖍
Network Hierarchy	
Branch1	Add Site
Branch2	Auto Generate Sites
HeadQuarter	

From the drop-down, select a separator format for the hostname to match on, such as a dash, underscore, or full stop. Click **Next** to preview sites.

Auto Generate Sites
Sites are auto generated by hostname. For best results use a shared naming convention across all devices.
Site permissions are not assigned during auto generation
 Re-organize existing sites and devices This will cause devices already assigned sites to be re- organized. Depth separator format
Dash: Location-Building-Floor-Host
Underscore: Location_Building_Floor_Host
Full stop: Location.Building.Floor.Host
Cancel Next

In the preview, you may rename or remove sites. Click **Apply** to finalize changes.



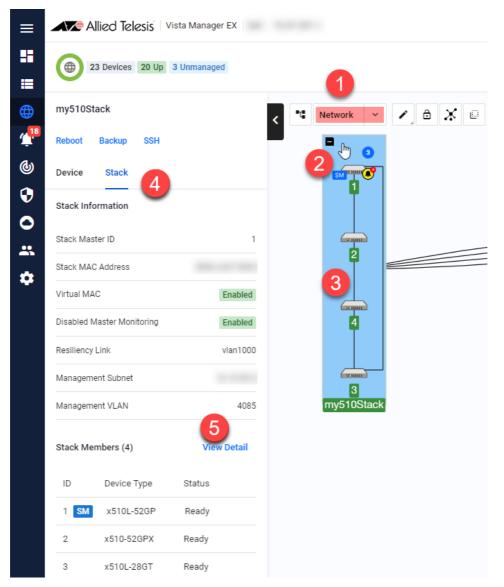
All devices will be automatically grouped into an appropriate Network Hierarchy group. You can manually collapse other devices on the integrated map, which allows you to focus only on the high-level networks.

Take note of the following limitations:

- The automatic generation of sites supports up to 3 levels of network.
- The automatic generation of sites overwrites existing Network Hierarchy sites if they have the same name.
- When the sites are overwritten, the devices belonging to the original site will be unconditionally moved to the new auto-generated site.
- If the overwritten site is also an auto-generated one, it loses its auto-assignment functionality and gets overwritten by the new, auto-generated one.
- If a site has a duplicate name with an existing one in the preview stage, a confirmation dialog pops up, indicating the site will be overwritten.
- New devices will not be positioned near others in a site when they join a network and match the automatic assignment criteria.
- Renaming or removing auto-generated sites stops the automatic assignment.

Enhanced information display for stacked devices

By viewing detailed information of stacked devices in your network, you can monitor their current state easily. This lets you carry out further configuration when required.



- 1. Navigate to the **network layer** of the integrated map.
- 2. Hover over a stack to see the '+' symbol. Click on '+' to expand it. This lets you view all stack members and associated stacking links. If a stack is fully-formed, you will also see an outer link completing the stacking loop.



3. Click on the stack in the map (blue highlighted area) to see its information.

- 4. The side panel pops out. The Stack tab will display some basic stack-wide information such as:
 - a list of stack members
 - current status of each stack member
 - which stack member is the master
- 5. Click **View Detail** to see detailed information about the stack. This opens up the device details page showing:
 - Stack Information: Stack Master ID, stack MAC Address, virtual MAC, disabled master monitoring, resiliency link, management subnet, management VLAN
 - Stack Members: Stack ID, status, role, priority, MAC address, product type, revision, serial number, resiliency links, state, stack ports

← 🔇 my510Stack			SSH to Device	Backup Device Reboot Device
Device Info Stack Notes	s Guest Device	es Configs Licenses	File System	
Stack Information		Stack Members	1	
Stack Master ID	2	1 Backup Member	Status	Read
Stack MAC Address	-	2 SM	Role	Backup Membe
/irtual MAC	Enabled	Active Master	Priority	
Disabled Master Monitoring	Enabled	3 Backup Member	MAC Address	
Resiliency Link	vlan1000	4 Backup Member	Model	x510L-52G
Vanagement Subnet			Board Revision	B-
Vanagement VLAN	4085		Serial Number	
	4005		Resiliency Link Up	Ye
			Resiliency Link Successfull State Active Mast	y receiving health checks from the ter.
			Stack Ports	
			port1.0.51	
			Neighbor ID	2
			Port State The r	neighboring device has joined the stack

When a stack is expanded:

- All stack members and associated stacking links will be displayed.
- Click on each link to see which device type and interface is on each end of the link.
- The stack master has an 'SM' badge indicating that it is the stack master.
- When a stack master leaves the stack, the stack master badge will update to show next to the new stack master.
- Each stack member will have an icon showing its stack member ID.
- If a stack member goes down, its position will move to the bottom of the stack to indicate its current down status.
- An event bell icon indicating any network events will still be displayed on the stack master.
- The stack remains expanded when you leave and navigate back to the map later.

There are some limitations to this feature:

- If a stack member goes down, the hostname/member ID will stay green and not change to red.
- Individual stack members cannot be moved.

This feature requires AlliedWare Plus version 5.4.7-2.1 or later.

AMF device licenses

You can add and examine licenses on an AMF device from the Licenses tab.

	A-Cont	roller			SSH to D	evice	Backup Devic	e Backup Area	Reboot Device
Device Info	Notes	Guest Devices	Backups	Configs	Licenses	File Sys	stem		
Licenses								Enter Licenses	Upload Licenses
Enter Licenses. Mu	st have form	at: license [name] [key]							
license myLicense	eName Xhe	9P2I3lQ5							1
Must have format: lice	ense (name) (key]							
Cancel Sa	/e								
	7		2018		2019		2	020	2021
AMF Application	Proxy				AMF App	olication F	Proxy		
AMF Controller					AMF	Controlle	er		
AMF Guest					AN	IF Guest			

The **Enter Licenses** button allows you to add a license by copy-and-pasting the license enable command. The **Upload License** button allows you to select either a system license certificate (.csv) file or a flexera license capability response (.bin) file.

Hovering over a license bar displays a pop-up with additional information about that license.

Disable license expiry notifications

By default, all license expiry notifications are set to enabled. As an administrator, you will have the option to disable them.

AMF Guest	×
Duration May 16, 2012 12:00 PM - Feb 22, 20	22 1:00 PM
Expiry Notifications	

Click on a license bar that you wish to disable notifications for. A side panel will appear.

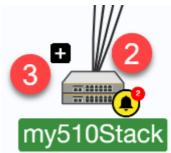
Turn off the **Expiry Notifications** settings. A success message will pop up at the bottom of the side panel. A crossed-out bell now appears on the license bar.

Note: This feature applies to non-permanent licenses only.

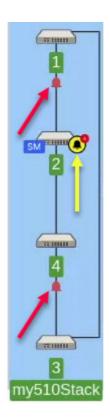
Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM) display

With enhanced information display possible for stacked devices, support has been added to display Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM). You will be able to see links between members and fiber tamper alarms (red bell icons) when a link has been tampered with. As an administrator, you can use this information to check on the physical links, dismiss the fiber tamper alarms and/or change AFM settings on specific links.

- 1. Navigate to the **network layer** of the integrated map.
- 2. Identify a stack with an event bell icon. This means there has been an event on the stack, for example, tampered links.



3. Hover over a stack to see the '+' symbol. Click on '+' to expand it. You will see the stack master showing the event bell icon, and fiber tamper alarms on stacking links (red bell icons) that have been tampered with.



4. Click on the stack (blue highlighted area) to enable the side panel. Fiber tamper alarms are shown at the bottom of the side panel, under Network Events.

Note: Fiber tamper alarms will remain until you have dismissed them. This then removes the red bell icon and reduces the event bell count on the device stack.

⊕ ∕ ³⁷	my510Stack Reboot Backup SSH			Q Search nam
ଡ଼	Device Stack		3	
○	Basic Information Status	Normal		
*	IP Addresses MAC Address		4	2 5M ² 2
	Model Version	x510-52GPX 5.5.0-2.3		2
	AMF Information			
	Area Role	local Member		4
	Network Events Environment Alarm (2)	×		3 ny510Stack
	Fiber tamper alarm set (2)	5 ×	¢ 9 E	

- 5. You can dismiss a fiber tamper alarm in 3 ways:
 - Click on the stack, like in Step 4. Dismiss the Fiber tamper alarm set event under Network
 Events on the side panel.
 - Click on the red bell icon. Dismiss the Fiber tamper alarm set event under Network Events on the side panel.
 - Dismiss either the stack event or stack member event in the **Event Log**.
- 6. To change settings for AFM:
 - a. With the stack still expanded, click on a link inside the stack that you wish to disable AFM for. This highlights the link.
 - b. On the side panel, click on the AFM settings icon to disable AFM.
 - c. Disable AFM.

Image 1 Device Type Interface Stackportneighbor 2 Device Type Interface Stackportneighbor Active Fiber Monitoring C Once enabled these settings will override any existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device. Ig			
Active Fiber Monitoring Once enabled these settings will override any existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device. Device Type Interface Stackportneighbor C Disabled		Active Fiber Monitoring	b≎
2 Device Type Interface Stackportneighbor Active Fiber Monitoring Once enabled these settings will override any existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device.			
Active Fiber Monitoring Once enabled these settings will override any existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device. Disabled Device Type Interface Stackportneighbor Stackportneighbor Disabled		Interface	Stackportneighbor2
Active Fiber Monitoring C Once enabled these settings will override any existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device. Ig Disabled			
Once enabled these settings will override any existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device. Disabled		Interface	Stackportneighbor1
existing device settings. Vista will not display the current settings from the device.	← Active Fiber Monitoring	c	
	existing device settings. Vista will		
itivity medium	Debug	Disabled	
	Sensitivity	medium	

- Note: Only links inside a Virtual Chassis Stack are supported for viewing and editing AFM settings in Vista Manager EX.
- Note: If AFM has already been enabled from the CLI, the AFM settings icon will not be visible on the side panel of Vista Manager EX.

This feature requires AlliedWare Plus version 5.5.0-0.3 or later.

Detecting tampered link events requires AlliedWare Plus version 5.4.8-1 or later.

Traffic monitoring

Vista Manager's color-coded traffic monitoring map provides a visual status of network utilization, across all links in both directions. It is constantly updated to keep the latest traffic pattern information readily available.

19 Devices 19 Up 0 Down 0 Abnormal 0 Unma	anaged O Devices 🔅 O Hub Interface
Traffic Protocol	Traffic ~
Network Traffic	Network
10m 1h 12h 24h Custom ~	VLAN Traffic (has b1-sw b1-sw b1-sw
8/1/21, 10:45 AM - 8/1/21, 10:55 AM	Edit
	b1-sw-1.0.6 b1-sw-1.0.5
0-25% 25-50% 50-75% 75-100%	b1-sw-x320 Branch1
Top 5 Interfaces	b2-gw b2-sw-1.0.6
No Data	b2-sw-1.0.7 Branch2

Colors and line thickness highlight link utilization and available bandwidth, allowing for instant performance monitoring. It also allows you to change which information is displayed, so that you can focus on your network priorities.

It also enables you to improve your network planning by analyzing data traffic from any chosen time over the last week. In addition, you can monitor any link by clicking to show bi-directional traffic on all aggregated ports over the last 24 hours.

For additional information and to see how to use the traffic monitoring functionality, refer to the Traffic Monitoring video on the Allied Telesis website.

Advanced traffic monitoring with sFlow

Vista Manager allows you to monitor traffic in your network using sFlow (sampled flow). After configuring sFlow on your network devices, you can use advanced traffic monitoring to view information about network traffic, protocols, and applications.

Advanced traffic monitoring can be accessed from the network map menu. Click on the dropdown, then select Traffic. This opens the Traffic sidebar. Advanced Traffic Monitoring will appear at the bottom of the sidebar. When you first open it, there will be no data, since you will not have configured any devices for sFlow.

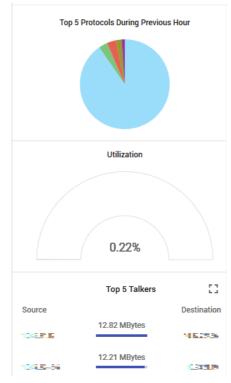
Traffic Pro	otocol		4	Traffic	~
x230-2					
sFlow Monitoring	1	\$			
Top 5 P	rotocols During Previous Hour	J.			
	No Data				
	Top 5 Talkers	::			
	No Data				

Select a device from your network map, and click on the cogwheel to configure it.

The side panel will show a list of the ports on the device. Click on a port to enable (green) or disable (grey) sFlow on the port. Click Apply Changes to save.

Traffic	Protocol		÷
Configur	e sFlow		
		Undo	Apply Changes
~	port1.0.1		ð
~	port1.0.2		
	port1.0.3		
	port1.0.4		

The side panel will then show monitoring output from the selected switch, including the protocols, utilizations, and talkers.

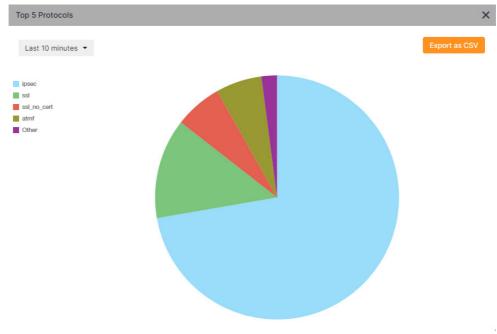


Routers do not support sFlow. However, by enabling DPI on a router, some traffic monitoring can be carried out. Click DPI Monitoring to enable it.

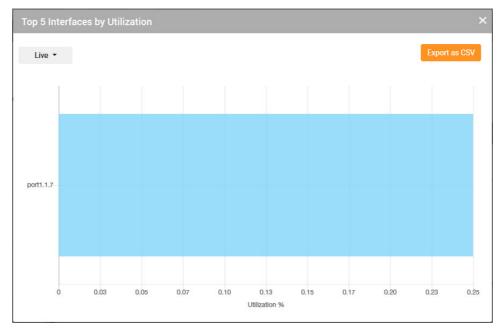
Traffic	Protocol		< 4	Traffic	~
AR2010V					
DPI Monitori	ng	- Im			
Тор	5 Protocols During Previo	\bigcirc			
Top 10 Appli	cations				
arp		328 KB			
ospf		28 KB			

The side panel will show the protocols being used by the router. You can click on the items in the side panel to open the associated widget.

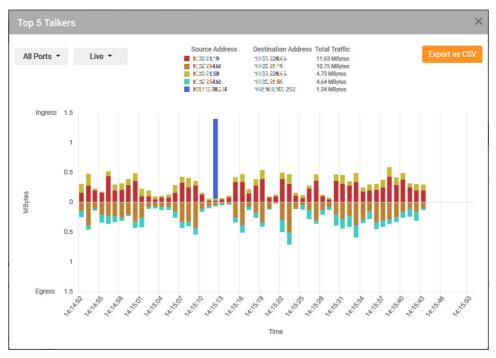
Top 5 Protocols:



Top 5 Interfaces by Utilization:



Top 5 Talkers:



Information from the widgets can also be exported to a CSV file. To do so, click on the Export as CSV button in the top right corner.

Note: Configuring devices for sFlow using Vista Manager requires the device to be running Alliedware Plus version 5.4.8-2 or later. Devices running older releases are still compatible with this feature; however, the sFlow configuration will have to be done manually through the CLI.

Sample sFlow CLI configuration:

```
sflow agent ip 172.31.1.245
sflow collector ip 192.168.1.1
sflow enable
!
interface port1.1.1
sflow sampling-rate 8192
sflow polling-interval 60
```

Vista Manager uses the sFlow agent IP address to match the data received with the correct AMF device. The agent IP address must be the same as the AMF Management IP address. The IP address can be found using the **show atmf detail** command.

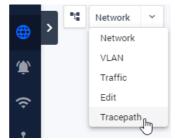
AlliedWare Plus configuration can support multiple collectors. However, only the first collector will allow Vista Manager sFlow to connect to the device correctly. If there are multiple collectors, please ensure that the first collector is the IP address of Vista Manager. For example, the following sFlow configuration is correct if Vista Manager is using the IP of 10.33.25.48:

```
sflow agent ip 172.31.1.102
sflow collector id 1 ip 10.33.25.48
sflow collector id 2 ip 10.36.150.103
sflow collector id 3 ip 10.33.25.92
sflow enable
```

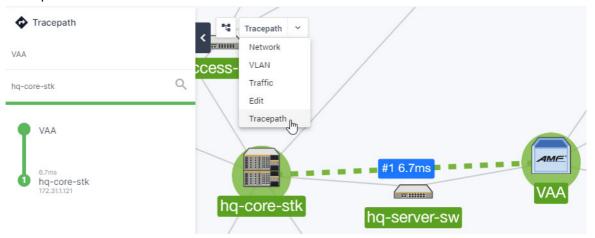
Tracepath

Tracepath allows you to determine where traffic is flowing. You can click on two devices in the Vista Manager network map, the source and destination. Vista Manager will display the path between them and show RTT (round trip time) information.

To use tracepath, open the Network Map in Vista Manager. Click on the dropdown and select **Tracepath**.



You can manually enter the source and destination from the list on the left, or click on the devices on the map to select them.



VLAN management

The color-coded Vista Manager VLAN Map lets you manage VLANs across multiple devices, including support for aggregators and stacking. Using the VLAN configuration tool, you can:

- create new VLANs
- destroy existing VLANs
- configure VLAN Names, VLAN Types, and VLAN IDs
- add ports to VLANs
- delete ports from VLANs
- set VLAN ports as tagged or untagged
- save the configuration

≡	Allied Telesis Vista Manager EX My Networ	(S
:: :=	19 Devices 19 Up 0 Down 0 Abnormal 0 U	nmanaged
۲	VLANs <	VLAN ~
Ő	VLAN 10 VLAN0010	Network
\$	VLAN 11 VLAN0011	Traffic
.× ⊚	VLAN 12 VLAN0012	Edit Tracepath
•	VLAN 20 VLAN0020	
0	VLAN 100 VLAN0100	
	VLAN 101 (4)	Branch1
	VLAN 102 VLAN0102	Branch2
	VLAN 200	HeadQuarter

The VLAN map shows all your VLANs at a glance, across the whole network. You can narrow the focus to individual VLANs to show application deployment.

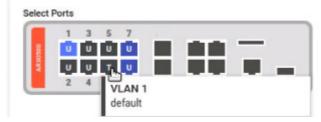
Creating new VLANs across multiple switches can be done quickly using the simple point-and-click interface. You can also edit any VLAN, at any time, to support new users and changes in business requirements.

Note that from version 3.5.0 onwards, EPSR ports are disabled on the VLAN editing page. You can easily identify EPSR ports when editing VLANs, and avoid misconfigurations.

To see how to use the VLAN management functionality, refer to the VLAN Management video on the Allied Telesis website.

VLAN 1 port reconfiguration

If a port is assigned to VLAN 1 in Access mode, a different VLAN can be reassigned without first having to remove VLAN 1. The VLAN 1 states of ports are no longer hidden. They are treated the same as all other VLANs. Every port will have a 'U' (Access) or a 'T' (Trunk) displayed. When VLAN 1 is selected, ports with VLAN 1 assigned can only be changed between Access and Trunk modes. There is no 'blank' state.



VLAN search

The search box supports almost instant filtering by VLAN ID and VLAN name.

When searching by **VLAN ID**, the filter performs an exact match to narrow down search results and ensure higher accuracy. When searching for **VLAN names**, the filter is not case-sensitive and performs partial matching only.

For example, a user tries to search for 'VLAN 10' in a network that also has VLAN 50 named Building 100. Typing '10' will return results of 'VLAN 10' being top of the list, because it is a direct match on

the VLAN ID. Other VLANs containing 10 in their names will appear after, such as VLAN 100, 101, 102, etc..

VLANs	< THE VLAN ~
Q 10	
VLAN 10 VLAN0010	
VLAN 100 VLAN0100	VLANS
VLAN 101 VLAN0101	Q 200
VLAN 102 VLAN0102	VLAN 200
VLAN 107 VLAN0107	VLAN0200
VLAN 110 VLAN0110	VLANs
VLAN 210 VLAN0210	
VLAN 310 VLAN0310	Q ATMF
VLAN 410 VLAN0410	VLAN 4090
VLAN 1000 VLAN1000	atmf_node_recovery_safe_vlan
VLAN 1001 VLAN1001	

Firmware management

This feature provides you with the ability to update firmware across a device or family of devices on a network (AMF area), and then schedule a time when the devices will reboot to install the firmware release.

Asset Management

Devices (19)	Groups (2)	Provision (0)	Firmware				
Networks		area	2		A Reboot	Updated Devices	Update Firmware
area1							
area2		Devic	e Family	Using Release(s)	Firmware Status	Action	
area3		IE20	0 (1)	IE200-5.5.0-2.3.rel		Reboot	Update
		IE30	0 (1)	IE300-5.5.0-2.3.rel		Reboot	Update
		IX5 (1)	IX5-5.5.0-2.3.rel		Reboot	Update
		x230	(2)	x230-5.5.0-0.3.r ~		Reboot	Update
		x930	1 (1)	x930-5.5.0-2.3.rel		Reboot	Update

- 1. From the left-hand menu, click Asset Management and click on the **Firmware** tab.
- 2. To the right, you will see buttons to 'Update' a family of devices, or an **Update Firmware** button to update all families in an AMF area. Click any of the blue **Update** action buttons.
- 3. The side panel opens, showing 4 steps. For this process, you will need a firmware release file for that family.
- Note: This file is not the same release as the current file running on the devices.

1 Select	2 Up	load	3 Verify		Ø Distribute			
Select release files								
Select release files from loca	al storage Acce	pted file extension .	rel		Add file(s)			
Select release from URL		http			Add file(s)			
Select release(s) from VAA					Add file(s)			
Select distribution point source drive Flash Available space • 9552.49 MB								
	rce drive			Available space	• 3632.49 MB			
	Target Rele	ase	Source	Available space Release size	● 3632.49 MB			
Flash			Source		● 3632.49 MB			
Flash Device Family	Target Rele	supplied	Source	Release size	• 3632.49 MB			
Flash Device Family AR2010V	Target Rele	supplied	Source	Release size	© 3632.49 MB			
Flash Device Family AR2010V AR4050S	Target Release : No release : No release :	supplied supplied supplied	Source	Release size	© 3632.49 MB			

Step 1. Select release files for the Area Master. Permitted file types are .zip and .rel files. The source options are:

- from local storage
- from a URL
- existing file on the AMF Master (firmware distribution)
- Note: Users also have the option to copy the file to a USB drive if their Flash drive is full on the firmware distribution point.
- Note: If updating multiple families, target release files will appear in each row at the bottom.

Click the Add file(s) button and select the release file you wish to add. Then click Next.

- Step 2. The progress bar advances as the file uploads. Click Next once it completes.
- Step 3. The status shows as "Verifying...", and then either success or that a number of devices failed. If any failed, click More info to see exactly which devices failed and why. Assuming that some succeeded, click Update device.

Step 4. The status shows as "Distributing to...". Click Done once distribution finishes.

- 4. AlliedWare Plus software versions require a release license for SBx908 GEN2 and SBx8100 switches. If you are using either of these switches, make sure that each switch has a suitable license certificate. For details, see the *"Licensing this Version..."* sections of the relevant AlliedWare Plus release note.
- 5. Click **Reboot Updated Devices**, then select the date and time for the reboot. After the reboot, those devices will be running the release file provided.
- Note: If you use firmware distribution to copy a firmware file to devices, and that file already exists on a device, then firmware distribution will overwrite the existing file. This makes it possible to use firmware distribution to repair a corrupted firmware file on a device.

Zip folder support

The zip folder feature allows you to run firmware distribution with a URL that points to a zip file. Vista Manager EX first extracts the zip file onto a temporary directory. The release file will then be distributed to the device family if there is a match. Otherwise, you will be notified of any invalid extract files. Non-release files in the zipped folder will be ignored.

This feature is supported for firmware version AlliedWare Plus v5.4.9-1 or later.

Searching and deleting files from the file system

Users with write permissions will be able to delete supported files from the file system of a device. The ability to search for files has also been added. This makes it easier to find which files to delete. To delete a file:

:: ::	← ⓒB_Spoke1	2		t Device
	Device Info Notes Gues	DPI per Entity File System Applications		
Ļ	File System			ad Files
6	Drive: flash		1	
•	Name	Size	Date Modified	Action 3
	AR2050V-main-20210108-1	49 MB	11:45.06	Delete
\$	AR2050V-main-20210217-	Delete File	\times	Delete
	📓 backup.cfg	Are you sure you want to delete doc.txt?	4	
	📓 copygui.scp		Cancel Delete	Delete
	default.cfg	4 10	2020-12-07	Delete
	📓 doc.txt	4 KB	12:15:17 2021-03-01	Delete

- 1. Select a device from your network map. Double-click on it.
- 2. On the device details page, navigate to the File System tab.
- 3. You will see an **Action** column with delete buttons on the right. Click **Delete** for the file(s) that you wish to delete.
- 4. A confirmation message appears. Click **Delete** to proceed. A success notification then appears on the bottom right.

Note: File(s) selected for deletion on a stacked device will be deleted from all stack members.

You may use this feature to free up space on a device before upgrading its firmware.

There are some limitations to take note of:

- Protected files cannot be deleted:
 - boot firmware release files
 - backup boot firmware release files
 - boot configuration files
 - backup boot configuration files
- Directories cannot be deleted.
- Wildcard characters (*) are not supported in the file search.

This feature requires firmware version AlliedWare Plus v5.4.9-0.1 or later.

Configuration management

This feature provides you with the ability to manage startup configuration files, including backing up, restoring and comparing configuration files. With the configuration management tool, you can:

- save a configuration file
- view details of a backup configuration
- compare two backup configuration files
- apply a saved configuration to a device
- delete a configuration backup
- set unlimited favourite configuration files

Note: Favourite config files cannot be accidentally deleted, unless unfavourited first.

	Allied Telesis Vista Manager	EX				Q Search ne	etwork	🕒 manager 🗸
O evice	CM VAA	s Backups Config	s Licenses	File System	SSH to Device	Backup Device	Backup Area	Reboot Device
Confi	guration backups		-	1			Last 5 Year(s) ~	Apply
Q S	Search by keyword				Delete select	ted Compare sele	ected Backup	Configuration
	Backed Up 🔻	Description 🗘			Created by		Favourite 🗘	Action
	20/04/2020, 14:43:44	4			manager		\$:
				2		1	l to 1 of 1 < < r	Delete 5 Set as startup Download Favourite

- 1. From the left-hand menu, click Asset Management and select the device you wish to work with, for example, VAA.
- 2. Click on the Configs tab.
- 3. Click on the **Backup Configuration** button. A notification on successful backup will appear.
- 4. Type a brief description in the Description textbox. Click outside the textbox to save.
- 5. Click on the Action drop-down for a config backup that you wish to set as startup, and select **Set as startup**.
- 6. A reboot would be required to load the new config. A bell icon will appear on the Reboot Device indicating further action is required. Click the **Reboot Device** button immediately, or schedule a time for it.
- Note: Restoring a config overwrites the contents of the current startup-config only. The original filename and location of the backup config will not be used during the restore.

Note: When a device config is saved using the CLI, Vista Manager detects this and automatically runs a backup without requiring any user action.

Comparing configuration files

- 1. Click on the check box on the left-hand side of each configuration file you wish to compare. Select up to two files.
- 2. Click on the **Compare selected** button.

\bigcirc	VAA			SS	6H to Device	Backup Device	Backup Area	Reboot Device
Device In	nfo Notes	Guest De	vices Backups	Configs	Licenses	File System		
Configu	uration back	ups				2	Last 5 Year(s) ~	Apply
Q Sea	arch by keyword	1			Delete select	ed Compare sele	cted Backur	Configuration
	Backed Up 👻		Description 🗘			Created by	0	Action
	<u>18/11/2020,</u>	11:08:57				manager		:
	<u>18/11/2020,</u>	11:04:21				manager		:
	10/11/0000	10-00-20				managar	140	•

When comparing two configuration files, the tool displays differences in full, or just five lines of either side, highlighting differences in bold and in color. Toggle between settings using the **Minimal** and **Full** buttons. This enhancement provides better context to the overall configuration and helps you make a more informed decision about the changes being written to your device.

2020,	08:08:36	Minimal Context	Full C	Context		20/07/2020, 16:01:54	
	a -1,276 +1,276 @@						
	1		1	1			
-	! Startup-config saved on Thu Jul 2 08:59:32 2020 +1200 by manager via con0 (ttyS0)		2	+ !	Startup-config saved on Mon Jul 20 16:01:40 2020 +1200 by a vi	con0 (ttyS0)	
	1		3	1			
	service password-encryption		4	Se	rvice password-encryption		
			5	1			
	hostname AR4050S-hub		6	ho	stname AR4050S-hub		
	1		7	1			
	no banner motd		8	no	banner motd		
	I Design and the second s		9	1			
	username manager privilege 15 password 8 \$1\$bJoVec4D\$JwOJGPr7YqoExA0GVasdE0		10		ername manager privilege 15 password 8 \$1\$bJoVec4D\$Jw0JGPr7Yqo		
	username a privilege 15 password 8 \$1\$bJoJDk4D\$MTQhDR2.1YwkmqmpmpgSt.		11		ername a privilege 15 password 8 \$1\$bJoJDk4D\$MTQhDR2.1Ywkmqmpm		
	username readonly privilege 1 password 8 \$1\$bJo4ly4D\$zm.AebomXOpxjAu4DCGxe1		12		ername readonly privilege 1 password 8 \$1\$bJo4ly4D\$zm.AebomXOp:		
			13		ername b privilege 1 password 8 \$1\$bJoSbc4D\$ZOA0SZ16x92i0E6nML	tqf0	
			14				
	log date-format iso		15		g date-format iso		
	log host		16		g host		
	log host level debugging		17		g host level debugging		
			18				
	service ssh		19	se	rvice ssh		
	! service telnet		20		rvice telnet		
	service teinet		21				
	service http		23		rvice http		
	http log webapi-requests all		24 25		tp log webapi-requests all		
	l clock timezone nzt plus 12:00		25		ock timezone nzt plus 12:00		
	clock timezone nzt plus 12:00 clock summer-time nzst recurring 5 Sun Sep 02:00 1 Sun Apr 03:00 60		26		ock timezone nzt plus 12:00 ock summer-time nzst recurring 5 Sun Sep 02:00 1 Sun Apr 03:00	60	
	clock summer-time nzst recurring 5 sun sep 02:00 1 sun Apr 03:00 60		27			00	
	snmp-server		28		mp-server		
	snmp-server		30	Sr	mb-perioei		
			31				
	aaa authentication enable default local			21	a authentication enable default local		
	aaa authentication login default local				a authentication login default local		
			34		a admentication togin acroate totat		
			35				

Using the event log

From the left-hand menu select **Events** to display all events in the log, as follows:

274	critical C 52 abnormal	\$18 normal		24 Hour Event History 5	10 11 12 13
Q K	eyword	Filter By All Alarm Cri	itical Abnormal Normal		View Event Log →
	Timestamp 💌	Node	Notes	Message	Action
	18:10:33 2020-03-09	hq-access-IE210L	1	Node hq-access-IE210L is down	
	18:10:33 2020-03-09	-	1	Area AREA1 is offline 0	
	18:10:33 2020-03-09	-	1	Area AREA2 is offline 0	
	14:34:15 2020-03-09	-	1	Area AREA1 is online	
	14:34:14 2020-03-09	-	1	Area AREA2 is online 🛛 🌒	
	14:20:42 2020-03-09	-	1	Polling service UpdateTopology is busy running #9 🌘	
	14:10:42 2020-03-09	-	1	Polling service UpdateTopology is busy running #8 🔹	

The event log shows currently uncleared events. Critical events have a red background, abnormal events are yellow, and normal events are green.

You can enter notes on any event, clear events, and filter on different fields in the event display.

You can search the event log based on details of the event such as the time period in which it occurred. A graph at the top of the screen shows how many events have been received over certain time periods.

Adding descriptions or notes to events



Click on the Note icon to add a note:

The following dialog box displays and enables you to add or edit the note.

Add Note		×
Polling service restarted after device reboot.		
	Cancel	Save

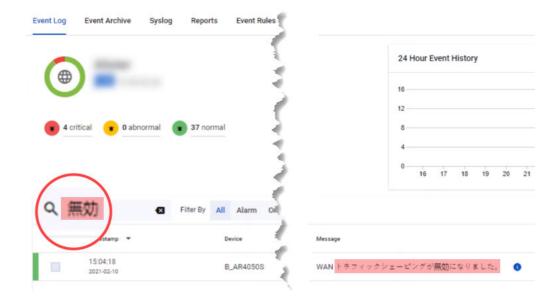
Click on the **Save** button to save the note to the event.

Archiving event notifications

If you want to archive old or cleared events, click on the check box on the left-hand side of each event to select the events to be archived. This activates the **Archive selected events** button. You can select all listed events by clicking the check box at the top of the list. You can view archived events by clicking on the **Event Archive** tab.

Japanese event language support

By upgrading to Vista Manager EX version 3.7.0 and later, you will be able to search for events in Japanese. A large number of English-only events now have Japanese translations, where they did not previously.



Most event messages now have a translation key. Event rules have been improved to store both the **translation key** and **translated value**. The translated value of an event rule is used to match translation keys of event messages. Because of this, the match becomes highly specific as each event rule applies to only one event message.

Note: We recommend using the **title field** instead of the message field when creating event rules so that broader search results can be achieved.

Administrators will have the ability to change the event language from the System Management page. Changing the event language initiates the background process of translating past events.

Once past events have been translated, event rule messages will then be translated to the new language. An event log is created when the translation completes.



Note: This language support functionality is only applicable to the Event Log, SD-WAN table of events, and Event Rules. Plug-in events will not be translated.

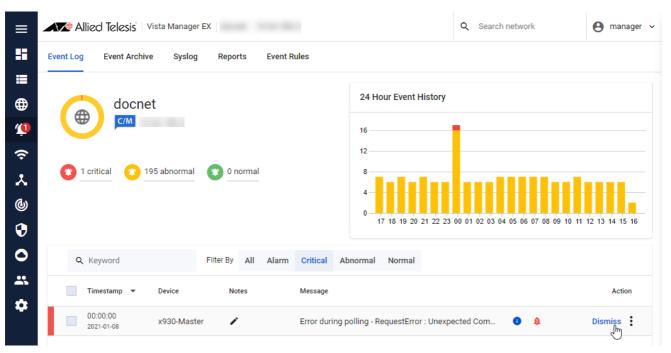
This feature has been designed to support more languages in the future.

High priority events

Critical events are displayed as a red number on the alert icon of the device they occur on. Click on the device to display a pop-up with device information and a list of critical events. Dismiss events by clicking on the red-cross next to the event description.

()	x930-Master			< The Network ~
Ý	Reboot Device	Backup Device	Backup Area	
(;	SSH to Device			
*	Basic Information			
a	Status		Normal	
0				
_	AMF Information			
	Area		area2	
	Role		Master	
	Last Backup		Dec 20, 2020	2
	Network Events			
	Polling Error		×	x930-Master

Events can also be dismissed by viewing the event's details on the Event Log page. Dismissing an event changes the log entry background color from red to white and decreases the alarm icon's event count in the side bar.



SES block actions

Secure Enterprise Software Defined Networking[™] (SES) blocking actions, configured using AMF application proxy, are displayed as high priority events. SES blocking actions configured using OpenFlow are not yet supported.

The following SES blocks will be shown on the Area Map and in the Event Log:

- SES Drop
- SES Quarantine
- SES Link Down

In addition, the following SES action will appear in the Event Log only:

SES IP Filter

See the SES Controller and Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) Application Proxy Installation and User Guide for more information on configuring SES and the AMF application proxy.

SNMP traps

If they are configured, the following SNMP traps will appear as high priority events:

- SNMP loop detection traps
- SNMP active fiber monitoring traps

Both these events require the SNMP plug-in.

Creating event filter rules

Applicable to all Vista Manager installations - For Admin users

From Vista Manager EX version 3.5.0, you can create event rules to notify you whenever certain events occur, such as a port goes up/down, configuration on a device is changed or a fan or power supply failure occurs.

Previously, you had to be actively looking at Vista Manager to notice these things. Now you can simply check your emails.

You can also place an alarm on an event rule to identify it as a critical event. Critical events have a dismissible red alarm icon showing next to them in the **Event Log** window. You can decide if the alarmed event requires immediate action or dismiss it as a normal alert.

Creating Event Rules

To create an event rule:

- 1. From the left-hand menu, select Events
- 2. From the Event Log tab, select an existing event.
- 3. In the **Action** column, click on the three vertical dots for more options.
- 4. Select Create Event Rule.

≡	Allied Telesis Vista Manager EX docne	t 10.34.180.2		Q Search network	😝 manager 🗸
Dashboard	Event Log Event Archive Syslog Report	s Event Rules			
Asset Management	2				
Network Map			24 Hour Event History		
Livents	M 10.34.180.2		16		
☆ AWC Plug-in			12		
SNMP Plug-in	😨 449 critical 😲 15552 abnormal 🛞	434 normal		laasa ti ii la	
Service Monitoring				17 18 19 20 21 22 23 00 01 02 03 0	4 05 06 07 08 00
Allied Intent-based Orchestrator		3	10 11 12 13 14 15 16	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 00 01 02 03 0-	4 05 06 07 08 09
SD-WAN	Q. Keyword Filter By	All Alarm Cri	itical Abnormal Normal		
Liser Management	Timestamp Device	Notes	Message 🔺		Action
🔅 System Management	15:54:54 VAA-Controller	1	Admin status of tunnel1 is offline 🏾 🏮 🗍		Dismiss
	16:00:47 2020-11-23 VAA-Controller	1	Admin status of tunnel1 is offline 🏾 🌒 🔒		Dismiss
	23:20:22 -	1	Area area1 is offline 🏾 🏮		:
	10:54:31 -	1	Area area1 is offline 🛛 🕠		÷
	08:12:51 -	1	Area area1 is offline 🛛 🌖		Archive Create Event Rule
	07:32:57 -	1	Area area1 is offline 🛛 🏮		
	17:08:43	1	Area area1 is offline 🛛 🌘		

5. The Create Event Rule side-panel opens. The criteria will be pre-filled based on the event that has been selected.

	≡	Allied Telesis Vis	ta Manager EX docnet	10.34.180.2		م	Create Event Rule	×
-	Dashboard	Event Log Event Archive	Syslog Reports	Event Rules			Rule Name	
=	Asset Management						Enter Name	
۲	Network Map	docnet			24 Hour Event History			
(ji)	Events	10.3	4.180.2		16		Match Criteria	
ŝ	AWC Plug-in				12		Title	
x	SNMP Plug-in	(2) 449 critical (2) 1	5552 abnormal	134 normal			Area Offline	Ŧ
4	Service Monitoring						Networks	
0	Allied Intent-based Orchestrator				10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	19 20	Any	Ŧ
0	SD-WAN	Q. Keyword	Filter By	II Alarm Cr	itical Abnormal Normal		Device	
	User Management						Any	Ŧ
•	System Management	Timestamp	Device	Notes	Message 🔺		Message	
		15:54:54 2020-11-10	VAA-Controller	1	Admin status of tunnel1 is offline		Area area1 is offline	Ŧ
		16:00:47	VAA-Controller	1	Admin status of tunnel1 is offline 🛛 🛕			
		23:20:22			Area area1 is offline		Action No Action	_
		2020-04-22			-	N	Email	
		2020-05-02		1	Area area1 is offline 🌘		Alarm	
		08:12:51 2020-05-06		1	Area area1 is offline 🌖		5 ¹⁰	-
		07:32:57 2020-05-09	-	1	Area area1 is offline 🚺			
		17:08:43 2020-05-22	-	1	Area area1 is offline 🛛 0			

- 6. Configure as required:
 - select **any** to match on anything.
 - select an Action: Email, Alarm, or No Action.
- 7. Click Save.
- Note: An SMTP server is required for email notifications to be sent. You can configure users' email addresses in the **User Management** window.

Tip: Use the Event Rules tab to view, edit, or delete existing rules.

Using the syslog server

From the left-hand menu click **Events** then select the **Syslog** tab, as follows:

Event Log Event Ar	rchive Syslog								
Syslog									Last 3 Month(s) ~ 🔲 Update
Q Keyword									266,609 of 5,000,000 © 🛃 🌵 🏟
Facility		Severity		App Name	Hostname		Source IP		Process ID
Select facility		Select Severity		Enter app name	Enter hostname		Enter source IP		Enter process ID
Timestamp 🝷	Facility	¢	Severity 🌣	App Name 🗘	Hostname 🗘	Source IP	¢	Process ID 💠	Message ÷
15:25:47 2020-03-20	Local0		Error	appweb	hq-core-stk	10.10.10.	C.		pam_radius_auth: No RADIUS set
15:25:47 2020-03-20	Local0		Error	appweb	hq-core-stk	10.10.10.	C.		pam_radius_auth: No RADIUS ser
15:25:30 2020-03-20	Local0		Error	appweb	hq-core-stk	10.10.10.	C.		pam_radius_auth: No RADIUS ser

The syslog server shows messages from the network or for a specific device on the network. Depending on your level of access, Administrator access allows you to configure how long to store syslog messages. The default configuration is 365 days. Messages older than the default or configured length of time are automatically deleted. The syslog storage is limited to 5 million entries.

Note: For the syslog server to display accurate timestamps and valid messages, it is highly recommended for the device to be running Alliedware Plus version 5.4.8 or later and have the **log date-format iso** command configured by the administrator.

Permissions for syslog

- Only an admin user can view all syslog messages received from an IP address that Vista Manager has not discovered in the network.
- Any device can send syslog messages. If the source IP address does not correspond with a Vista device, only an admin user can view the message.
- A user can only view and search for syslog messages on the network or for a specific device they have read/write access to.
- A user cannot edit or delete syslog messages.

Syslog message filtering

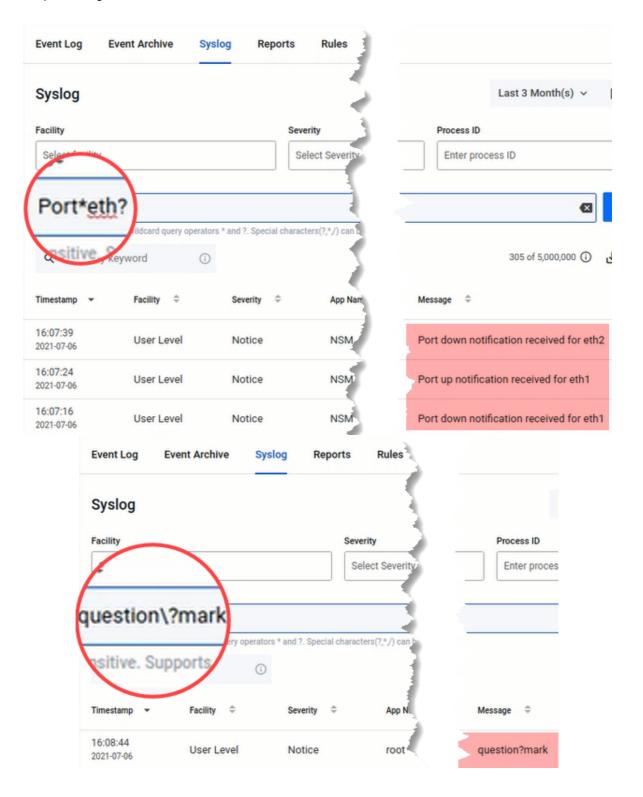
Event Log	Event Archive	Syslog	Reports	Rules		
Syslog					1	∙nth(s) ∨
Facility			Sev	erity	1	
Select facility	y		Se	elect Severity		
Message						
Q Search e	exact message					()
Case sensitive. S	upports wildcard query	operators * and ?	?. Special charac	cters(?,*,/) can be included in search by prefix	ng with \.	

Filter syslog events by whole or partial message content, by using multiple wildcards. Details of supported wildcard query operators and special characters are as follows:

- A question mark (?) is used for a single character.
- An asterisk (*) is used for multiple characters.

Event Log	Event Archive S	yslog Reports	Rules	
Syslog			1	Last 3 Mor
Facility		S	everity	Process ID
Select facility			Select Severity	Enter process ID
Q Search by Timestamp •	Forts wildcard query operat keyword (7) Facility \$		App Ne	2,285 of 5,0 Message ≑
	keyword (i		1	2,285 of 5,0 Message ♀ peer authentication failed
Timestamp -	keyword (Severity 🗘	App Ne	Message 🗘
Timestamp - 16:25:13 2021-07-06 16:25:06	keyword (Facility + User Level	Severity ¢ Notice	App Ne IPSec	Message 🗢

- A backslash (\) is used to escape any special characters (?, *, /) after it.
- When a backslash is expected to be part of the message to be matched on, escape it with an additional (preceding) backslash.
- When an asterisk is expected to be part of the message to be matched on, escape it with a preceding backslash.



Syslog rules

Syslog rules work similarly as the existing event rules. Any received syslog that matches a rule will trigger the action associated with the rule. Create a syslog rule based on the syslog message filter from the syslog tab page. When creating a single rule, configure up to two of the following actions:

- email notification
- dismissible alarm
- no action

Event Log Event Archive Syslog		
Syslog	1	Last 3 Month(s) ~ 📋 Apply
Facility	Hostname 2	Process ID
Select facility	× tb130	Enter process ID
Message	B_AR4050S	(3)
Q peer*	1	Create Rule
Case sensitive. Supports wildcard query operators * and ?.		
Q Search by keyword	1	2,285 of 5,000,000 🛈 🛃 🌵 🌣
Timestamp - Facility = Sev	Source IP 💠	Message 🗘
16:25:06 User Level Notic	10.36.200.130	peer authentication failed
11:00:22 User Level N	10.36.200.130	peer authentication failed

- 1. Use the syslog message filtering to search for messages of your choice.
- 2. Next, select a hostname.
- 3. Click Create Rule. This opens up a side panel.
- 4. Enter a rule name.
- 5. Configure a first action for **email notification**.
- 6. Select a recipient group.
- 7. Select a trigger interval time.
- 8. Configure a second action for **dismissible alarm**.
- 9. Click Save.

Rule Name *	
peer TB130	4
Match Criteria *	
 Use filters and message to generate mat criteria. Keyword search is excluded. 	ch
Message peer*	
Hostname tb130	
Action 1	
Email Notification	5
Recipient group	
All (6 users)	6
Trigger Interval	_
10 mins	7
Action 2	-
Dismissible Alarm	8
	9
Cancel	Save

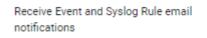
Create Rule

To view a list of syslog rules, navigate to the Rules tab page. Here, you can also disable a rule, update its settings, or delete it.



Syslog rule - email notification

On the **user management** page, a new toggle button enabled by default will be present for all users. This setting determines whether a user will receive an email when a syslog matches a syslog rule configured with email notification.





As a non-admin user, you can change this setting only for yourself. Admin users can enable/disable email notification for all users.

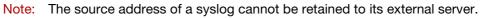
Syslog rule - dismissible alarm

A bell icon will appear on the network map for a device that sends a syslog matching a rule. Click on the bell icon to open up the side panel displaying its syslog details. Here, you may also choose to dismiss the alarm.

(2 Unmanaged	K T Netwo	ork 1	
Basic Information Status	Normal	•	3	
IP Addresses	10.36.200.130			
Туре	Terminal			
Network Events peer_TB130	3×		- E	2 TB130

Syslog forwarding

As an admin user, you will have the option to configure syslog forwarding to an external server. This functionality forwards all received syslog messages to a specified syslog server, regardless of any rules configured. Only one external syslog server is supported.



Event Log	Event Archive	Syslog	Reports	Rules
Syslog		1		Last 3 Month(s) 🗸 📋 Apply
Facility	Syslog settings			×
Select fa	 Syslog storage lim exceeded. 	it is 5,000,000	messages. Old	der syslog messages will be deleted once this limit is
Enter ho	Change how long syslog	messages are	e stored for:	
Message	365	Day(s))	~
Q Sear	Relay syslogs to example.	xternal serve	3	Create Rule
	Relay server address *	Port	* S	📥 II 🐯
	1.1.1.1	514	4	
		4		Save 2

- 1. From the Events menu, navigate to the **Syslog** tab page.
- 2. Click on the Syslog settings gear icon.
- 3. Check the Relay syslogs to external server option.
- 4. Enter the relay server address and port number.
- 5. Click Save.

AMF Security (AMF-Sec) support

The existing alarm notification supports both AlliedWare Plus devices and wireless devices by leveraging on syslog messages from the AMF-Sec server. Vista Manager EX shows alarms on the integrated map for both blacklist and whitelist security events on AlliedWare Plus devices.

Configure all your AMF-Sec servers to send syslog messages to Vista Manager EX. All syslog messages from the AMF-Sec servers will then appear on the **Event > Syslog** page.

Note: In order to process syslog messages from the AMF-Sec server, Vista Manager EX will have some built-in event rules not visible to users. Because of this, if a user creates a rule with the same name in the event log or syslog table, an error message will display: **"Duplicate rule name used. Note may be a duplicate of a hidden system rule name."**

Alarms on the integrated map

Vista Manager EX will convert only specific actions that match AMF-Sec syslog messages into alarms (high severity event logs) and display them on the map. These specific actions are:

- Blacklist
 - Security Block
 - LinkDown
 - Quarantine VLAN
 - Security Logging (no-action, reporting only)
- Whitelist
 - Auth Failed (deny)

Any other syslog messages from the AMF-Sec server not mentioned above will not be converted. This means the user will not be able to see successful notification events in the Vista Manager event log table, but those events are present in the Syslog tab page.

The alarms will be associated with devices based on IP addresses and hostnames from the AMF-Sec syslog message. If one AMF-Sec syslog message can be associated with multiple devices, all devices will have their own alarm. If an alarm cannot be associated with any device on the map, it will not be visible on the map.

Note: Unmanaged devices are not always visible on the map, such as TQ devices without the AWC plug-in. In this case, alarms will still be associated to the TQ device, but can only be viewed by zooming into the map. Alternatively, add the AWC plug-in to manage the TQ which then makes it visible by default.

The alarms will keep showing on the map until either

- a user dismisses them proactively, or
- a recovery AMF-Sec syslog message dismisses them automatically.

Users with read/write permissions to the associated device can dismiss the alarms in 2 ways:

- **from the event log table**, or
- from the side panel of the map.

Alarm recovery

When a user performs an action in the AMF-Sec server, the AMF-Sec server will send syslog messages to Vista Manager EX to indicate a status change on the alarm.

Vista Manager EX automatically dismisses an alarm and removes it from the map, if they are event recovery types such as:

- DISCONNECT
- ACCEPT

A "recovered" event log will then be generated with detailed information.

Feature limitations

There are some feature limitations to take note of:

- As syslog messages are based on UDP protocol, this functionality can be unreliable at times, meaning messages could sometimes go missing.
- In the event that the Vista Manager EX syslog server goes down, syslog messages lost during the downtime will not be recoverable.
- If the AMF-Sec server changes its syslog format, this feature will fail to work as there is no way to detect such failures.
- AMF-Sec alarms that depend on the DISCONNECT action will not be removed when the parent device reboots or leaves the network. This is because the AMF-Sec server does not send a corresponding disconnect message with a device reboot, therefore causing the alarms to remain on the map.
- AMF-Sec will not send syslog messages for the IP-FILTER action. If sourced from a non-AMF device, Vista Manager EX will not be able to detect this action.
- Some changes have been applied to the event messages from the original blacklist feature. Therefore for any event filtering relying on event messages, the existing event filter may appear broken after upgrading to version 3.7.0.

Service monitoring

Service monitoring allows a network administrator to learn the status of services running on devices within Vista Manager EX. You can configure a monitoring task to run periodically, or to monitor services on demand.

Service Monitoring will display the status of the services. It helps you track the status of services of critical importance, and be updated as soon as they go down. Knowing the status of services may also help when performing diagnostic tasks.

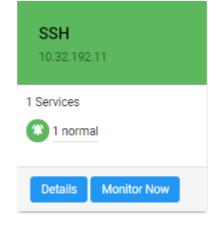
To configure service monitoring:

- Open Service Monitoring in Vista Manager.
- Click on Create Monitor.
- Enter the following details:

New Service Monitori	ing Configuration			×
Monitor Name:	IP Address:			
Enabled: On				
Service Port		Interval (mins)	Protocol	
65535		120	tcp	
				+

- Monitor Name a name to identify the monitor
- IP Address the IP address of the device you want to monitor
- Service Port the port that the service is running on
- Interval how often to monitor the service
- Protocol the protocol of the service, either TCP or UDP
- Click Save.

The monitor has now been created. Click on Monitor Now to begin monitoring the service.



Cancel

Save

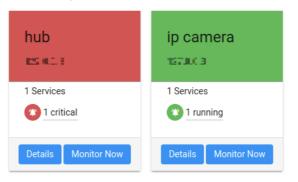
The service statuses may be one of the following:

- Pending: The service has not been monitored yet.
- Running: The service has responded to the latest monitoring probe.
- Filtered: Unable to determine the status of the service, because it is blocked by a network obstacle such as a firewall.
- Indeterminate: Unable to determine the status of the service. It may be blocked by a network obstacle, up, or down.
- Closed: No application is listening on the specified port.
- Unresponsive: A service exists on the port, but is not responding to probes.
- Unreachable: Unable to monitor the service, because the target IP address is unreachable.
- Error: Unable to monitor this service, because an error occurred while attempting to do so.

View Service Moni	itoring Configuration				×
Monitor Name:	IP Address:				
SSH	10.32.192.11				
ost Status:					
🕐 up					
Enabled: On	D				
itatus	Service Port	Interval (mins)	Protocol	Last success	Last failure
😰 running	22	5	tcp	1/11/21, 10:44 AM	11/26/20, 2:59 PM
					Delete

The status categories and the statuses that fall into each category are as follows:

- Category Pending Pending status
- Category Normal Running status
- Category Unknown Filtered and Indeterminate statuses
- Category Critical Closed, Unresponsive, Unreachable, and Error statuses



HTTPS access to Vista Manager EX

All traffic between Vista Manager EX and users is able to be secured with HTTPS. This option can be turned on in your Vista Manager EX configuration settings. Enabling HTTPS requires a signed certificate.

Vista Manager EX can generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) which you can then submit to a Certificate Authority (CA). The CA will then give you a signed certificate which you can import back into Vista Manager EX. Note that both the application's and CA's private key are never transmitted; this is essential to maintaining proper security.

Alternatively, you can use OpenSSL to self-sign the CSR. For more information, visit https://www.openssl.org/.

Note: Only certificates generated from Vista Manager's CSR can be uploaded into Vista Manager.

To enable HTTPS:

- In Vista Manager, open the System Management menu item and click on the Configuration tab.
- Click on Create CSR.

System Management

About	Configuration	Network Configuration	Database Management	Licenses	Plug-ins
HTTP	S		off		
Vist ther If yo Cer	a Manager, arrange n upload the resulti our organization do	will need to generate a Certif e for it to be signed by your lo ng certificate into Vista Mana es not have a Certificate Autl juest yourself. Please consul ails.	ocal Certificate Authority, ager. hority, you can self-sign the		
			Create CSP		

 Make sure the primary domain name and email are correct. You can also add other domain names if required.

HTTPS	Off
Common Name: The primary domain name of Vista Manager	
10.34.180.4	
Country:	
State / Province / Region:	
City / Town / Locality:	
Organization:	
Organizational Unit:	
Email:	
admin@alliedtelesis.co.nz	
Subject Alternative Names: Other domain names that Vista Manager is accessible	from
	+
Cancel	enerate CSR

Once the CSR has been generated, save it somewhere safe. Send this CSR to your CA to be signed.

Once the CA has returned to you with a certificate, click the Next button. Then upload the certificate to Vista Manager. You can also optionally upload a certificate chain.

HTTPS	Off O
To enable HTTPS, please upload a certificate and optionally a certificate must correspond to the previously generated Certifi	
Certificate:	
Accepted extensions .crt, .pem	
vista (1).csr	Select file
Certificate Chain:	
Accepted extensions .crt, .pem	
No file selected	Select file
Discard CSR	Verify and Enable

Click on Verify and Enable. Once your certificate has been verified, HTTPS will be enabled.

Once you have configured HTTPS for Vista Manager, you access it using the default SSL port. To connect via HTTPS, use either of the following URLs:

- https://<ip address>
- https://<ip address>:443

Managing user accounts

There are two types of user account, Admin and User.

Admin accounts have read/write access across all AMF areas.

User Management		+ Create N
Users	New User	
manager (manager)	Username:	
	Full Name:	
	Email:	
	Password:	
	Confirm Password:	
	Account Type:	Admin
	Refresh Rates:	
	AP Status	60
	Floor MAP (Wireless Status)	60
	Floor MAP (Associated Client)	5
	Floor MAP (Smart Connect)	5
	Country Code	None
	Language:	Auto Detect
	Timeout (in mins):	5 minutes

User accounts are configured to have **Read Only** or **Read/Write** access on the specified AMF area(s).

User Management		+ 0	Create New
Users	New User		
manager (manager)	Username:		
Read Only Access (readonly)	Full Name:		
	Email:		
	Password:		
	Confirm Password:		
	Account Type:	User	v
	Permissions:	Read/Write	v
	SSH Permissions	Allowing SSH access for a user will provide SSH access outside of the c of Vista Manager permissions.	ontrol
	Network Permissions :		
	AREAO	No Permission	•
	AREA1	No Permission	•
	AREA2	No Permission	•
	Area1	No Permission	•
	Area2	No Permission	•
	Default Group	No Permission	•
	HQ_vlan100	No Permission	•
	10-1200		

Create an account

- 1. Log in with an Administrator account type
- 2. Select User Management from the menu
- 3. Click the Create New button in the upper right hand corner of the screen
- 4. In the **New User** dialog box enter the relevant user details.
- 5. Click the **Save** button

Edit an existing account

- 1. Log in with an Administrator account type
- 2. Select User Management from the menu
- 3. Select the account you want to edit from the account list
- 4. Click the Edit button
- 5. From the Edit User dialog box make the changes
- 6. Click the Save button

Set the time-out for an account

- 1. Log in with an Administrator account type
- 2. Select User Management from the menu
- 3. Select the account you want to edit from the account list
- 4. Click the Edit button
- 5. From the Timeout dialog box, select how long until a user is automatically logged out, or select Never to disable automatic logout for that user
- 6. Click the Save button

Delete an existing account

- 1. Log in with an Administrator account type
- 2. Select User Management from the menu
- 3. Select the account you want to delete from the account list
- 4. Click the Delete button
- 5. From the Delete User dialog box click the Delete button again

Note: The default Admin (Manager) account cannot be deleted.

Managing the Vista Manager EX system

The Vista Manager EX system itself can be managed:

- Licenses and Plug-ins can be displayed and updated
- The Username and Password can be changed for a network
- The Vista Manager EX database can be backed up, restored from backup, or reset to the factory default
- The SMTP Server Username, Password and email address can be changed

System Management

About Configuration	Network Configuration D	atabase Management	Licenses	Plug-ins	
Vista Manager EX			About SMT	ſP	
Version: Build: Serial Number:		3.5.0 20201108_0103	SMTP Server A Hostname o SMTP Server I	or ip address	
Base License Expire:		2023-01-08	25 Username: Enter usern	name	
Manage Lice	nses Manage Plug-ins	Tech Support	Password: Enter passv	word	
Device GUI			Send mail as:		
Version:		2.6.1	yourname@	pemail.com	
Build:		20200811_1556			Edit details

Changing the AMF system configuration settings

You may need to change the AMF system configuration settings in Vista Manager EX. This was previously done by a support engineer onsite to resolve various network errors that involved changing variables in the configuration file. An event log will be generated after you have applied the new values. To change these settings:

- 1. Navigate to System Management.
- 2. Select the Configuration tab.
- 3. Under AMF System Configuration, click on the Edit button.

System Management		
About Configuration Netw	nes Plugins	
нттря	AMF System Configuration	
To enable HTTPS, you will need to Manager arrange for it to be signed	Maximum Concurrent Nodes	100
upload the resulting certificate in If your organization does not have	AMF Request Timeout (ms)	10000
documentation for details.	Task Running Timeout (ms)	60000
		3 Edit
	About Configuration Netw HTTPS To enable HTTPS, you will need to Manager, arrange for it to be signer upload the resulting certificate in If your organization does not have. Certificate Signing Request yourst	About Configuration Network nes Plugins HTTPS AMF System Configuration AMF System Configuration To enable HTTPS, you will need to Manager, arrange for it to be signer upload the resulting certificate in if your organization does not have . Certificate Signing Request yourse AMF Request Timeout (ms)

Note: No restarting is required.

🕁 Tech Support

Changing the Vista Manager EX controller IP address

You may need to change the IP address of the Vista Manager EX controller in Vista Manager EX. For example, if the IP address of the controller has changed, this also needs to be changed in Vista Manager EX. To change the IP address:

- 1. Click on System Management, and select the Network Configuration tab.
- 2. Under AMF Network Configuration, click on the Edit button.
- Click on the Change controller address button. Once you have confirmed that the changed IP address belongs to a device with the same MAC address as the current controller, click on the Configure button.

Change controller address		×
A Warning		
You will be required to upload a valid VISTA base license.		
The changed IP address must belong to a device with same MAC addr controller. Proceed?	ess as the cu	rrent
	Cancel	Configure

- 4. The Upload Licence File dialog will then be displayed. Select your license file, and click Next.
- 5. The **Set Up Your Network** dialog will then be displayed. You can change the IP address to the new address. Click Next.
- Note: The changed IP address must belong to a device with the same MAC address as the current controller.
- 6. The Set Up Your SMTP settings dialog will then be displayed. Click Proceed.
- Note: This does not provide a method to change your controller to a new network. That requires a reinitialization of Vista Manager EX.

Backup Vista Manager EX

- 1. Click on System Management, and select the Database Management tab.
- 2. Click on the Backup button in the Backup Pane.
- 3. Click Backup again to confirm you wish to make a backup.

Backup Vista Manager EX		\times
Are you sure you want to backup Vista Manager EX?		
	Cancel	Backup

- 4. This automatically downloads a **tar** file backup to your default download location.
- 5. Keep this **tar** file in a safe location.
- Note: Restoring Vista Manager backups from a newer version into an older version is not supported. It is not possible, for example, to restore a backup made in Vista Manager 3.2.0 into a Vista Manager 3.1.0 installation.

Using the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator

Introduction

The Allied Intent-based Orchestrator (AIO) provides network optimization, automation, management, and visualization. The uniquely designed intent-based configuration, reporting and map facilities of Vista Manager EX make these powerful tools simple to configure, initiate, and manage. AIO offers automation of branch security and WAN bandwidth management.

For this feature to become fully available to you and for all menu items to be activated, install the feature license. This license is not part of the base Vista Manager EX license. It is included in the 90-day trial license. If you want to continue using AIO after the 90-day trial license expires, you need to install a feature license for it. Contact your authorized Allied Telesis salesperson.

The AIO feature is made up of several components.

- Dynamic Connection
- Internet Breakout
- Auto Traffic Shaping
- Application Priority
- Security

Access the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator from the left-hand menu.



Dynamic Connection

This feature lets you use the simplicity of drag-and-drop on the network map, to create new VPN tunnels between the AR-Series devices (firewalls or routers) at different locations across your WAN.

- Point-to-point tunnels require a source device and destination device.
- Point-to-multipoint tunnels require a source device and multiple destination devices.

Note: The AR1050V does not support Dynamic Connection.

For this feature to be fully functional, apart from installing the AIO license, you must also have either administrator access or write permission on a device.

To create a tunnel, both devices must be part of the AMF network, support GRE tunnels and be running firmware version AlliedWare Plus 5.5.0-2.x or later.

You cannot create multiple tunnels with the same source and destination interface pair (e.g. eth1). Split up the interface if you wish to create more than one tunnel, for example, split eth ports into sub-interfaces. You may create another tunnel with the same source interface as long as the destinations are on different devices.

All tunnels are encrypted with IPSec to secure your WAN traffic. Each tunnel will have a different crypto key with a unique name.

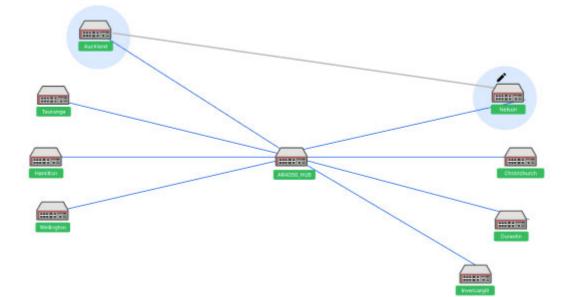
Option 1: Create a Point-to-Point Tunnel

	Create Point to Point Tunnel	×
	Tunnel protection type is IPSec	
	Tunnel Mode	
1	gre 2	~
	AR4050S	
	Tunnel Interface *	
	eth1 ()	~
	Tunnel IP Address *	Subnet
	172.28.0.1	/ 30
	Tunnel Description	
	AKL-source 5	
	Tunnel Routing	
	No Routing 6	~
	AR2010V	
	Tunnel Interface *	
	eth2 ()	~
	Tunnel IP Address *	Subnet
	172.28.0.2	/ 30
	Tunnel Description	
	NSN-destination	11
	Tunnel Routing	
	No Routing	×
	8	
	Check o	onnectivity
	9 Cancer	Create
	Cancer	Create

- 1. Use the pencil icon to draw a line between devices (firewalls/routers) at the two locations you wish to connect with a new VPN tunnel.
- 2. Next, set up tunnel options. Select tunnel mode.
- 3. Select an interface for the tunnel to be on.
- 4. Vista Manager EX generates the tunnel interface IP addresses. The subnet prefix is /30.
- Note: If you choose your own IP address, it must be in the same subnet and must not be used on another interface on those devices.
- 5. Enter a description name for the tunnel.
- 6. Configure tunnel routing.

- Note: The options here are default or static. You may enter IP addresses for each end of the tunnel by selecting static routing.
- 7. Repeat steps 3-6 to set up tunnel options for the destination device.
- 8. Click **Check connectivity**. There should be a ping from source interface to destination interface if there is a connection.
- 9. Click **Create** when complete.

Option 2: Create a Point-to-Multipoint Tunnel



- 1. Click on the pencil icon and select point-to-multipoint tunnel.
- 2. Use the pencil icon to first select a tunnel hub. This is usually a head office router.
- 3. Next, select spokes one by one. These should be your branch offices.
- 4. Perform Option 1 steps 2-6 to set up tunnel options.

Note: In version 3.5.0, adding a static route to the hub of a multipoint tunnel is not supported.

- 5. Repeat for all your spokes (branch offices).
- 6. Click Check connectivity.
- 7. Click **Create** when complete.
- Note: For multipoint tunnels, a hub of multipoint tunnel cannot share the same interface (with the same IP address) as a GRE point-to-point tunnel.
- Note: Connectivity is not needed for the new tunnel configuration to be created, although the tunnel will not be fully formed until there is a connection.

Internet Breakout

Internet Breakout lets specific applications being used at branch office locations access the Internet directly, rather than going via the head office. This improves the performance of cloud-based applications (e.g. Office 365) and reduces traffic volumes on VPN connections between branch offices and the head office.

- This feature requires AR-series devices to run AlliedWare Plus 5.5.0-2.1 or later.
- Before configuring, start by identifying the types of applications you may want to allow direct Internet access.
- Enabling this feature reduces router throughput.
- Any traffic that bypasses security processing may reduce security and threat protection at the local branch office. Carefully consider the potential consequences of giving direct Internet access to a type of traffic, and whether additional local or cloud-based security needs to be implemented to protect Internet Breakout traffic and the branch office.
- Internet Breakout needs to classify applications for sending direct to the Internet. It does this most effectively when it can read both incoming and outgoing traffic on the interface that was/is sending those applications to the head office. For IPSec protected tunnels, this requires a feature called tunnel security reprocessing. Vista Manager does not enable tunnel security reprocessing because it reduces router performance. To enable it, enter the following commands on the router's CLI:

enable conf t tunnel security-reprocessing

Step 1: Enable Internet Breakout and specify the traffic path.

Use the Internet Breakout > General tab

- 1. Enable Breakout on the AR-series firewall at each desired location.
- 2. Select the interfaces to break from and break to.
- 3. Enter the next hop address.
- 4. Click Apply Changes.

Branch	Office-Fire	ewall	Cancel	Apply Changes
General	Breakout	Monitoring		4
Breakout Break From				1
tunnel1				× ×
Break To				2
eth1			 	× *
Next Hop				
1.1.1.1				3

Step 2: Add applications to break out.

Use the Internet Breakout > Breakout tab

- 1. Add applications to the Breakout List, for example, Office365, Google, Youtube, etc.
- 2. Click Apply Changes.

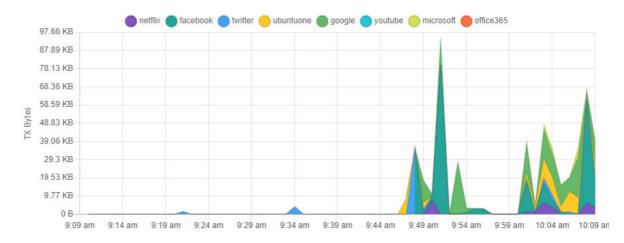
BranchOffice-Firewall	Cancel Apply Changes
General Breakout Monitoring	2
Breakout List	
office 🛛 × 🔺	
office365	
google(app)	
microsoft(app)	
youtube(app)	

Step 3: Monitor the breakout.

Use the Internet Breakout > Monitoring tab

Two charts are available here:

- The pie chart shows top 5 breakout applications. Clicking applications on the vertical legend adds/removes them to/from the chart.
- The line graph shows breakout traffic over a set period of time. Clicking applications on the horizontal legend or using the dropdown list adds/removes them to/from the graph.



Auto Traffic Shaping

This feature dynamically adjusts the maximum transit capacity of remote locations (spoke tunnels) to not exceed the receive capacity of the central site (hub). This is termed the **maximum Rx bandwidth** of the hub.

To allocate this bandwidth optimally, we recommend you also deploy Application Priority profiles on each spoke tunnel.

To manage traffic, an algorithm uses current spoke tunnel traffic rates, and any configured application priority settings, across all spoke tunnels to fairly allocate bandwidth. Spoke tunnels have a guaranteed transmit bandwidth. This equals the sum of the CIRs (committed information rate) plus system bandwidth defaulted to 5%.

Prerequisite Step: Configure tunnels between spokes and hubs.

Use the Allied Intent-based Orchestrator > Dynamic Connection feature

Allied Intent-based Orchestrator
Dynamic Connection
Internet Breakout
Auto Traffic Shaping
Application Priority
Security

This step requires you to navigate away from Auto Traffic Shaping.

Step 1: Configure the Interface Max Rx Bandwidth value.

Use the Auto Traffic Shaping > Settings tab or button

1. Enter the maximum bandwidth a hub can handle. The algorithm calculates and applies optimal traffic shaping based on this number.

1

2. Click Apply.

B_AR4050S - Auto Traffic Shaping	×
Settings (i) About	
Auto Traffic Shaping enables Traffic Control or Priority (Traffic Control) policies assigned to the Auto Traffic Control) policies assigned to the Auto Traffic Control) policies assigned to the Auto Traffic Control (Traffic Cont	n all spoke devices. Once enabled, any Application ne selected interface will become active.
Multipoint VPN Interface	Interface Max Rx Bandwidth (Mbps)
tunnel1 Enabled	200 1
	Cancel

Step 2: Monitor hub utilization and traffic loss.

Use the Auto Traffic Shaping > Monitoring tab

View charts in the Monitoring page, where you can use filters to specific what traffic is shown.



Application Priority

Application Priority enables you to choose specific applications and prioritize or deprioritize them. This ensures your most important business traffic is prioritized for transmission between locations across your WAN. Vista Manager EX provides 3 priority classes:

- Essential
- Business Relevant
- Non-essential

You can assign different applications to each priority class, save the assignment in a policy, and deploy the policy on the AR-Series device (firewall or router) at each location in your WAN.

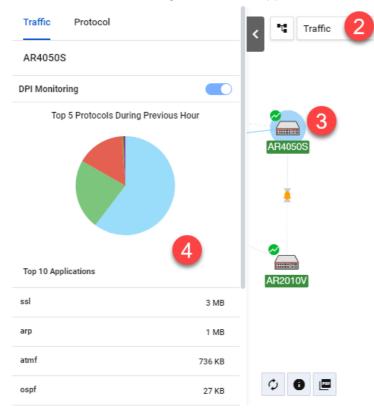
A policy is the overall title for a set of rules and priorities. It also defines the type of algorithm for how it calculates the priority of traffic. Traffic for any unassigned applications set in the rules will fall into the **Default** policy class. The default class is not directly visible when creating a policy, but the traffic matching the default class (either in throughput or packet loss) can be seen in the Monitoring graphs.

This feature lets you view any existing Application Priority policies, and shows throughput and packet loss graphs for devices that have a policy deployed on them.

Vista Manager EX application usage data lets you better prioritize applications. When creating or deploying policies, you can analyze current traffic present on a device, which helps you assign applications into the most appropriate priority classes for a policy.

Step 1: Check application usage on a device.

- 1. Navigate to the Network Map.
- 2. Select Traffic mode from the dropdown list.
- 3. Select the device you want to check. A blue circle appears around it.
- 4. Examine the traffic usage data, which appears in the left-hand panel.



Step 2: Create an Application Priority policy.

- 1. To create a policy, you may:
 - Right-click on the device in Traffic mode of the Network Map and select Application Priority
 > Add Policy, or
 - Navigate to the Application Priority menu item and click +Add Policy, or
 - Navigate to the Application Priority menu item, and clone an existing policy by clicking the 3 dots for that policy, in the Action column.

All of the above approaches open the Add Policy page.

- 2. Next, type in a policy name. For example, "Branch-Office".
- Select an Application Provider. By default, Built-in is selected. If you have bought an Advanced Firewall licence for your AR-Series UTM firewall, select Procera instead, which enables a much larger application list to work with On the right-hand panel, choose a Category of applications. For example, **Remote Access**.
- 4. A list of applications will appear. Assign appropriate classes to the relevant applications. You can use the Assigned Class filter at any point to see what applications you have assigned to a class.
- 5. When you assign a class, it appears on the color-coded policy classes on the left. Here, you may adjust the bandwidth for each class. To do this, either type in a percentage or move the slider.
- 6. If you have accessed the page via the Network Map, click **Save and Deploy**. Otherwise, click **Save**.

← Add Policy		Cancel Save	
Policy Name* Application Provider Branch-Office Built-in ~ 3	Q Search applications		
	CATEGORY	Assigned class	
Class: Essential	Remote Access ~	All ~	
	Applications	Assigned to class	
Percentage of bandwidth allocated 34	Citrix	Essential	
Applications (3) Select Applications Clear All	Pcanywhere	Non-Essential 💌	
	Rdp	Essential 🔹	
	Ssh	Essential 🗸	
Class: Business Relevant	Teamviewer	Business Relevan 👻	
Percentage of bandwidth allocated	Telnet	Business Relevant 💌	
	Vnc	Unassigned 💌	
Applications (2) Select Applications Clear All teamviewer telnet ×	1 to 7 of 7	IK K Page 1 of 1 IN IN	

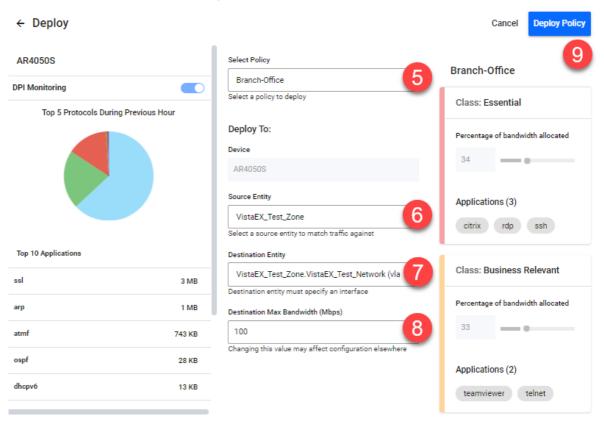
Step 3: Deploy a policy.

- 1. Navigate to the Network Map.
- 2. Select **Traffic** mode from the dropdown list.
- 3. Select the device you want to deploy a policy to. A blue circle appears around it.
- 4. Right-click on the device, select Application Priority > **Deploy Policy**.

AR4050S		< 🕇 Traf	fic 2		
Reboot Device Back	kup Device SSH to Device		-		
Router Members	Rules		3		
Basic Information					
Status	Normal		Sites	•	
IP Addresses			Groups	•	4
MAC Address		¥	Application Priority	•	Add Policy
Туре	Router		Auto Traffic Shaping	÷	Deploy Policy
Model	AR4050S		Security Setting		
Serial				_	
Version	5.5.0-2.3				
Vendors	Allied Telesis Labs Ltd				

- 5. Select a policy to deploy.
- 6. Specify a **Source Entity** to match traffic against.
- 7. Specify an interface for **Destination Entity**.
- 8. Define a **maximum bandwidth**. This places a cap on the virtual bandwidth.

9. Click **Deploy Policy** when complete.



Security

The security feature lets you configure the web control and IP reputation features on the UTM firewalls at a number of locations simultaneously, for centralized and simplified management.

- Web control offers an easy way to monitor and control the types of websites viewed by employees.
- IP reputation blocks employee access to websites that are known source of spam, viruses and other malicious activity, to protect your network against security threats.

The overall security feature allows you to enable recommended security settings for a group of UTM firewall devices based on an industry type and security strength. This simplifies the process as there is no need to manually choose website or reputation categories for each device.

Note: For this feature to be fully functional, you may need to do additional configuration in the device GUI. Internet access and domain name lookup are required. Enable the ATL Live update server in order to download and check for IP reputation or web control updates.

Step 1: Enable security features and select industry settings.

Use the Security > General tab

- 1. Enable IP Reputation and Web Control for the desired device group(s).
- 2. Select the industry type (e.g. school).
- 3. Set a time to check for updates.
- 4. Select the desired security strength for the industry (e.g. medium).
- 5. Click Apply Changes.

CanterburyHigh	5	Apply Changes
General Advanced IP Reputation	Advanced Web Control	Monitoring
Security Features		
IP Reputation Enabled	•	
Web Control Enabled		
Industry		
High School X 👻	2	
Check for updates every		
24 hours 👻	3	
Industry Strength		
Low Medium High	4	

Step 2: Edit advanced IP reputation settings if required.

Use the Security > Advanced IP reputation tab

1.	Click	Edit In	dustry	/ Setting	S.		
	CanterburyHigh				Apply Chan		
	General Advan		ced IP R	eputation	Advanced Web Control		Monitoring
	Industry S	trength				Check for update	es every
	Low	Medium	High			24 hours	~
	Industrie	s					1
) (ustom				Edit Indu	stry Settings
		nfant School					View Details
	<u> </u>						

2. Permit, alert, or deny a reputation category action as needed. A warning appears if one of more devices in the group have had different IP reputation or Web Control settings already applied via another group.

IP Reputation			×
Abused TLD	Permit	Alert	Deny
Bitcoin Related	Permit	Alert	Deny
Blackhole	Permit	Alert	Deny
Bot	Permit	Alert	Deny
		-	

3. Click **Apply Changes**. This changes the industry type to Custom.

Step 3: Edit advanced Web Control settings if required.

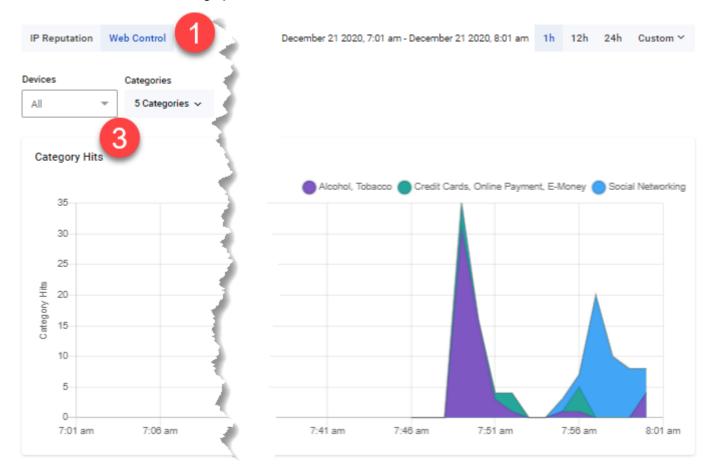
Use the Security > Web Control tab

- 1. Click Edit Industry Settings.
- 2. Permit or deny website categories as needed. A warning appears if one of more devices in the group have had different IP reputation or Web Control settings already applied via another group.
- 3. Click **Apply Changes**. This changes the industry type to Custom.

Step 4: Monitor Web Control and IP Reputation performance.

Use the Security > Monitoring tab

- 1. Click on the IP Reputation and Web Control buttons to view respective graphs.
- 2. For IP Reputation, click the dropdown list to select the UTM firewall device from a specific location to view.
- 3. For Web Control, click the dropdown list to select the UTM firewall device from a specific location to view. Clicking Categories on the legend or dropdown list lets you add/remove categories to view on the graph.



Using the SD-WAN Feature

Introduction

Software Defined WAN (SD-WAN) provides you with improved inter-branch network performance and reduced cost, by automatically optimizing application traffic over multiple VPN links between offices.

The SD-WAN orchestrator integrated into Vista Manager EX provides centralized management of your WAN infrastructure, and dynamically configures the firewall/router endpoints at each branch location. You can easily set acceptable performance metrics for any application, and load-balance traffic to meet requirements. By monitoring VPN link quality, time-sensitive or critical traffic is automatically switched over to the optimal link as required.

Visual monitoring enables easy management of the WAN, with the ability to drill down to specific VPN links or applications to assess live and historical operation.

For more information on SD-WAN, and details on instead configuring it via the CLI of individual firewall/router endpoints, refer to the SD-WAN Feature Overview and Configuration Guide.

Limitations

The initial implementation of SD-WAN in Vista Manager EX does not offer all the functionality available through the CLI. The following limitations apply.

- You cannot apply asymmetric rules between two devices using Vista Manager EX. This means you cannot specify different rules at each end of the same tunnel. This has further limitations when Vista Manager EX is configured on an existing network that already has SD-WAN rules defined. This behaviour is outlined in the "Rule Discovery" section.
- You cannot specify the exact values associated with a probe. Default values are set by the SD-WAN feature for:
 - IP Version (IPv4 or IPv6)
 - Interval (ms)
 - Packet size (bytes)
- You also cannot create groups, profiles, or linkmon probes directly. These are all handled automatically by Vista Manager EX.
- Rule Discovery
 - You cannot see a PBR rule in Vista Manager if it was created in the CLI.
 - You should not alter any SD-WAN rules in the CLI if you intend to use Vista Manager to maintain your SD-WAN rules.

- A naming convention is applied to all SD-WAN configurations performed by Vista Manager. These configurations are prefixed with "VM_" and should never be altered via the CLI. This will cause unexpected behaviour in Vista Manager EX.
- Vista Manager EX only discovers rules from a device upon start-up, or the discovery of a new device. Any changes in the CLI will not be reflected in Vista Manager at run time.
- There are specific pre-configuration steps required to get SD-WAN working on Vista Manager. These are noted in the "Configuring devices for SD-WAN" section.
- The following tunnel types are supported:
 - ipv4 (ipsec)
 - ipv6 (ipsec)
- You cannot edit a tunnel name from Vista Manager EX. The configuration of tunnel names is described in the "Tunnel Names" section.
- No more than 500 rules can be configured on any one device. This is an existing AlliedWare Plus SD-WAN constraint on PBR rules.

Configuring devices for SD-WAN

The Vista Manager EX SD-WAN feature provides a GUI for you to set up your network. Before that can be done, the devices first need some initial configuration via the CLI.

Tunnel Setup

Vista Manager detects tunnels using an algorithm. Only tunnels that match that algorithm can be shown on the map. IP Sec tunnels must be pre-configured on the network as shown below.

interface (tunnel10
tunnel s	source
tunnel d	destination
tunnel 1	local name
tunnel :	remote name
tunnel p	protection ipsec
tunnel r	mode ipsec
descript	tion << <tunnel name="">>></tunnel>

STATUS	DESCRIPTION
interface tunnel10	This does not need to match the other end of the tunnel.
tunnel source	This must be either eth, subinterface, or PPP, or the IP of those. The API must return an IP address.
tunnel destination	This must match the source IP address of the other end of the tunnel. Where the destination is a domain, the API must return an IP address.
tunnel local name	Not used for tunnel matching logic.
tunnel remote name	Not used for tunnel matching logic.
tunnel protection ipsec	Must be present.

STATUS	DESCRIPTION
tunnel mode ipsec	Must be only this mode, and either ipv4 or ipv6. Must match the config of the other end of the tunnel.
description << <tunnel name>>></tunnel 	Optional. If description is not present, the VTI name is used (e.g. tunnel10).

Tunnel Names

If you want to set a custom tunnel name inside Vista Manager EX, you can specify the name in the description field of the interface. An example can be found above, or in the example configuration file below.

Routing

Routing must be up and working before SD-WAN functionality will work in Vista Manager EX.

DPI Engine

When creating a rule, you have the ability to select an application to monitor. The application is determined using DPI on the device. The SD-WAN feature uses the enabled DPI Engine. If no DPI Engine is set, it will default to the built-in engine. DPI is not enabled for SD-WAN by default. You must pre-configure DPI on the device, or enable it via Traffic Monitoring in Vista Manager EX.

Note: If you have purchased a Procera license, it is strongly recommended that Procera is set as your DPI Engine, and enabled on all of your devices before running the SD-WAN feature.

Network time protocol

Network time protocol (NTP) is a protocol designed to synchronize the clocks of computers over a network. The objective of NTP is simple: to allow a client to synchronize its clock with Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), and to do so with a high degree of accuracy and stability.

To allow SD-WAN to work correctly, NTP should be running on the network so that all clocks are synchronized. For more information on NTP, refer to the Network Time Protocol (NTP) Feature Overview and Configuration Guide.

Configuration example

Below is an example of a configuration for a device that will be used in a Vista Manager EX SD-WAN network.

```
1
service password-encryption
hostname AR3050S-Master
1
no banner motd
username manager privilege 15 password 8 $1$bJoVec4D$JwOJGPr7YqoExA0GVasdE0
1
no service ssh
service telnet
1
service http
1
snmp-server
!
1
aaa authentication enable default local aaa authentication login default local
!
!
atmf network-name SDWAN
atmf master
atmf area B id 2 local
atmf area B password 8 rnTNKv0fF4iHLJO+qhWojjIeSpzhx7FdZTOUyOPEtxE=
atmf area A id 1
atmf area A password 8 FtzApz+UFXW792nmEuo/TbLSxIuPYiQ8tbu8Mt4Z6a0=
atmf topology-gui enable
dpi
enable
1
crypto isakmp key 8 3560BeBg/eKTE/uhg5C5MayOdrVTlL400bB1kauVp9c= hostname
TUNNEL10
crypto isakmp key 8 2efK2dZ6h0EMVG7+8qfBEKIm73JX3UurzJ2+MVpiH7I= hostname
TUNNEL100
crypto isakmp key 8 jv6hbNiRdjwN0luRU/3KFkkKQ8Cq6XJ9+otnF+SahaA= hostname
TUNNEL1000
crypto isakmp key 8 wXyMxF5WzvFVc/BtCk5JatDonDQfLMct4pjnK+N5Lzk= hostname
TUNNEL11
crypto isakmp key 8 c/KHKV6pkaCDimGlrFqsTZBIdsZYNIh7UnlGC3cYaeA= hostname
TUNNEL2100
crypto isakmp key 8 Sg3MBtl8tCHZD9aPkwrqK5F/FBJiduj1NAFF/rFyknE= hostname
TUNNEL2101
1
1
ip domain-lookup
no service dhcp-server
1
no ip multicast-routing
1
spanning-tree mode rstp
tunnel security-reprocessing
no lacp global-passive-mode enable
1
```

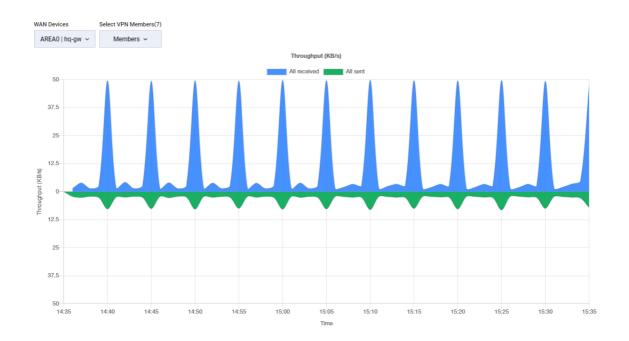
```
vlan database
vlan 4000 name testNet
vlan 4000 state enable
interface port1.0.1
switchport
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 4000
interface port1.0.2-1.0.6
switchport
switchport mode access
interface port1.0.7
switchport
switchport mode trunk
switchport atmf-link
!
interface port1.0.8
switchport
switchport mode trunk
rmon collection history 4 buckets 10 interval 30 owner VISTA
switchport atmf-link
interface eth1
encapsulation dot1q 2
encapsulation dotlq 3
encapsulation dotlq 1000
interface eth1.1000
ipv6 address 2001:db9:1:1::2/64
interface eth1.3
ip address 11.0.5.1/30
interface eth1.2
ip address 11.0.4.1/30
interface eth2
encapsulation dotlg 100
interface eth2.100
ip address 12.0.100.1/30
interface mgmt
ip address 10.37.130.10/27
1
interface tunnel11 ← lpsec tunnel interfaces must already be configured
tunnel source eth1.2
tunnel destination 11.0.2.1
tunnel local name TUNNEL11
tunnel remote name TUNNEL10
tunnel protection ipsec
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
ip address 192.168.10.2/30
1
```

```
interface tunnel100
tunnel source eth1.3
tunnel destination 11.0.3.1
tunnel local name TUNNEL100
tunnel remote name TUNNEL100
tunnel protection ipsec
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
ip address 192.168.100.2/30
interface tunnel1000
description <<<IPv6 Tunnel>>> ←Example tunnel name configuration
tunnel source eth1.1000
tunnel destination 2001:db9:2:1::2
tunnel local name TUNNEL1000
tunnel remote name TUNNEL1000
tunnel protection ipsec
tunnel mode ipsec ipv6
ipv6 address fd00:10::2/64
interface tunnel2100
tunnel source eth2.100
tunnel destination 12.0.100.2
tunnel local name TUNNEL2100
tunnel remote name TUNNEL2100
tunnel protection ipsec
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
ip address 192.168.200.2/30
1
atmf virtual-link id 11 interface eth1.2 remote-id 10 remote-ip 11.0.2.1 remote-
area A
atmf virtual-link id 200 ip 12.0.100.1 remote-id 201 remote-ip 12.0.100.2
ipv6 forwarding
1
ip route 11.0.2.0/30 11.0.4.2 ← Routing must already be set up and working for SD-WAN features to
work
ip route 11.0.3.0/30 11.0.5.2
ipv6 route 2001:db9:2:1::/64 2001:db9:1:1::1
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
line vty 0 4
1
end
```

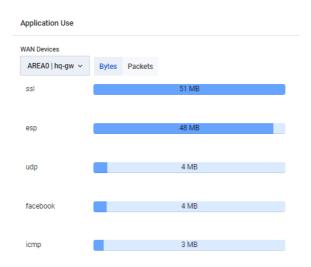
Dashboard

The SD-WAN dashboard provides you with an overview of the current state of your network. You can see throughput, a breakdown of application use, the state of rules that have been applied, and events in the network.

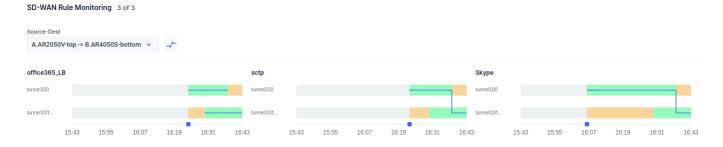
You can also choose the time-frame you wish to display; either the last 1 hour, the last 12 hours, the last 24 hours, or a custom range.



The throughput chart shows an overview of sent and received data for a device. You can select which device to view from the WAN Devices drop-down. You can also choose which members to include from the Select VPN Members drop-down.



The application use chart shows the amount of data sent and received for a device, broken down by application. You can select which device to view from the WAN Devices drop-down. You can also choose whether to view bytes or packets by choosing the appropriate toggle.



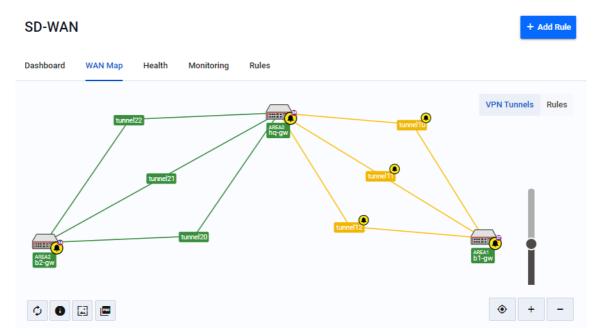
The rule monitoring chart shows the status of rules in your network. You can change which rules are shown from the Source-Destination drop-down.

SD-WAN Events									
Q Keyword	Filters \Xi								D de
Date	Rule	Application	Source	Destination	Event	Previous Link	Selected Link	Selection decision	Message
09:55:13 2019-09-10	Connect	http_connect	AR4050S-bottom B	AR2050V-top A	Link State Good tunnel11		tunnel11 192.168.10.2		[Rule: Connect] tunnel11 lin
09:55:13 2019-09-10	Connect	http_connect	AR4050S-bottom B	AR2050V-top A	Link Selected Configuration change	-	tunnel10 192.168.10.1	lowest available member id	cause: Configuration chang
09:55:13 2019-09-10	Connect	http_connect	AR4050S-bottom B	AR2050V-top A	Link State Good tunnel100		tunnel100 192.168.100.2	-	[Rule: Connect] tunnel100 li
09:55:13 2019-09-10	Connect	http_connect	AR2050V-top A	AR4050S-bottom B	Link Selected Configuration change		tunnel11 192.168.10.2	lowest available member id	cause: Configuration chang

The SD-WAN Events chart shows all of the events that have occurred. You can limit which events are shown by using a keyword to filter the results. Click on the Export as CSV button to export all values. Click on the Columns button to choose which columns are shown.

Topology map

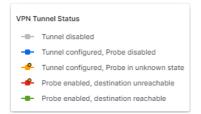
The SD-WAN topology map gives you a visual overview of your network.



You can see the state of all tunnels on the map. The state of each tunnel is indicated by the following colors:

- Grey with dashed line Tunnel disabled or tunnel configuration incorrect
- Blue Tunnel configured, probe disabled
- Orange Tunnel configured, probe in unknown state
- Red Probe enabled and tunnel destination is not reachable
- Green Probe enabled and tunnel destination reachable

You can click on the Information button to bring up a key explaining each of the colors.



You can also see the health of SD-WAN rules on the map. The health of each rule is indicated by the following colors:

- Red Failed to meet all rule criteria
- Orange Failed to meet one or more rule criteria
- Green Meets all rule criteria

As with the VPN Tunnel Status, you can click on the Information button to bring up a key explaining each of the colors.



To change between showing the health of the tunnels or the rules, select either VPN Tunnels or Rules by clicking on the control in the top right corner.

VPN Tunnels Rules

When you click on a tunnel, the tunnel details are displayed in the side panel. The side panel shows the following information:

Tunnel details tab:

@ tunnel10 / tunnel11	×
Tunnel Rules	
Probe Status	
Protection	IPSec
Mode	IPSec
• tunnel10 Router: A/AR2050V-top	^
Interface Name	tunnel10
Source	eth1.2
Source IP	-12.81
Destination	10.0
• tunnel11 Router: B/AR3050S-bottom	^
Interface Name	tunnel11
Source	eth1.2
Source IP	F.141
Destination	110.21

- Probe Status. You can use this slider to enable or disable a probe.
- Protection
- Mode
- Interface Name
- Source
- Source IP
- Destination

SD-WAN rules tab:



- Rule Name
- Rule Details

When you click on a router, the router details are displayed in the side panel. The side panel shows the following information:

AR4050S-bottom	×
Reboot Device Backup	Device SSH to Device
Router Members	Rules
Basic Information	
Status	Normal
IP Addresses	1791311148
Туре	Router
Model	AR4050S
Serial	AC\$0490154900047
Version	5.4.9-1.3
Vendors	Allied Telesis Labs Ltd
AMF Information	
Area	В
Status	
IP Address	
-	
Туре	
Туре	
Type Model	
Type Model Serial Version	
Type Model Serial Version	ation
Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Informa	ation
Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Informa	ation
Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Informa	×
Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Informa PN members: AR2050V-top	X Device SSH to Device
 Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Informa PN members: AR2050V-top Reboot Device Backup Router Members 	X Device SSH to Device Rules
 Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Informa PN members: AR2050V-top Reboot Device Backup Router Members 	X Device SSH to Device Rules AR30505 B
Type Model Serial Version Vendors AMF Information PN members: AR2050V-top Reboot Device Backup Router Members A	X Device SSH to Device Rules AR30505 B

 SD-WAN rules associated with this router. The colours here represent the status of each tunnel as described above.

Rules:

AR2050V-top	×
Reboot Device Backup Device SSH	to Device
Router Members Rules	
Facebook Ranked	2 ^
A AR2050V-top tunnel10	
A AR2050V-top	

- Rule Name
- Rule Details

Linkmon probes

When a rule is created, any required probes will also be created and enabled. However, you can also create, enable, and disable probes from the SD-WAN map screen.

On the SD-WAN map, you can enable a probe for a specific link. To enable a probe, select the tunnel by clicking on it on the map. In the side panel, click on the Probe Status slider to enable the probe.

lPv6 Tunnel	×
Tunnel Rules	
Probe Status	
Protection	IPSec
Mode	IPSec-IPv6

 IPv6 Tunnel
 ×

 Tunnel
 Rules

 Probe Status
 Image: Compare the status

 Protection
 IPSec

 Mode
 IPSec-IPv6

The Probe Status slider will then show the status as enabled.

The SD-WAN feature will create the probe and provide sensible default values for:

- IP Version (IPv4 or IPv6)
- Interval (ms)
- Packet size (bytes)

Probes that are created use ICMP by default, and this cannot be changed by a user.

You can disable a probe again by clicking on the Probe Status slider.

You can also use the SD-WAN map to see which links have probes enabled and disabled.

On the VPN-Members health screen, you can see a table of all VPN members in the network. You can also see which VPN Members have a probe enabled or disabled.

Note: If a probe has been configured by the CLI, it is not visible in the SD-WAN feature. It is recommended that you use the SD-WAN feature in Vista Manager EX to create the probes.

SD-WAN rules

SD-WAN rules, also known as PBR (policy-based routing), allow your network to determine the best path for network traffic. SD-WAN uses metrics about the health of the link to decide if the link is "good" or "bad". This allows traffic to be re-directed from a "bad" link to a "good" link, even if both links are still up. The metrics that SD-WAN can use to judge the health of a link are jitter, latency, and packet loss. Each metric is examined separately, so that a link that is "bad" for voice traffic due to high latency may still be "good" for bulk data due to low packet loss.

When there are no rules configured, you will see the following message on the SD-WAN rules landing page:

No SD-WAN Rules have been configured Create a new SD-WAN Rule

Click on the Create a new SD-WAN Rule link to create your first rule.

If you already have SD-WAN rules configured, you can create a new rule by clicking on the Add Rule button.

SD-WAN

+ Add Rule

Dashboard WAN Map Health Monitoring Rules

You will then see the Application Rule screen.

Name

Performance Profile 🕕		Site Deployment ①	+ Add group	Application ①	+ Add application
Link Status Thresholds 🕕		No group is selected		No application is selected	
		No group is selected		No application is selected	
Latency (ms) 🕕					
Bad above	Recovery margin				
1-2000	0-1999 (below 'Bad abov				
Jitter (ms) 👔					
Bad above	Recovery margin				
1-1000	0-999 (below 'Bad above				
Probe Loss 🕡					
Bad when Good w	when Unreachable when				
1-100	1-100				
ink selection strategy 👔					
Ranked	•				

The Name field allows you to specify a name for your new rule.

The Performance Profile is made of two parts. The Link Status Thresholds are used to determine each link's status (good/bad/unreachable). The Link Selection Strategy is used when any selected link moves from good to bad status. The Link Selection Strategy is used to pick the new selected link to use.

erformance Pr	rofile 🕕					
Link Status Thr	resholds i					
Latency (ms) 🧃)					
Bad above		Recover	y margin			
1-2000		0-1999 (below 'Bad abov				
Jitter (ms) (i)						
Bad above		Recover	y margin			
1-1000		0-999	(below 'Bad above			
Probe Loss (i)		n	Unreachable when			
Probe Loss 🧴 Bad when	Good whe					
	Good when		1-100			

Link status thresholds

Each link in a rule has a set of metrics collected for it using probes. When these metrics for a particular link break or move back within the Link Status Thresholds, the status of that link changes between bad/good/unreachable.

Each row in Link Status Thresholds sets thresholds for a particular metric. At least one row needs to be configured. The rows configured are independent of the Link Selection Strategy.

A link must be within all three thresholds to be considered good. If a link is breaking at least one of the three thresholds it is considered bad.

Latency

- Bad above If a link's latency increases past this threshold then the link's status becomes bad.
- Recovery margin A bad link will be considered good again (at least in terms of latency) once latency has reduced below the 'Bad Above' threshold by this amount.

Jitter

- Bad above If a link's jitter increases past this threshold then the link's status becomes bad.
- Recovery margin A bad link will be considered good again (at least in terms of jitter) once jitter has reduced below the 'Bad Above' threshold by this amount.

Probe loss

- Bad when A link will be considered bad (at least in terms of probe loss) if this many probes are lost in succession.
- Good when A bad link will be considered good again (at least in terms of probe loss) once this many probes are successful.
- Unreachable when A link will be considered unreachable if this many probes are lost in succession.

Link selection strategy

For each group of links, a rule is applied so there will always be a selected link (when not loadbalanced). This selected link is the link that all traffic for that rule is directed through. If that selected link's metrics breaks one or more thresholds (configured by link status thresholds), then the Link Selection Strategy is used to determine the new selected link.

Regardless of Link Selection Strategy, links within threshold are always preferred over links breaking one or more thresholds.

Selection Strategies

- Latency the link with the lowest latency is picked.
- Jitter the link with the lowest jitter is picked.
- Probe Loss the link with least current consecutive probe loss is selected.
- Ranked the link highest in the groups list is selected.
- Combined takes latency, jitter, and probe loss metrics into account to determine a single combined score. The link with the best (lowest) score is selected.

Links picked to make up the groups for a rule determine where the rule will be deployed. Between each router pair selected, two identical instances of the rule will be deployed, one on each of the routers.

Even though a 'source' and 'destination' router are selected, the rules are deployed identically on each router pairing.

Selecting a router pairing as Load Balanced means that when there are more than one link with a status of good (status determined by Link Status Thresholds) then traffic flows will proceed evenly over all those good links. If all links have gone bad then the Link Selection Strategy is used to pick one link for the traffic to use.

Within each router pair, links can be moved to have a higher or lower ranking within the group. This ranking is solely used for the Link Selection Strategy of 'Ranked'.

Site Deployment 🛈	+ Add group
AR2050V-top A → B AR3050S-bottom	Î
Load Balance Members	
tunnel10/tunnel11	I
tunnel100	I

When selecting a VPN member, you will be notified how many more rules can be created on the device. Remaining rule spaces are calculated by taking the highest rule ID and subtracting it from 500. When there are 0 rules available, you cannot select the member as a source or destination.

When selecting a VPN member, you can only select links between a source and destination device that have the same IP Version. If you select a link of type IPV6, then an IPV4 link cannot be selected in the same rule. Likewise, if you select a link of type IPV4, then an IPV6 link cannot be selected in the same rule. You will see a warning message if you attempt to select links that do not match.

Application	
Application ()	+ Add application
No application is selected	

The application list is provided by the active DPI engine. If there is no active DPI engine, then SD-WAN will enable the built-in DPI engine by default.

Арр	plications	×
Se	earch	
a	fp	
a	im	
a	imini	
a	jp	
а	mazon	
а	mazonvideo	
а	mqp	
а	pple	

Editing and deleting an SD-WAN rule

Name 👻	Link selectio 👻	Application 👻	Members	Action
Rule_100_3601_iax	Ranked	iax	2 members	:
Rule_101_5498_yo	Probe Loss	youtube	2 members	Edit Delete

To edit an SD-WAN rule, click on the Action drop-down, and select Edit. This will take you to the Application Rule screen for that rule.

To delete an SD-WAN rule, click on the Action drop-down, and select Delete. This will prompt you whether you want to delete the rule, and clicking on Delete will remove it.

Managing SD-WAN rules in Vista Manager

Dashboard WAN	Map Health M	Ionitoring Rules		
╤ Filter data ∽	Q Search by keyword			.tu n∥r
Name 👻	Link selectio 👻	Application 👻	Members 👻	Action
Facebook	Ranked	facebook	2 members	:
Rule_1_dns	Ranked	dns	2 members	:
Rule_2_applepush	Ranked	applepush	2 members	:
Rule_3_ssl_no_cert	Jitter	ssl_no_cert	2 members	:

¹ to 4 of 4 I< < Page 1 of 1 > >I

You can see a table of the existing rules by clicking on the Rules tab.

Rules that have been configured using the CLI will not be visible in Vista Manager. If a rule was configured by Vista Manager, and then is altered via the CLI, the changes made in the CLI will not be visible inside Vista Manager. Therefore, you should not alter rules created in Vista Manager from the CLI.

The table of existing rules contains link state history. History information is polled and stored, so may be up to one minute out-of-date in the rule table.

Rule Discovery

If the Vista Manager database is reset or initialized, the SD-WAN configuration will be read from each router in the network. The naming convention used by Vista Manager will be used to retrieve this information.

When the Vista Manager server is started, or when a new router is added to the network, the SD-WAN configuration will be read from the device and compared with the current database state. If there is a mis-match, then an event will be generated in Vista Manager to tell the user that the configuration of the device is not compatible with Vista Manager's SD-WAN feature. The event log entry will be created when:

- Any rule configuration parameter differs between the Vista Manager database and the device.
- Any profile configuration parameter differs between the Vista Manager database and the device.
- Any group configuration information differs between the Vista Manager database and the device.
- Any probe configuration parameter differs between the Vista Manager database and the device.
- A rule on a device does not have an equivalent rule on another device, to maintain Vista Manager's rule of symmetry.

When Vista Manager detects a configuration mismatch, it will generate one event for the device that has the mismatch:

SD-WAN configuration on the device does not match Vista Manager.

When Vista Manager detects a configuration mismatch, a notification will be displayed on the rule configuration table. The user will have the option to:

- Fix the rule using the **Reconcile** action, or
- Delete and recreate the rule.

User permissions for rules

- A user can only create or edit a rule if they have read/write permissions for all routers specified in that rule.
- If a user has at least read-only permissions to one router in a rule, then they are able to view the rule configuration.
- If a router in a rule is down, the user cannot edit that rule. They can press delete for the rule, but this will only do a partial delete. This will only remove it from the online routers in the rule. They

will be warned that the rule cannot be deleted from the routers that are offline. The rule containing the offline routers will remain in the configured rules table.

Health

Rule health

The health tab gives you an overview of the current health of your network in a single location.

The Source-Destination drop-down allows you to select a specific router, or show all routers. You can also limit which rules are shown by using a keyword to filter the results.

Click on the Export as CSV button to export all values. Click on the Columns button to choose which columns are shown.

Clicking on the toggle allows you to change the view between Rule Health and VPN Health.

Dashboard WAN Map		lules					
Source-Dest							Rule Health VPN Health
≓ Filter data 🗸 Q S	earch by keyword						, this is the second s
Name	Source/dest	Application	Performance Profile	Latency	Jitter	Member Loss	Rule Health
Rule_17_7030_dns	B.AR30 ←→ A.AR20	dns	Latency	→ ■■ ← ■■	\rightarrow == \leftarrow ==	→ 888 ← 888	Good
Rule_14_4146_http_connect	$_{\text{B.AR30}} \leftrightarrow _{\text{A.AR20}}$	http_connect	Latency	→ == ← ==	\rightarrow \leftarrow	\rightarrow nu \leftarrow nu	Good
Rule_13_461_hotmail	B.AR30 ←→ A.AR20	hotmail	Probe Loss	→ == ← ==	→ == ← ==	→ === ← ==	Good

The rule health tab shows a summary of the state of all the rules in the network. You can click on a specific rule to see more information about that rule:

- the rule settings
- the rule status
- the current settings for:
 - latency
 - jitter
 - probe loss

VPN health

Dashboard	WAN Map	Health	Monitoring	Rules
Source-Dest				
ᆕ Filter d	lata ~ Q	Search by key	word	

ᆕ Filter data ∨	Q Search by keyword							4	чþ
Name		Source/dest			Probe status	Latency	Jitter	Probe Loss	
tunnel10 / tunnel11		A.AR2050V-top tunnel10		B.AR3050S-bottom tunnel11	On	→ 50 ← 51	\rightarrow 3 \leftarrow 5	$ \stackrel{ ightarrow 0}{ ightarrow 0} $	
tunnel100		A.AR2050V-top tunnel100		B.AR3050S-bottom tunnel100	On	→ 51 ← 50	→ 5 ← 3	$ \stackrel{\rightarrow}{\leftarrow} 0 $	
IPv6 Tunnel		A.AR2050V-top IPv6 Tunnel	\leftrightarrow	B.AR3050S-bottom IPv6 Tunnel	Off	$ \stackrel{\rightarrow}{\leftarrow} 0 $	$ \stackrel{\rightarrow}{\leftarrow} 0 $		

The VPN health tab shows a summary of the state of all the VPNs in the network.

Rule Health VPN Health

Monitoring

Dashboard	WAN Map	Health	Monitoring	Rules				
Source-Dest								
A.AR2050V-to	op -> B.AR4050S-	bottom 🗸						
Application Rule				September 6 20	19, 2:39	9 pm - Se	eptember	6 2019, 3:39 pm
Alister 🗸	CE Link Selecti	ion 🕕 L	ink Performance		1h	12h	24h	Custom ~

The monitoring tab displays historic link and rule information. Vista Manager EX allows you to view up to 7 days of historic data.

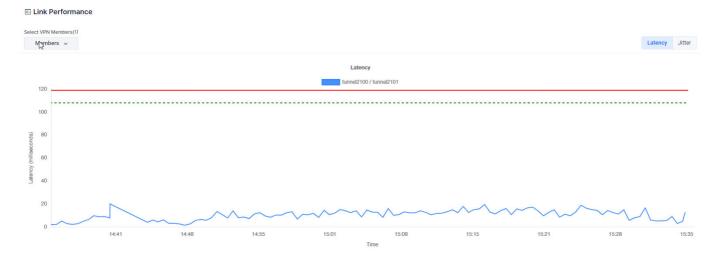
The Source-Destination drop-down allows you to select a specific router, or show all routers. The Application Rule drop-down lets you select which rule to show. You can also choose the time-frame you wish to display; either the last 1 hour, the last 12 hours, the last 24 hours, or a custom range.

You can toggle which charts are shown. The Performance Routing Events chart is always available. The Link Selection Path and Link Performance charts are only available after a source and destination have been selected.

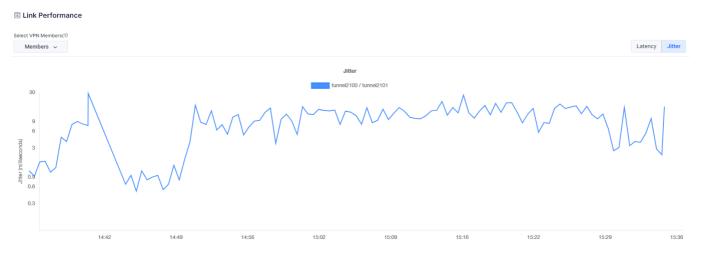
<≡ Link Selecti	on Path									
Alister Current link selection	on strategy: Ranked									
tunnel100										
tunnel10/tunnel11										
	14:34	14:41	14:47	14:54	15:01	15:07	15:14	15:21	15:27	15:34

The Link Selection Path chart shows a time-line of which link is being used for the selected rule. You can see which link selection strategy is being used, and the history of which link has been chosen.

The Link Performance charts show the performance history of a link for either latency or jitter. You can select which member you would like to see from the Members drop-down, or select multiple members to compare them.



The latency chart shows the history of the latency for the link. It also shows the good-below (green line) and bad-above (red line) thresholds for the link if they have been configured.



The jitter chart shows the amount of jitter for the link.

Ħ	Performar	nce Routing Events								
≓ Filte	er data 🗸	Q Search by keyword								
	Date	Rule	Application	Source	Destination	Event	Previous Link	Selected Link	Selection decision	Message
	11:25:34 2019-09-18	VNC	vnc	AR4050S-bottom B	AR2050V-top A	Link State Good tunnel100	-	tunnel100 192.168.100.2	-	[Rule: VNC] tunnel100 li
	11:25:34 2019-09-18	VNC	vnc			Link Selected	-		-	cause: ID 2 removed frc
	11:25:34 2019-09-18	VNC	vnc	AR4050S-bottom B	AR2050V-top A	Link Selected ID 1 added to group 'VM_VNC_	tunnel2101 192.168.200.1	tunnel100 192.168.100.1	only available link	cause: ID 1 added to gr
	11:25:34 2019-09-18	VNC	vnc	AR4050S-bottom B	AR2050V-top A	Link State Good tunnel11	-	tunnel11 192.168.10.2		[Rule: VNC] tunnel11 lin

The Performance Routing Events chart shows all of the events that have occurred. You can limit which events are shown by using a keyword to filter the results. Click on the Export as CSV button to export all values. Click on the Columns button to choose which columns are shown.

User permissions

A user must have read permissions to at least one router in a router pair in order to view rule information for that router pair. This applies to both viewing rule configuration, and viewing the historic link selection path. A user can only see events in the SD-WAN Routing Events table when they have at least read permissions on the source router for that event.

DPI statistics

Allied	Telesis Vista Manag	ger EX		
🔇 hq-gv	v			
Device Info	Notes Guest Devi	ces Configs Licer	ases DPI per Entity File System	
Device D	PI Per Entity	Provider: procera		
Entity App	lication			
Entity		Zone: PRIVATE		
> PRIVAT	E 1 Network	Application	Traffic % 🔺	TX Packe
> PUBLIC	1 Network	udp	86.33	172609
> VM_Zo	ne 1 Network	tcp	10.29	187269
		http	2.68	0

You can view DPI statistics for each entity for SD-WAN. To view the DPI statistics, navigate to Asset Management and click on a device. On the row of tabs, to the right of Licenses, click DPI per Entity. If Device DPI and Per Entity aren't already toggled on, click each of them to toggle them on.

Clicking on each entity on the left will show the stats, sorted by the highest % of traffic at the top. Clicking on a column sorts by that field. Clicking the > arrow to the left of the entity name will show the networks inside. If there's an arrow to the left of the network name, you can drill down to see each host. By clicking the Application tab, you can click on a particular application to see their stats. In the table, you can click on the zone to see the stats for networks, and drill down into a network and into hosts.

Application reconfiguration support

Because enabling DPI may affect existing firewall/NAT/PBR rules, Vista Manager EX automatically redirects you to the **Applications** tab for a detailed reconfiguration of applications if required. Alternatively, you can navigate directly to this page to adjust the list of applications before enabling DPI, to ensure the router functions normally.

← 🔇 🖾 b1-gw		SSH to Device Backup Device Backup Area Reboot Device
Device Info Notes Gu	uest Devices Backups Configs	Licenses DPI per Entity File System Applications
DPI per Entity	b1-gw DPI Configuration	DPI Counter per entity Running: Standalone 3 ×
Entity	Changes to DPI configuration may aff including Internet Breakout, Firewall	
> VM_Zone	1 Net Device DPI	
	Provider	Built-in 👻
	DPI Learning	
	DPI per Entity	
		Cancel Apply Changes V

← 🔇	s90				SSH	to Device Backup Devic	e Reboot Device
Device Info	Notes	Guest Devices	Configs License	DPI per Entity	File System	Applications	
Applicatior	n Manag	jement 🛈	Device DPI DP	l Learning 🗾 DF	l per Entity 🗾	Provider: built-in 🔹	Apply Changes
Туре	Name	Protocol	Source Ports	Destination Ports			Action
Custom (7) Custom applica	tions take prio	rity over DPI		Custom applicati	ons will affect features	that use DPI applications. e.g. fir	ewall/NAT/PBR rules
Promoted	aim	TCP	1024-65535	9898-9898			î
Promoted	awc	TCP	1024-65535	65437-65438			1
Promoted	http	TCP	1024-65535	80-80			Î
Promoted	https	TCP	1024-65535	443-443			Î
DPI provider		52) Running		DPI applications will aff	ect any features that us	e predefined applications. e.g. fir	ewall/NAT/PBR rules
Predefined (Prioritize to ove		cation					
Predefined	icq	TCP	1024-65535	5190-5190			^
Predefined	ident	TCP	1024-65535	113-113			^
Predefined	imap 🤞	ТСР	1024-65535	143-143			\uparrow

Here, you will see custom applications and predefined applications of your selected device. If DPI is enabled, you will also see the DPI running status, providers and the number of DPI applications on the device.

Custom applications and predefined applications will appear in two groups, separated by the DPI group, which indicates priority:

- 1. Custom
- 2. DPI
- 3. Predefined

When DPI is enabled, a warning icon will appear beside the predefined applications. This indicates that:

- they may not work due to their lower priority, prompting you to promote them to custom
- if they overlap with DPI applications, they should be considered for promotion if any rules are using them

As a user with write permission, you will be able to:

- enable/disable various DPI settings
- change the DPI provider
- promote predefined applications to the custom category
- remove promoted applications from the custom category

DPI learning and application sharing

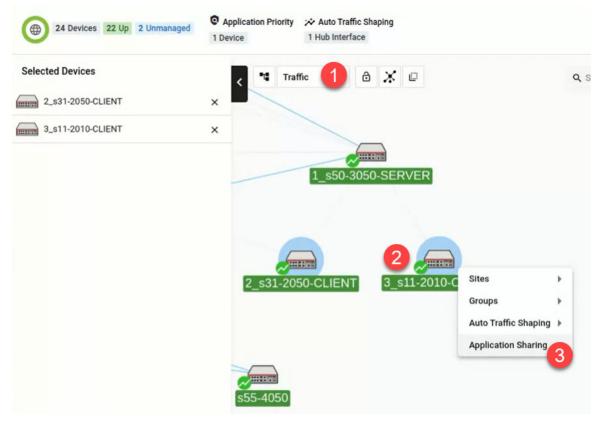
Branch office routers (clients) can gain access to applications on a head office router (server) by using this functionality. Applications learned on the servers can be distributed to the clients, thus allowing features like Internet Breakout to be enabled on a client.

- AR3050S and AR4050S can be used as server devices that have advanced DPI engines available. This means that they can share their applications with other devices.
- AR2010V and AR2050V can be client devices. They will use a server device to send them the application data.
- This functionality requires AR-series devices to run AlliedWare Plus 5.5.1-1 or later.

Configure application sharing via 3 options:

- Traffic map context menu
- Traffic side panel
- Asset Management > Applications tab of individual devices

Option 1: via Traffic map context menu



- 1. Navigate to the traffic map.
- 2. Select at least one client router.
- 3. Right-click on the selected router(s) and select **Application Sharing** from the menu.

24 Devices 22 Up 2 Unmanaged		
s 🔭 Traffic 🗸 🕹 🗶 💷	Application Sharing	×
	Changes to DPI configuration may affect features that use applica including Internet Breakout, Firewall rules, NAT rules, SD-WAN ru Server and client devices must share AMF area.	
	Select Server Device *	
1 s50-3050-SERVER	Select Server Device	
	Supported devices AR4050, AR3050, AT-VFW	
	Client Devices (2)	
	Client Device Server	Action
2_s31-2050-CLIENT 3_s11-2010-CLIENT	2_s31-2050 None	1
4	3_s11-2010 Remote: 1_s50-3050-SERVER	
	Cancel	Save

4. This opens up the Application Sharing side panel. You may remove or add more client devices

here.

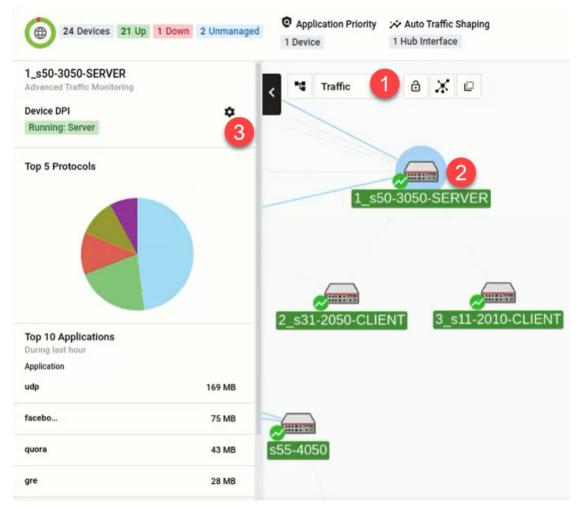
5. Next, select a server device from the dropdown list. Take note of the current DPI state of the server.

< 📲 Traffic 🗸 🔂 🗶 💷	Application Sharing ×	
	Changes to DPI configuration may affect features that use applications including Internet Breakout, Firewall rules, NAT rules, SD-WAN rules. Server and client devices must share AMF area.	
	Select Server Device *	
1 s50-3050-SERVER	1_s50-3050-SERVER 5	
	Server application publishing is disabled Device DPI Disabled: Standalone	
		6
	Client Devices (1)	
2_s31-2050-CLIENT 3_s11-2010	Client Device Server Actio	on
	2_s31-2050 None	i
	Cancel Save	

6. Click on the **Configure Device DPI** gear icon button if device DPI is disabled or to configure its settings.

DPI Configuration		×
Changes to DPI configuration m including Internet Breakout, Fir		
Device DPI		<u>~</u>
Provider	Built-in	٠
DPI Learning		
DPI per Entity		~
Application Sharing (requires 1 client device	DPI Learning)	
	Cancel Apply	Chang

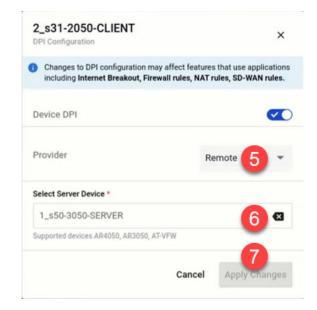
- 7. Turn on all settings to ensure a successful application sharing setup.
- 8. Click Apply Changes.
- 9. Finally, click **Save** on the side panel.



Option 2: via Traffic side panel

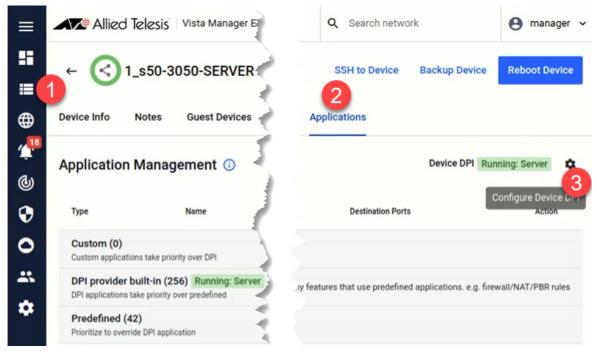
- 1. Navigate to the traffic map.
- 2. Select a supported server/client device. This opens up the Traffic side panel.
- 3. Click on the **Device DPI** gear icon button if device DPI is disabled or to configure its settings.
- 4. If a server device was selected, carry out Steps 7-8 in Option 1.
- 5. If a client device was selected, fewer DPI settings will be displayed. Select a Remote provider to

choose a server next.



- 6. Select a server from the dropdown list.
- 7. Click Apply Changes.

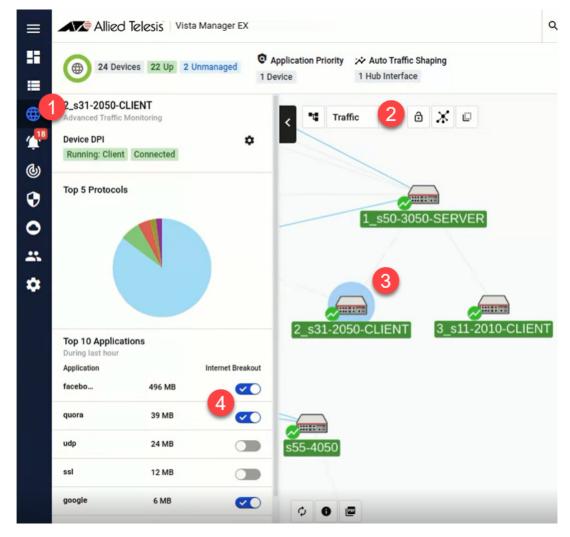
Option 3: via Asset Management > Applications tab



- 1. Navigate to Asset Management. Select a supported device from the list.
- 2. Next, go to the **Applications** tab of that device.
- Click on the Configure Device DPI gear icon button if device DPI is disabled or to configure its settings.
- 4. If a server device was selected, carry out Steps 7-8 in Option 1.
- If a client device was selected, fewer DPI settings will be displayed. Carry out Steps 5-7 in Option
 2.

With DPI learning and application sharing configured and running successfully, you can then enable Internet Breakout for specific applications on clients from the Traffic side panel. Here, you can also see what applications have been learned from the server.

- 1. Navigate to the network map.
- 2. Select Traffic map mode.
- 3. Select a client device that you wish to enable Internet Breakout for.
- 4. On the Traffic side panel that launches, enable Internet Breakout accordingly.



Note: Application sharing (between a server and clients) will only be functional within an AMF area. It is possible to have multiple servers in different areas, but the clients of each server must be located in the same area as the server.

Troubleshooting

Ports used by Vista

Vista Manager EX makes use of the following ports. These ports may need to be configured on your firewall:

[APL|VRT|WIN|VA]:

- UDP port 514 (syslog), used by the AMF master/controller to send logs to Vista Manager EX.
- TCP port 443 (HTTPS), used if the HTTPS mode of Vista Manager EX is enabled.
- TCP ports 443 and 12943, used if you are not using certificates for device authentication.
- TCP ports 12945 and 12946, used if you are using certificates for device authentication (recommended).

[WIN]:

TCP port 5000, which gives access to the Vista Manager web interface.

[APLIVRTIWIN]:

- TCP port 5443, which gives access to the AWC plug-in web interface. (This depends on which port you configured the AWC plug-in to run on during installation.)
- TCP port 65437-65439, which the wireless APs use to communicate with the AWC plug-in.
- TCP port 6443, which gives access to the SNMP plug-in web interface.
- UDP port 162 (SNMP trap), used by SNMP devices to send traps to the SNMP plug-in.

[WINIVA] You may need to create Windows inbound firewall rules and Virus scanning exclusions.

Clear browser cache

Clear your browser's cache after upgrading your Vista Manager EX installation. Incomplete dialog boxes, incorrectly populated drop-down lists, and truncated forms are all symptoms of a caching problem.

Allow Vista Manager EX to discover the AMF network

If, after installation, there are no devices on the AMF network/area map check that the following command has been run on your AMF controller (if present) and all AMF masters.

awplus# configure terminal
awplus(config)# atmf topology-gui enable

x930 Expansion Module

Caution:

The x930 expansion module is not recognized by Vista Manager. This means that it cannot configure VLANs on those ports.

Vista Manager and RMON

When Vista Manager connects to an AlliedWare Plus network, it automatically enables the RMON (Remote Network Monitoring) commands on each AMF interface port that it finds. This is done for the purpose of collecting traffic statistics.

It does this by modifying the running config on all switchports that interconnect AMF devices (including LAGs). No notification is shown that these changes are being made.

Caution: If the copy run start or wr commands are run on one of these devices, these config changes will be made permanent.

Testing Windows server [WIN]

If you cannot connect remotely on Windows, try connecting locally on the Windows server by using localhost:

http://localhost:5000

You can test whether the plug-in APIs are active using the following URLs:

- https://localhost:5443/wireless_plugin/api/plugin_registration

{"version":"100","baseUrl":"http:///localhost:8080/wireless_plugin/api","product":{"name":"AT-Vista Manaplugin","type":"awc","version":{"1","minor":"2","revision":"0","build":"B06"},"capabilities":["node

https://localhost:6443/NetManager/api/plugin_registration

{"version":"1.0.0", "baseUrl":"http://10.33.24.38/NetManager/api", "product": {"name":"SNMP Plugin", "type":"ann {"major":1, "minor":0, "revision":0, "build":"B04"}, "capabilities":["menu", "event"]}}

Note that these URLs can only be used locally on the Vista Manager server using "localhost".

Reboot AMF master/controller after configuring certificates

If you receive the following error message:

Error during polling - Error: Device did not accept a certificate request and basic auth fallback is disabled. Details: Error: connect ECONNREFUSED xxx.xxx.xxx:12946

Check that you have correctly configured your AMF master/controller for certificate authentication and that you saved your configuration and rebooted your master/controller after running the **atmf trustpoint** command (see "Configure certificate for device authentication" on page 5).

Problems adding plug-ins

If you are having difficulty adding the plug-ins in Vista Manager EX, make sure that you have done the following:

- [APLIVRTIWIN] Check that you have the correct URL for each plug-in as described in "Registering the plug-ins" on page 11, and click on Verify Connection.
- [APLIVRT]] Prior to Vista Manager 3.5.0, the Windows-based version of Vista Manager supported a lowercase URL for registering the SNMP plug-in. If you are upgrading from an earlier version, or porting to a different platform, you should re-register the SNMP plug-in using the mixed-case URL.

Server URL: https://<ip-address>:6443/NetManager

where <ip-address> is the IP address of the SNMP plug-in.

- [WIN] Make sure that you have imported the plug-in server certificates as described in the "Initial Login" section in the Vista Manager EXTM Installation Guide.
- [WIN] Add the Vista Manager EX server address to your trusted sites as described in the Vista Manager EX[™] Installation Guide.
- [WIN] Add an exception for the server to your web proxy as described in the Vista Manager EX[™] Installation Guide.

SNMP plug-in application pool settings [WIN]

If you are having issues with the SNMP plug-in, you can check the IIS settings are correct.

- 1. Launch Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager on the Vista Manager EX server.
- Expand out the following items in the Connections pane tree on the left-hand side: Computer name -> Sites -> NetManager Site -> NetManager

3. Make sure that the **api** and **web2** applications are available, and configured, as in the following screenshots.

Connections	Application	Dools				
🔍 - 🔚 🖄 😸	Application	PUUIS				
📲 Start Page	This page lets you view ar	d manage	the list of applic	ation pools on the	server. Application po	ols are associa
V 🖣 WIN-TDA09C2SHLN (WIN-TD	D. Call C.					
Application Pools	Filter:	G	Show A	II Group by: No	Grouping	•
✓ Sites	Name	Status	.NET CLR V	Managed Pipel	Identity	Application
✓ ♦ NetManager Site	DefaultAppPool	Started	v4.0	Integrated	ApplicationPoolld	1
✓ ₩ NetManager	NetManagerAppPool	Started	v4.0	Integrated	ApplicationPoolld	5
> 🔐 api						
> 📔 bin						
> 🛅 bin32						
> 🚞 cert						
> 🚞 docs						
> i etc						
> icons						
> Cons						
> i maps						
> 📔 mibfiles						
> 🛅 mofs						
> 📔 node						
> i reports						
> 🛄 Smidb						
> · 🧰 tools > · 🎓 Web						
> lip web2						
> - pluginProxy						

4. Select **api** in the Connections pane and then select Basic Settings in the Actions pane.

Edit Application	?	×
Site name: NetManager Site		
Path: /NetManager		
Alias: Application pool:		
api NetManagerAppPool	Select	
Example: sales		
Physical path:		
C:\InstallTest\Plugins\AT-SNMP\NetManager\api		
Pass-through authentication		
Connect as Test Settings		
Enable Preload		
ОК	Cancel	

- 5. Click the select button and check that the Select Application Pool settings have the following properties:
 - .Net CLR version: 4.0
 - Pipeline mode: integration

Select Application Pool	?	×
Application pool:		
NetManagerAppPool		\sim
Properties:		
.Net CLR Version: 4.0 Pipeline mode: Integrated		
OK	Cancel	

- 6. Repeat for the **web** application.
- 7. If the **NetManagerAppPool** does not have the required properties, then select Application Pool in the Connections pane.
- 8. Select **NetManagerAppPool** from the Application Pools screen and select Basic Settings from the Edit Application Pool pane.
- 9. The application pool settings should look like the following:

Edit Application Pool	?	×
Name:		
NetManagerAppPool		
.NET CLR version:		
.NET CLR Version v4.0.30319		\sim
Managed pipeline mode:		
Integrated \sim		
Start application pool immediately		
ОК	Cancel	

Note: The "xxxxx" portion of the **.Net CLR Version v4.0.xxxxx** version will vary depending on the Windows OS installed.

De-register the AWC plug-in on large wireless networks

[WIN] Individual APs may disappear from the AWC plug-in if the plug-in is managing a large wireless network (approximately 600 APs or more). If this occurs, de-register the AWC plug-in from the Vista Manager's **System Management -> Plug-in Management** page. Features such as licensing, auto-recovery, and importing an AP from a guest device will still work, even if the plug-in is not registered.

Unexpected Communication Error during installation

When setting up your connection (Step 3: Set Up Your Network), you may receive the following error:

tep 3: Set Up Your Netw	rork	
Unexpected Commun	ication Error	×
inter AMF Network Ma	ster or Controller IPv4 or IPv6 Addres	s or Domain Name:
10.87/108.2		
nter AMF Network Mas	ster or Controller Username and Pass	word:
nter AMF Network Mas	ster or Controller Username and Pass	word:
	(word:

This is due to the **atmf topology-gui enable** command not having been run on the master. You can resolve this by running the command on the master, then clicking the Next button.

For further information, refer to "Allow Vista Manager EX to discover the AMF network" on page 139.

Syslog generation for AMF guest devices

[WINIAPLIVA] When a guest device joins or leaves an AMF network, syslog messages will be generated containing these fields:

- Network name
- Area name
- Port number
- Model type
- MAC address
- IP address

Information from these log messages are intended to help facilitate easy deployment and replacement of APs.

Unable to enter Master/Controller IP address after skipping license page [**APL**]

Vista Manager 3.7.0 does not require a license on the VST-APL. If you skip the license step when installing the Vista Manager application, then at **Step3: Set up Your Network**, you may not be able to enter your Master or Controller's IP address.

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX		
Step 2: Optionally Use Trial Licenses		
The trial license will provide full access to all Vista Manager EX plugins for 90 days.		
Would you like to enable the 90 day trial license?		
Use 90 day trial license Skip this step Upload backup file		

To work-around this issue, perform the following steps:

1. Click Back:

Allied Telesis Vista Manager™ EX				
Step 3: Set Up Your Network				
Network Master or Controller				
If you are unable to enter IP address				
Enter AMF Network Master or Controller Username and Password:				
Password:				
Click Back				
Sack skip network setup Upload backup file Next				

2. This takes you to **Set Up Your Network**, and you can then enter the IP address of your AMF Master or Controller...

Allied Tele	sis Vista Manager™ EX
Step 3: Set Up Your Network	
Enter AMF Network Master or Cont	troller IPv4 or IPv6 Address or Domain Name:
XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	
XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	3

3. Click Next.

Supported Device List

AlliedWare Plus devices

The following table lists the AlliedWare Plus devices supported by Vista Manager EX 3.7.0.

We recommend you run the most recent AlliedWare Plus version available for your device. The new features for version 3.7.0 are only available on devices running AlliedWare Plus version 5.5.1-1.x or later.

Models	Family
SBx81CFC960	SBx8100
SBx908 GEN2	SBx908 GEN2
x950-28XSQ x950-28XTQm x950-52XSQ	x950
x930-28GTX x930-28GPX x930-52GTX x930-52GPX x930-28GSTX	x930
x550-18SXQ x550-18XTQ x550-18XSPQm	x550
x530-28GTXm x530-28GPXm x530-52GTXm x530-52GPXm x530L-52GTX x530L-52GPX x530L-28GTX x530L-28GPX x530L-28GPX x530L-10GHXm	x530 and x530L
x510-28GTX x510-52GTX x510-28GPX x510-52GPX x510-28GSX x510-28GSX-80 x510DP-28GTX x510DP-52GTX x510L-28GT x510L-28GP x510L-52GT x510L-52GP	x510 and x510L
IX5-28GPX	IX5
x330-10GTX	x330
x320-10GH x320-11GPT	x320

Table 1: AlliedWare Plus devices supported by Vista Manager EX 3.7.0		
Models	Family	
x310-26FT x310-50FT x310-26FP x310-50FP	x310	
x230-10GP x230-10GT x230-18GP x230-18GT x230-28GP x230-28GT x230L-17GT x230L-26GT	x230 and x230L	
x220-28GS x220-52GT x220-52GP	x220	
IE510-28GSX	IE510-28GSX	
IE340-20GP IE340L-18GP	IE340	
IE300-12GT IE300-12GP	IE300	
IE210L-10GP IE210L-18GP	IE210L	
IE200-6FT IE200-6FP IE200-6GT IE200-6GP	IE200	
XS916MXT XS916MXS	XS900MX	
GS980MX/10HSm	GS980MX	
GS980EM/10H GS980EM/11PT	GS980EM	
GS980M/52 GS980M/52PS	GS980M	
GS970EMX/10	GS970EMX	
GS970M/10PS GS970M/10 GS970M/18PS GS970M/18 GS970M/28PS GS970M/28	GS970M	
GS924MX GS924MPX GS948MX GS948MPX	GS900MX/MPX	
FS980M/9 FS980M/9PS FS980M/18 FS980M/18PS FS980M/28 FS980M/28PS FS980M/52 FS980M/52 FS980M/52PS FS980M/28DP	FS980M	

Table 1: AlliedWare Plus devices supported by Vista Manager EX 3.7.0

Table 1: AlliedWare Plus devices supported by Vista Manager EX 3.7.0

Models	Family
AR4050S AR3050S	AR-series UTM firewalls
AR2050V AR2010V AR1050V	AR-series VPN routers
AMF Cloud	

Allied Telesis Wireless APs

The following table lists the Allied Telesis wireless APs, and the firmware versions, supported by Vista Manager EX 3.7.0 with the AWC plug-in.

Models	Supported
AT-TQ4400e	4.3.x
AT-TQ4600	4.3.x
AT-TQ4600 (SDN version)	4.1.1-S05
AT-TQ1402	6.0.1-x.x, 6.0.0-0.x
AT-TQ1402m	6.0.1-x.x, 6.0.0-0.x
AT-TQ5403	6.0.1-x.x, 5.4.x, 5.3.x
AT-TQ5403e	6.0.1-x.x, 5.4.x, 5.3.x
AT-TQm5403	6.0.1-x.x, 5.4.x, 5.3.x
AT-TQ6602	7.0.0-x.x

Table 2: Allied Telesis wireless APs supported by Vista Manager EX 3.7.0

Notes:

- Older software versions may not support all features of AWC.
- AWC-SC are not yet supported on AT-TQ6602.

C613-04114-00 REV B

Allied Telesis

NETWORK SMARTER

 North America Headquarters
 19800 North Creek Parkway
 Suite 100
 Bothell
 WA 98011
 USA
 T: +1
 800
 424
 4284
 F: +1
 425
 481
 3895

 Asia-Pacific Headquarters
 11
 Tai Seng Link
 Singapore
 534182
 T: +65
 6383
 3830

 EMEA & CSA Operations
 Incheonweg 7
 1437
 EK Rozenburg
 The Netherlands
 T: +31
 20
 7950020
 F: +31
 20
 7950021

© 2021 Allied Telesis, Inc. All rights reserved. Information in this document is subject to change without notice. All company names, logos, and product designs that are trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.