IE300 Series
Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switches

Our ruggedized IE300 Industrial Ethernet switches are built for enduring performance in harsh environments, such as those found in manufacturing, transportation and physical security. Offering high throughput, rich functionality and advanced security features, IE300 switches deliver the performance and reliability demanded by industrial deployments in the Internet of Things (IoT) age.

Overview
The IE300 Series are wirespeed Layer 3 switches for industrial Ethernet applications. With a wide operating temperature range of between -40°C and 75°C, they tolerate harsh and demanding environments, such as those found in industrial and outdoor deployment.

Device management is provided via Industry-standard CLI, SNMP, Telnet, SSH, or Allied Telesis Management Framework™ (AMF). AMF is unique to Allied Telesis managed devices, offering simplified device provisioning, recovery and firmware upgrade management.

Performance
The IE300 Series of high performance and cost-effective managed switches meets the high reliability requirements of industrial network operations. These robust switches provide network managers with several key features, using the simple web-based management function, including port-based VLANs, IEEE 802.1p, QoS, port trunking/link aggregation, port mirroring, priority queues, and IEEE 802.1x security support. With support for up to 16K MAC addresses, the IE300 Series is the ideal option for integrating management into any network solution.

Gigabit and Fast Ethernet Support
The IE300 Series SFP ports support both Gigabit and Fast Ethernet Small Form-Factor Pluggables (SFPs). This makes IE300 Series switches ideal for environments where Gigabit fiber switches will be phased in over time. This allows for connectivity to the legacy 100FX hardware until it is upgraded to Gigabit Ethernet.

Support for both speeds of SFPs allows organizations to stay within budget as they migrate to faster technologies.

High Network Resiliency
The IE300 Series supports highly stable and reliable network switching with a recovery time of less than 50ms. You can customize the IE300 with the most appropriate mechanism and protocol to prevent network connection failure. Choices include Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standard ITU-T G.8032.

Configurable Power Budget
On the AT-IE300-12GP, you can configure the overall power budget as well as the power feeding limit on a per-port basis, to establish a close relationship between the power sourcing feature with the real capabilities of the external Power Supply Unit (PSU).*

Securing the Network Edge
To ensure data protection, it is important to control network access. Protocols such as IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication guarantee that only known users are connected to the network. Unknown users who physically connect can be segregated into a pre-determined part of the network, offering network guests such benefits as Internet access, while ensuring the integrity of private network data.

Key Features
- AlliedWare Plus™ functionalities
- Allied Telesis Management Framework™ (AMF) node
- Routing capability (ECMP, OSPF, RIP, Static)
- Industry-leading QoS
- Active Fiber Monitoring™
- sFlow
- Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)
- Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ITU-T G.8032)
- IEEE 802.3at PoE+ sourcing (30W)
- Hi-PoE sourcing (60W)
- High Availability Network Power (HANP)
- Enhanced Thermal Shutdown
- Redundant power inputs
- Alarm Input/Output
- USB port for image/configuration backup, restore, and upgrade

* Power supply must be compliant with local/national safety and electrical code requirements. Select the supply with the most appropriate output power derating curve.
IE300 Series | Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switches

Key Details

**Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF)**
- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers.
- Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

**High Availability**
- EPSRing™ and ITU-T G.8032 allow to form a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms; These features are perfect for high performance and high availability.
- Spanning-Tree protocol compatible; RSTP; MSTP; static Link Aggregation Group (LAG) and dynamic Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) support.

**Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)**
- Comprehensive low-latency wire-speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Enjoy boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical Ethernet services and applications. Time-critical services such as voice and video take precedence over non-essential services such as file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of your applications.

**sFlow**
- sFlow is an industry standard technology for monitoring high speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

**UniDirectional Link Detection**
- UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring optical-fiber links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

**Link Layer Discovery Protocol – Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)**
- LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power equipments, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

**VLAN Translation**
- VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing interface.
- In Metro networks, it is common for the Network Service Provider to give each customer their own unique VLAN, yet at the customer location, give all the customers the same VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use on the wire. VLAN-ID translation can be used by the Service Provider to change the tagged packet’s VLAN-ID at the customer location to the VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use within the NSP’s network.
- This feature is also useful in Enterprise environments where two networks together without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme. This situation can occur if two companies have merged and the same VLAN-ID is used for different purposes.

**Voice VLAN**
- Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANS. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice–dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

**VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)**
- VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

**Security (Tri-authentication)**
- Authentication options on the IE300 Series also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication, such as web authentication, to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1X supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1X, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

**Access Control Lists (ACLs)**
- AlliedWare Plus delivers industry-standard Access Control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether routed packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way.

**Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping**
- DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

**PoE, PoE+ and Hi-PoE**
- IE300 is a Power over Ethernet PoE Power Sourcing Device (PoE PSD) which is compliant with IEEE802.3af, IEEE802.3at standards. Each port provides either 15.40W PoE with 12.95W available to the powered device (IEEE802.3af, IEEE802.3at Type 1), or 30.00W PoE+ with 25.50W available to the powered device (IEEE802.3at Type 2). Four ports are configurable for Hi-PoE (also known as Ultra PoE, High PoE, PoE++, and others because there is no current standard), which uses all four pairs in the cable to provide up to 60W—double the capacity of PoE+. Practical use is to support PTZ cameras with heater/blowers for outdoor application, enhanced infrared lighting, lighting controller and LED lighting fixtures, remote Point of Sale (POS) kiosks, network switches, as well as other devices.

**Alarm Input/Output**
- Alarm Input/Output are useful for security integration solution; they respond to events instantly and automatically by a pre-defined event scheme, and notify alert message to the monitoring control center. The 2-pin terminal blocks may be connected to sensors and actuator relays. Alarm Input receives signal from external devices like motion sensor and magnets; that will trigger subsequent actions if something changes. Alarm output controls external device upon an event (i.e. sirens, strobes, PTZ camera).

**Enhanced Thermal Shutdown**
- The enhanced Thermal Shutdown feature acts when the switch exceeds the safe operating temperature; different stages allow to preserve services and prevent damage. When the operating temp reaches critical levels, the system cuts the PoE sourcing to non-critical interfaces first, then to critical interfaces; if the temp still increases, then all services will be disabled and the system will enter the standby mode. The system restores operation when the temperature returns at acceptable levels.

**Premium Software License**
- By default, the IE300 Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv4 management features. The feature set can easily be upgraded with premium software licenses.
Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™) and ITU-T G.8032 provide high speed resilient ring connectivity; this diagram shows the IE Series in a double ring network topology.

The IE Series operates at a large -40°C to +75°C temperature range and allows deployment in outdoor and harsh industrial environments.

PoE models feed 30 Watts per port and support remotely controlled pan, tilt and zoom (PTZ) video cameras.

The IE300 can source up to 60 Watts on four ports. The Hi-PoE utilizes all four pairs in the cable to provide power and expands the range of devices that can be added to the network, such as PTZ cameras with a heater/blower, enhanced infrared lighting, POS terminals, and thin client computer.

Management can be automated with the Allied Telesis Management Framework™ (AMF).
### Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT</th>
<th>10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER POINTS</th>
<th>100/1000X SFP POINTS</th>
<th>SWITCHING FABRIC</th>
<th>FORWARDING RATE (64-BYTE PACKETS)</th>
<th>POE SOURCING PORTS</th>
<th>POE BUDGET</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12GP-B0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>24Gbps</td>
<td>17.8Mpps</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>240W</td>
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<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12G5-B0</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>24Gbps</td>
<td>17.8Mpps</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12GT-B0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>24Gbps</td>
<td>17.8Mpps</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Performance
- **MAC address**: 16K entries
- **Packet Buffer**: 1.5 MB (12.2 MBps)
- **Priority Queues**: 8
- **Simultaneous VLANs**: 4K
- **VLANs ID range**: 1 – 4094
- **Jumbo frames**: 9KB jumbo packets
- **Multicast groups**: 1K (layer 2), 256 (layer 3)

### Other Interfaces
- **Type**: Serial console (JART)
- **Port no.**: 1
- **Connector**: RJ-45 female
- **Type**: USB2.0 (Host Controller Class)
- **Port no.**: 1
- **Connector**: Type A receptacle
- **Type**: Alarm Input
- **Port no.**: 1
- **Connector**: 2-pin Terminal Block
- **Type**: Alarm Output
- **Port no.**: 1
- **Connector**: 2-pin Terminal Block
- **Type**: Power Input
- **Port no.**: 2
- **Connector**: 2-pin Terminal Block

### Reliability
- **Modular AlliedWare™ operating system**
- **Redundant power input**
- **Full environmental monitoring of temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure**
- **Enhanced Thermal Shutdown**

### Flexibility and Compatibility
- **Gigabit SFP ports supports any combination of Allied Telesis 10Mpps, 100Mpps and 1Gbps SFP modules listed in this document under Ordering Information**

### Diagnostic Tools
- **Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links**
- **Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown**
- **Built-In Self Test (BIST)**
- **Cable fault locator (TDR)**
- **Event logging via Syslog over IPv4**
- **Find-me device locator**
- **Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (OADM)**
- **Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6**
- **Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)**
- **UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)**

### IPv4 Features
- **Black hole routing**
- **Directed broadcast forwarding**
- **DHCP server and relay**
- **DNS relay**
- **Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing**
- **Route redistribution (OSPF, RIP)**
- **Static unicast and multicast routes for IPv4**
- **UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)**

### IPv6 Features
- **DHCPv6 relay, DHCPv6 client**
- **IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack**
- **IPv6 hardware ACLs**
- **Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6**
- **NTPv6 client and server**

### Management
- **Front panel 3 LED provides at-a-glance PSU status and fault information**
- **Front panel 9 LED provides at-a-glance PoE status and indication of power budget consumption (PoE PSE device only)**
- **Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) node**
- **Console management port on the front panel for ease of access**
- **Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power**
- **Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help**
- **Powerful CLI scripting engine**
- **Built-in text editor**
- **Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events**
- **SNMPv1/v2c/v3 support**
- **Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standards based device management**
- **USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices**
- **Recessed Reset button**

### Resiliency Features
- **Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic**
- **Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSRing™) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP)**
- **Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ITU-T G.8032)**
- **Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting**
- **Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)**
- **Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)**
- **PVST+ compatibility mode**
- **Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)**
- **Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) with root guard**
- **Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRPv3)**

### Multicasting
- **Internet Group Membership Protocol (IGMPv1/v2/v3)**
- **IGMP proxy**
- **IGMP snooping with fast leave and no timeout feature**
- **IGMP static groups**
- **Multicast Listener Discovery (MLDv1/v2)**
- **MLD snooping**
- **Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)**
- **PIM Dense Mode (DM) for IPv4 and IPv6**
- **PIM Sparse Mode (SM) for IPv4 and IPv6**
- **PIM Dense Mode to Sparse Mode translation**

### Security Features
- **Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers**
- **Configurable ACLs for management traffic**
- **Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)**
- **Bootloader can be password protected for device security**
- **BPU protection**
- **DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)**
- **DoS attack blocking and virus throttling**
- **Dynamic VLAN assignment**
- **MAC address filtering and MAC address lockdown**
- **Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security**
- **Port-based learn limits (intrustion detection)Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN**
- **RADIUS local server (100 users) and accounting**
- **Secure Copy (SCP)**
- **Strong password security and encryption**
- **TACACS+authentication and accounting**
- **Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1X**
- **Auth-fail and guest VLANs**
Environmental Specifications
Operating temp. -40°C to 75°C (-40°F to 167°F)
Storage temp. -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F)
Operating humidity 5% to 95% non-condensing
Storage humidity 5% to 95% non-condensing
Operating altitude up to 3,000 m (9,843 ft)

Sourcing
IEEE 802.3at Type 1 (PoE) include PD’s consumption and margin
IEEE 802.3at Type 2 (PoE+, Hi-PoE)

Mechanical
EN 50022, EN 60715 Standardized mounting on rails

Environmental Compliance
RoHS
China RoHS
WEEE

Physical Specifications
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT</th>
<th>WIDTH</th>
<th>DEPTH</th>
<th>HEIGHT</th>
<th>WEIGHT</th>
<th>ENCLOSURE</th>
<th>MOUNTING</th>
<th>PROTECTION RATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12G-80</td>
<td>146 mm (5.75 in)</td>
<td>127 mm (5.00 in)</td>
<td>152 mm (6.00 in)</td>
<td>2.0 kg (4.4 lb)</td>
<td>Aluminum shell</td>
<td>DIN rail, wall mount</td>
<td>IP30, IP31*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12G5-80</td>
<td>146 mm (5.75 in)</td>
<td>127 mm (5.00 in)</td>
<td>152 mm (6.00 in)</td>
<td>2.0 kg (4.4 lb)</td>
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</tr>
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<td>IP30, IP31*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Power Characteristics
<table>
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<tr>
<th>PRODUCT</th>
<th>INPUT VOLTAGE</th>
<th>COOLING</th>
<th>NO POE LOAD</th>
<th>FULL POE LOAD</th>
<th>MAX POE POWER</th>
<th>MAX POE SOURCING PORTS</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12G-80</td>
<td>48V DC *, 55V DC **</td>
<td>fanless</td>
<td>43W</td>
<td>320W ***</td>
<td>174 BTU/hr</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12G5-80</td>
<td>12~55V DC</td>
<td>fanless</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT-IE300-12GT-80</td>
<td>12~55V DC</td>
<td>fanless</td>
<td>30W</td>
<td>102 BTU/hr</td>
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</table>

Standards and Protocols

Sourcing IEEE 802.3at Type 1 (PoE) ** sourcing IEEE 802.3at Type 2 (PoE+, Hi-PoE) *** include PoE’s consumption and margin

Authentication
RFC 1321 MDS Message-Digest algorithm
RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MDS

Encryption
FIPS 190-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)
FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA)
FIPS 46-3 Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)

Ethernet Standards
IEEE 802.1AX Link aggregation (static and LACP)
IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)
IEEE 802.3 Ethernet
IEEE 802.3ad Static and dynamic link aggregation
IEEE 802.3c Power over Ethernet (PoE)
IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+)
IEEE 802.3ac Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)
IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPV6 Standards
RFC 2001 IPv6 address extension
RFC 2011 SNIPv6 for MB using SmIPv2
RFC 2012 SNIPv6 for MB using SmIPv2
RFC 2013 SNIPv6 for MB using SmIPv2
RFC 2096 IPv forwarding table MB
RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information 2 (SMIPv2)
RFC 2579 Security mechanisms for SMIPv2

IPv4 Standards
RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

IPv6 Standards
RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2485 IPv6 specification
RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks
RFC 3484 Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3596 DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007 IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193 Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4291 IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861 Neighbor discovery for IPv6

RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)
RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection
RFC 5095 Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
RFC 5175 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management
AMF MB and SNMP traps
AT Enterprise MB
Optical DIM MIB
SNMPv1, v2c and v3
IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
RFC 1155 Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets
RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
RFC 1212 Concise MB definitions
RFC 1213 MB for network management of TCP/IP-based Internets: MB-II
RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
RFC 1227 SNMP MUX protocol and MB
RFC 1239 Standard MB
RFC 1274 RPv2 MB extension
RFC 2011 SNIPv6 for MB using SmIPv2
RFC 2012 SNIPv6 for MB using SmIPv2
RFC 2013 SNIPv6 for MB using SmIPv2
RFC 2096 IPv forwarding table MB
RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIPv2)
RFC 2579 Security mechanisms for SMIPv2

IEEE 8000-4-3 (RS)
IEEE 8000-4-4 (ETH)
IEEE 8000-4-5 (Surge)
IEEE 8000-4-6 (CS)
IEEE 8000-4-8
IEEE 8000-4-11
FCC Part 15B, Class A

Network Smarter
IE300 Series | Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switches

Multicast Support
Bootstrap Router (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
IGMP query solicitation
IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
IGMP snooping fast-leave
IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)
MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2)
PIM-SM and SM for IPv6
RFC 1112 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)
RFC 2236 Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)
RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
RFC 2715 Interoperability for multicast routing protocols
RFC 3306 Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses
RFC 3376 IGMPv3
RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6
RFC 3956 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address
RFC 4541 IGMP and MLD snooping switches
RFC 4604 Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast
RFC 4607 Source-specific multicast for IP

Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
OSPF link-local signaling
OSPF MD5 authentication
Out-of-band L3/325 resync
RFC 1245 OSPF protocol analysis
RFC 1246 Experience with the OSPF protocol
RFC 1370 Applicability statement for OSPF
RFC 1765 OSPF database overflow
RFC 2328 OSPFv2
RFC 2370 OSPFv2 opaque LSA option
RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6
RFC 3101 OSPF Nat-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option
RFC 3509 Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers
RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF restart
RFC 3630 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
RFC 4552 Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
RFC 5329 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3

Quality of Service (QoS)
RFC 802.1p Priority tagging
RFC 2211 Specification of the controlled-load network element service
RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
RFC 2475 DiffServ architecture
RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
RFC 2697 A single-rate three-color marker
RFC 2698 A two-rate three-color marker
RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

Resiliency
RFC 802.1aq CCP Connectivity Fault Management - Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)
RFC 802.1D MAC bridges
RFC 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
RFC 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
RFC 5793 Ethernet ring protection switching
RFC 5798 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6

Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 2081 RIPng for IPv6
RFC 2082 RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 2453 RIP2-MD5-authentication
RFC 2453 RIPv2

Security
SSH remote login
SSLv2 and SSLv3
TACACS+ accounting and authentication
IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP, MD5)
IEEE 802.1X multi supplicant authentication
IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control
RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 2865 RADIUS
RFC 2866 RADIUS accounting
RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 3280 Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile
RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 5246 TLS v1.2

Services
RFC 854 Telnet protocol specification
RFC 855 Telnet option specifications
RFC 857 Telnet echo option
RFC 858 Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 1985 SMTP service extension
RFC 2049 MIME
RFC 2131 DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2132 DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2861 HyperText Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822 Internet message format
RFC 3046 DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 67)
RFC 3315 DHCPv6 client
RFC 3993 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
RFC 4330 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 5805 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support
IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port
IEEE 802.3ac VLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)
LLDP-MED
ANSI/TIA-1057
Voice VLAN
### Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>INCLUDES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AT-FL-IE3-L2-01</td>
<td>IE300 series Layer-2 Premium license</td>
<td>▶ EPSR Master</td>
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<td>▶ PIM-SM, DM and SSM</td>
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### Switches

**AT-IE300-12GP-80**
- 8x 10/100/1000T, 4x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch, Hi-PoE Support

**AT-IE300-12GS-80**
- 12x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch

**AT-IE300-12GT-80**
- 8x 10/100/1000T, 4x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 3 Switch

* Available in Q1 2017

### Supported SFP Modules

Refer to the installation guide for the recommended Max. Operating Temperature according to the selected SFP module.

#### 1Gbps SFP modules

**AT-SPBD10-13**
- 1000LX single-mode BiDi SFP, 10 km

**AT-SPBD10-14**
- 1000LX single-mode BiDi SFP, 10 km

**AT-SPBD20-13/I**
- Small Form Pluggable, 20 km, industrial temperature

**AT-SPBD20-14/I**
- Small Form Pluggable, 20 km, industrial temperature

**AT-SPFX**
- 100FX (LC) SFP, 2 km

**AT-SPFX/2**
- 100FX (LC) SFP, 2 km

**AT-SPFX/15**
- 100FX (LC) SFP, 15 km

**AT-SPFXBD-LC-13**
- 100FX (LC) single-mode BiDi SFP, 15 km

**AT-SFXBD-LC-15**
- 100FX (LC) single-mode BiDi SFP, 15 km

### 100Mbps SFP modules

**AT-SPFXBD-LC-10**
- 100FX (LC) single-mode BiDi SFP, 10 km